

ABN 28 102 747 133

ASX Appendix 4E for the 12 months ended 30 June 2025

1. Company Details

Name of Entity

IODM Limited

ABN	Current period	Previous period
28 102 747 133	1 July 2024 to 30 June 2025	1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024

2. Results for announcement to the market

2. Results for announcement to	the market			
				AUD
2.1 Revenues from continuing oper	ations	Up	45% to	\$2,762,603
2.2 Loss from continuing operations attributable to members	s after tax	Down	5% to	\$2,964,208
2.3 Net loss for the period attributable to members		Down	5% to	\$2,964,208
2.4 Dividends	Amount per security		Franked amount per security	
Dividend declared	N/A N/A			I/A
2.5 Record date for determining entitlements to dividend			N	I/A
2.6 Brief explanation of any of the f	gures in 2.1 to 2.4 ab	ove necessary to	enable figures t	to be understood
Total Revenue for the current perio Refer Annual Report	d increased by \$667,9	907 (26%) from \$	52,607,983 to \$3,	275,890

3.	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income together with notes to the statement -
	See accompanying audited Annual Report.

- **4.** Consolidated Statements of Financial Position together with notes to the statement See accompanying audited Annual Report.
- Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows together with notes to the statement See accompanying audited Annual Report.
- 6. Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity together with notes to the statement See accompanying audited Annual Report.

7. Dividends

Individual dividends per security

Final Dividend	Date dividend is payable	Amount per security	Franked amount per security at 30% tax	Amount per security of foreign source dividend
Current Year	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Previous Year	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

8. Dividend Reinvestment Plans

The dividend or distribution plans shown below are in operation.

N/A	
The last date(s) for receipt of election notices for	N/A
the dividend or distribution plans.	

9. Net tangible assets per security	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
Net tangible asset backing per ordinary security	\$0.0018	\$0.0010

10. Details of entities over which control has been gained or lost

On 4 September 2024 IODM Singapore Pty Ltd was deregistered.

On 18 October 2024 IODM (Hong Kong) Limited was deregistered.

11. Details of associates and joint entities

Results for announcement to the market incorporate the results of IODM Limited and the following subsidiaries:

The Debtor Management Hub Pty Ltd - 100%

The Innovative Online Debt Management Trust - 100%

IODM (USA) Incorporated - 100%

IODM (UK) Limited - 100%

12. Other significant information

N/A

13. Foreign entities

IODM (USA) Incorporated - 100%

IODM (UK) Limited - 100%

14. Commentary on results

14.1 Earnings per security

Basic loss per share- \$0.0049

Diluted loss per share - \$0.0049

14.2 Returns to shareholders

N/A

14.3 Significant features of operating performance

Refer Annual Report

15. Audit status

Refer audited Annual Report

15.1Likely audit opinion of accounts not yet audited

N/A

15.2Audit opinion of accounts already audited

The audit opinion contains a material uncertainty regarding going concern

Print Name: Position: Date: Mark Reilly CEO 28 August 2025

ate: 28 August 202



ABN 28 102 747 133

Annual Report 30 June 2025

Corporate Directory

Directors

Dr. Paul Kasian (Non-Executive Chair)

Mr. David Ireland (Non-Executive Director)

Ms. Karen Penney (Non-Executive Director)

Ms. Diana Heggie (Non-Executive Director)

Company Secretary

Ms. Petrina Halsall

Registered Office and Principal Place of Business

Level 23

385 Bourke Street

MELBOURNE VIC 3000

Australia

Telephone: + 61 3 8396 5890 Facsimile: + 61 8 9227 6390

www.iodm.com.au

Share Registry

Boardroom Pty Limited

Level 8

210 George Street

SYDNEY NSW 2000

Australia

Telephone: 1300 737 760

Auditors

Crowe Audit Australia

Level 42

600 Bourke Street

MELBOURNE VIC 3000

Stock Exchange Listing

Australian Securities Exchange

ASX Code: IOD

Contents

	Page No
Directors' Report	1
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	14
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	15
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	16
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	17
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	18
Directors' Declaration	43
Auditor's Independence Declaration	44
Independent Auditor's Report	45
Corporate Governance Statement	49
ASX Additional Information	59

The Directors of IODM Limited ("IODM" or the "Group") present their report together with financial statements of the consolidated entity, being IODM Limited (the "Company") and its controlled entities for the year ended 30 June 2025.

DIRECTORS

The names, qualifications and experience of the Group's Directors in office during the year and until the date of this report are as follows. Directors were in office for this entire financial year unless otherwise stated.

Dr Paul Kasian - Non-Executive Chair

Dr Kasian is an experienced executive director with demonstrated success in both domestic and international companies encompassing senior leadership, strategy, investment and risk roles.

Dr Kasian holds a PhD in Microbiology and a Master of Business Administration, both from the University of Melbourne. D. Kasian is a member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors and has held senior leadership positions in a number of investment groups including Chief Investment Officer at HSBC Asset Management, Head of HSBC Global Financial Team; Founding Director of Accordius and Founding Director of Wallara Asset Management.

Dr Kasian was previously a Non-Executive Chair of Atomo Diagnostics limited (AT1.ASX, appointed 4 February 2020, resigned 2 May 2025) and was previously the Chair and CEO of Genetic Technologies Limited (appointed 12 December 2013, resigned September 2019).

Dr Kasian has not held any other listed directorships in the past three years.

Mr David Ireland - Non-Executive Director

Mr Ireland has over 40 years' experience in the information and communications technology industry, including 34 years with Unisys and has a wealth of experience in the sale of enterprise solutions to Financial, Commercial and Government.

Mr Ireland holds a Bachelor of Business and a Graduate Diploma in Management, both from the University of Central Queensland. Mr Ireland held numerous management and leadership roles with the Federal Government and Unisys, retiring from Unisys in 2021 after 8 years as Sales Director for Asia Pacific and Japan, and a member of the Executive Team.

Mr Ireland was also the Non-Executive Chair of BOS Global Limited (appointed 30 August 2016, resigned 22 December 2017), an AIM listed IT company.

He has not held any other listed directorships in the past three years.

Ms Karen Penney - Non-Executive Director

Ms Penney is a London-based British national with an extensive background in senior executive roles and a wealth of experience spanning over 30 years, Ms Penney brings a unique blend of strategic, commercial and industry expertise to IODM's Board of Directors.

More recently, Ms Penney has held significant executive positions in renowned global financial companies, including America Express and Convera – formerly Western Unions Business Solutions – where she served as Vice President Payment Products (2018 – 2022) and was primarily responsible for delivering corporate payments across the UK and Europe.

Ms Penney is currently a Non-Executive director of AIG Life Limited (appointed 13 July 2023) and serves as a Board Trustee on both Tempo Time Credits and Clothing Collective, focused specifically on delivering strategic change management, profitability enhancement, business development and creating long-term growth strategies.

Ms Penney holds a MA (Oxon) in English Literature.

Ms Penney has not held any other listed directorships during the last three years.

Ms Diana Heggie- Non-Executive Director

Diana has an extensive background in senior executive and non-executive roles and a wealth of experience in the health industry spanning over 30 years. She brings strong strategic and industry expertise to IODM's Board of Directors.

More recently, Diana has held significant non- executive positions in the Australian health sector, including Peninsular Health – where she served as Chair (2017 – 2023).

In addition, she has served on the boards of the National Heart Foundation, and the Heart Foundation of Victoria.

Diana currently serves as a Director of Alfred Health and is a member of both its Audit & Risk, and Finance & Remuneration committees. Diana also serves as a director of the Queens fund.

Ms Petrina Halsall - Company Secretary

Ms Halsall is a Chartered Accountant who commenced her career with KPMG. She has experience with Public companies in audit and has specialised in the small to medium enterprise (SME) market including providing advice on all stages of a business life cycle, business growth strategies, valuations, assisting with the purchase and sale of businesses and corporate restructuring.

Ms Halsall holds a Bachelor of Business (Monash University) and is an Associate of the Institute of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand.

INTERESTS IN THE SECURITIES OF THE GROUP

As at the date of this report, the interests of the current Directors in the ordinary shares of IODM Limited were:

Director	Ordinary Shares	Options exercisable at \$0.39 on or before 30/06/2026
P. Kasian	29,425,758	100,000
D. Ireland	-	-
K. Penney	-	-
D. Heggie	-	-

The above options were issued during the years 2024 FY under the Employee Share Option Plan.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The net loss of the Group for the year after income tax was \$2,964,208 (2024 loss: \$3,105,765).

DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or declared by the Group during the year and up to the date of this report.

CORPORATE STRUCTURE

IODM Limited is a company limited by shares that is incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

During the year the Group's principal activity was as a cloud based software as a service provider. The Group has developed an automated debtor management solution that provides businesses a superior accounts receivable monitoring and collection management tool through a central cloud based platform.

EMPLOYEES

The Group had sixteen employees at 30 June 2025 (2024: fifteen).

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

IODM is an Australian and global leader in providing best practice technology to businesses around the world. It uses digital technology to automate and streamline the accounts receivable process, data analytics and communications. The software is simple and quick to implement, easy to use and delivers immediate tangible efficiencies for businesses.

IODM has measured where the business stood at the end of the financial year versus the previous year and notes the following:

I am pleased to present the director's report for IODM for the year 30 June 2025, outlining the key developments and achievements during the last reporting period. IODM remains a leading Australian and global provider of cutting-edge technological solutions, providing solutions to businesses worldwide. Our focus on leveraging digital technology to enhance accounts receivable processes, data analytics, and communications has yielded significant tangible benefits for our clients to date and we expect that to increase further during the next reporting period.

The Group is pleased to report that operational revenue has increased by 45% for 2025 (67% 2024) financial year with the major growth attributable to the commercial partnership with Convera for the UK education sector. During the financial year the Group again saw a significant increase in revenue from the UK education sector due to a combination of

increased organic revenue growth from existing universities and the additional universities that were onboarded during the FY25. The revenue share agreement with Convera saw a 79.5% (2024 195%) increase in revenue share from the UK education sector of \$1.08K FY2024 to \$1.94M FY 2025.

The Group experienced an increase in revenue and cash receipts for all quarters in the FY25 from the previous corresponding period (PCP) with the month of October 2024 recording the highest revenue of AUD289K from the Convera agreement. This result was driven primarily by increased organic revenue growth potential from each university as a direct consequence of commissioning the IODM connect platform.

The revenue performance delivered through the UK education partnership has demonstrated and delivered:

- 1. A greater than 50% increase in partnership revenue from the original five universities as a direct consequence of those universities adopting the IODM connect platform.
- 2. A significant reduction in bad and doubtful debts for the universities;
- A decreased cost to the universities in managing student invoicing and debtor management;

The above amplifies the 'win-win' nature of the symbiotic relationship that IODM and the interposed payments platform have in managing and streamlining the individual university's invoicing and AR function.

Further- of the tripart relationship between the payment platform, the university and the Group, it is increasingly apparent that the Group provides a critical service which has demonstrably reduced student AR costs of the universities while increasing revenue for the payment platforms and those participating universities.

As a result of the outperformance of the UK education market, the Group saw an increase in its guaranteed minimum payment under the Convera agreement that became effective on 1 January 2024 from GBP50,000 per month to GBP75,000 per month in November 2024 and to GBP100,000GBP per month in August 2025 as the particular revenue thresholds were achieved in relation to growth in FX revenues from existing and onboarded universities by the Group.

With twelve universities onboarded YTD and a healthy pipeline of universities in the process of implementation, the Group is confident that meaningful revenue traction will continue.

Driven by the commercial success enjoyed by Convera in the UK education sector and Convera's ongoing motivation to partner with the Group and commercialise the IODM Connect platform internationally the Group entered into separate non-exclusive revenue share agreements with Convera in respect of the United States education sector and the Canadian education sector with a commencement date of March 2025. Further the company executed a non-exclusive agreement with Convera for the Japanese education sector with a commencement date of May 2025.

The United States and Canada represent the largest market the Group has commericalised to date with the NA Education Agreements delivering a potential Total Addressable Market ("TAM") in excess of \$275M.

The Group also entered into a non-exclusive formal revenue share agreement with TransferMate Global Payments in respect of the higher education sectors in the USA, Canada, Mexico and South America with a commencement date of

July 2025. Similar to the Convera agreement the Group is entitled to a pre-defined share of the net revenue that Transfermate receives from each education institution that adopts the IODM Connect platform.

With an established working relationship with over 1,500 universities, Transfermate already enjoys significant penetration with the educational landscape in the America's.

Domestic Enterprise Business

As a result of a restructure, the company appointed Ashley (Ash) Clayton as head of domestic sales. Ash has over 18 years' experience in software sales solutions and is a proven leader in his field. His experience includes enterprise software solution sales, presales and go to market across multiple regions. Mr Clayton has expanded the sales desk with key appointments.

As a result of the reinvigorated domestic sales team, the Company saw an immediate increase in the number of enterprise companies seeking out the IODM solution and requesting presentations and contract proposals. Consequently, the Company witnessed tier 1 enterprise clients execute service contracts and commence the implementation process. The domestic sales team continues to add household name enterprises to its pipeline, which is anticipated to result in additional contract signings during the coming months with a meaningful relative revenue uplift.

CORPORATE

Board Changes

It is the intention of the Board to present an independent, diverse Non-Executive Board in keeping with "Best Practice". The Group will continue to transform the Board to ensure that it is in keeping with its compliance and governance obligations. Ms Heggie was appointed as a Non-Executive Director effective 1 February 2025.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs during the reporting period.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

On 22 July 2025 the Group announced it had entered into a non-exclusive formal revenue share agreement with TransferMate Global Payments in respect of the higher education sectors in the USA, Canada, Mexico and South America with a commencement date of July 2025.

As a result of the outperformance of the UK education market, the Group saw an increase in its guaranteed minimum payment under the Convera agreement that became effective on 1 January 2024 to GBP100,000GBP per month in August 2025.

LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Likely developments in the operations of the Group are set out in the above review of operations in this annual report.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The Group is not subject to any significant environmental regulation under Australian Commonwealth or State law.

SHARE OPTIONS AND ORDINARY SHARES

As at the date of this report there were the following unissued ordinary shares of IODM for which options were outstanding: 850,000 options expiring on 30 June 2026 exercisable at \$0.39

During the year the following options were forfeited:

1,966,667 options expiring on 30 June 2025 exercisable at \$0.30 cents

450,000 options expiring on 30 June 2025 exercisable at \$0.39 cents

INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

The Group has entered into deeds with each of the Directors under which the Group has agreed to indemnify the Directors on a full indemnity basis and to the full extent permitted by law for losses or liabilities incurred as an officer of the Group.

During the financial year, the Group has paid an insurance premium in respect of a contract insuring each of the Directors and Group Secretary of the Group, against all liabilities and expenses arising as a result of work performed in their respective capacities, to the extent permitted by law. Disclosure of the total amount of the premium and the nature of the liabilities in respect of such insurance is prohibited by the policy.

INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF AUDITORS

The Group has not, during or since the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the Group against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the Group has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the Group.

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

During the financial year, in addition to regular Board discussions, the number of meetings held during the year and the number of meetings attended by each Director were as follows:

Director	Directors	meetings	Audit and Risk Committee meetings		Remuneration and Nomination meetings	
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	Number eligible to attend	Number attended
Paul Kasian	11	11	3	3	2	2
David Ireland	11	11	3	3	2	2
Karen Penney	11	11	3	3	2	2
Diana Heggie	5	5	-	-	-	-

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE GROUP

No person has applied for leave of the court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Group or intervene in any proceedings to which the Group is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Group for all or any part of those proceedings. The Group was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In recognising the need for the highest standards of corporate behaviour and accountability, the Directors of IODM Limited support and have adhered to the principles of sound corporate governance. The Board recognises the recommendations of the Australian Securities Exchange Corporate Governance Council and considers that IODM Limited is in compliance with those guidelines to the extent possible, which are of importance to the commercial operation of a listed software as a service company. During the financial year, shareholders continued to receive the benefit of an efficient and cost effective corporate governance policy for the Group. The Group's Corporate Governance Statement and disclosures are contained in Pages 49-58 of the annual report.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE AND NON-AUDIT SERVICES

Section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* requires the Group's auditors to provide the Directors of IODM Limited with an Independence Declaration in relation to the audit of the financial report. A copy of that declaration is included within this report.

Non-audit services

There were no amounts paid or payable to the auditor for non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor other than those outlined in note 22 to the financial statements.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the financial year, by the auditor (or by another person or firm on the auditor's behalf) is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The directors are of the opinion that the services as disclosed in note 22 to the financial statements do not compromise the external auditor's independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

This report outlines the remuneration arrangements in place for directors, executives and other key management personnel of IODM Limited prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporation Act 2001* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*. For the purpose of this report, Key Management Personnel (KMP) of the Group are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, including any officer (whether Executive or otherwise) of the Group.

Voting at 2024 AGM

Adoption of the remuneration report for the 2024 financial year was not carried at the AGM. The Group did not receive any specific feedback at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) or throughout the year regarding its remuneration report or its remuneration policies.

The following table lists the Company's KMP for FY 2025

Non-Executive Directors	POSITION
Paul Kasian	Non-Executive Chair
David Ireland	Non-Executive Director
Karen Penney	Non-Executive Director
Diana Heggie	Non-Executive Director
Senior Executives	
Mark Reilly	Chief Executive Officer (CEO)
Petrina Halsall	Chief Financial Officer (CFO)/Company
	Secretary

Remuneration Policy

The remuneration policy of IODM Limited has been designed to align key management personnel (KMP) objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific short-term incentives and long-term incentives based on key performance areas affecting the Group's financial results. The Board of IODM Limited believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best key management personnel to run and manage the Group, as well as create goal congruence between directors, executives and shareholders.

The Board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for key management personnel of the Group is as follows:

- The remuneration policy has been developed by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee and approved by the Board.
- All key management personnel receive a base salary (which is based on factors such as length of service and experience), superannuation, fringe benefits, and performance incentives.
- Incentives paid in the form of options are intended to align the interests of the KMP and the Group with those of the shareholders.
- The Remuneration and Nomination Committee reviews key management personnel packages bi-annually by reference to the Group's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors.

The performance of key management personnel is measured against criteria agreed bi-annually with each executive and is based predominantly on the forecast growth of the Group's profits and shareholders' value. The Board may, however,

exercise its discretion in relation to approving incentives, bonuses and options, and can recommend changes to the Committee's recommendations. Any changes must be justified by reference to measurable performance criteria. The policy is designed to attract the highest calibre of executives and reward them for performance that results in long-term growth in shareholder wealth.

Key management personnel receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the law, which is currently 12%, and do not receive any other retirement benefits. Some individuals, however, have chosen to sacrifice part of their salary to increase payments towards superannuation.

Upon retirement, key management personnel are paid employee benefit entitlements accrued to the date of retirement. Any options not exercised before or on the date of termination may lapse.

All remuneration paid to key management personnel is valued at the cost to the Group and expensed.

The table below shows the performance of the Group as measured by loss per share

As at 30 June	2025	2024	2023	2022
Loss per share (cents)	(0.49)	(0.52)	(0.41)	(0.42)
Total KMP remuneration (\$)	1,188,971	1,101,504	1,026,154	1,218,029

Non-Executive Directors

The rewards for Directors' have no set or pre-determined performance conditions or key performance indicators as part of their remuneration due to the current nature of the business operations. The aggregate remuneration for non-executive directors last voted upon by shareholders at the 2021 Annual General Meeting has been set at an amount not to exceed \$750,000 per annum. This amount may only be increased with the approval of Shareholders at a general meeting. The Board determines appropriate levels of performance rewards as and when they consider rewards are warranted.

Share-based payment arrangements

Options

The Company operates an Employee Share Option Plan ('ESOP') for directors, executives and senior employees of the Consolidated Entity. In accordance with the provisions of the ESOP, directors, executives and senior employees may be granted options to purchase ordinary shares at an exercise price to be determined by the Board with regard to the market value of the shares when it resolves to offer the options. The options may be granted to eligible persons after the Board considers the person's seniority, position, length of service, record of employment, potential contribution and any other matters which the Board considers relevant.

Each employee share option converts into one ordinary share of the Company on exercise. No amounts are paid or payable to the Company by the recipient on receipt of the option. The options carry neither rights to dividends nor voting rights. Options may be exercised at any time from the date of vesting to the date of their expiry.

The number of options granted is determined by the Board. To date, options granted under the ESOP expire up to 48 months from their date of issue. The options are not exercisable until the vesting date provided the participant is an employee at the relevant vesting date or at the Board's discretion.

Details of Remuneration

EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION

The table below sets out details of the remuneration of the Company's officers (the two executive KMP) for FY 2025

	% Performance Related		31.2% 21.0%	23.9% 13.2%	
	Total	↔	565,705 498,482	387,573 374,335	953,278 872,817
	Superannuation	€9	38,344 36,842	30,506 29,312	68,850 66,154
Benefits	Share Based Payment	↔	8,952 29,888	3,836 12,480	12,788 42,368
Long-term Benefits	Long service leave	↔	10,985 24,715	5,169 20,209	16,154 44,924
	Total	↔	507,424 407,037	348,062 312,334	855,486 719,371
	Other	↔	4,600		4,600
nefits	Leave Entitlements	↔	6,705 (2,489)	(5,951) 8,862	754 6,373
oloyment ber	STI Bonus	₩	167,295 70,000	88,738 37,000	256,033 107,000
Short-term employment ben	Base Salary	↔	333,424 334,926	265,275 266,472	598,699 601,398
	Year		2025 2024	2025 2024	2025 2024
		CEO	M Reilly	CFO P Halsall	Total remuneration of the CEO and COO 200

All STIs and LTIs are related to the performance of the individual and the performance of the Group.

Long term benefits related to long service leave entitlements accrued for the year.

Superannuation payments are made in accordance with the relevant statutory requirements and relates to cash salary. . 2 %

NON-EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION

The table below sets out the Non-Executive director fees paid for FY 2025

		Directors Fees	Share Based Payment	Superan- nuation	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Non-Executive Directors					
P Kasian	2025	78,772	2,558	9,059	90,389
	2024	78,076	8,013	8,588	94,677
D Ireland	2025	49,940	-	5,743	55,683
	2024	49,105	-	5,402	54,507
K Penney	2025	66,000	-	-	66,000
	2024	66,000	-	-	66,000
D Heggie	2025	21,184	-	2,437	23,621
	2024	-	-	-	-
A Smith	2025	-	-	-	-
	2024	778	-	-	778
B Jamieson	2025	-	-	-	-
	2024	6,652	5,341	732	12,725
Total Remuneration of Non-Executive Directors	2025	215,896	2,558	17,239	235,693
	2024	200,611	13,354	14,722	228,687

KJP Associates Ltd, a company which Ms. Penney is a Director and shareholder, provided the Group with the provision of director services totalling \$66,000 (2024 \$66,000) of which \$5,500 (2024: \$5,500) was outstanding at year end.

262 Capital Pty Ltd, a company which Mr. Anthony Smith is a Director and shareholder, provided the Group with the provision of director services totalling \$0 (2024 \$778) of which Nil (2024: \$778) was outstanding at year end.

Shareholdings of Key Management Personnel

The shareholdings in the company held during the financial year by key management personnel of IODM Limited, including their personally related parties, is set out below.

30 June 2025	Balance at the start of the year	Transactions on market/other	On appointment/ death/ resignation	Options exercised	Balance at the end of the year
Non-Executive Directors					
P Kasian	29,425,758	-	-	-	29,425,758
D Ireland	-	-	-	-	
K Penney	-	-	-	-	-
D Heggie	-	-	-	-	-
Senior Executives					
M Reilly	27,702,195	(2,512,888)	-	-	25,189,307
P Halsall	10,708,534	1,125,000	-	-	11,833,534
	67,836,487	(1,387,888)	-	-	66,448,599

Option holdings of Key Management Personnel

The number of options in the company held during the financial year by key management personnel of IODM Limited, including their personally related parties, is set out below.

30 June 2025	Balance at the start of the year	Granted during the year as compensation	Forfeited during the year	On Death / Resignation	Vested and exercisable	Balance at the end of the year Unvested
Non-Executive Directors						
P Kasian	200,000	-	(100,000)	-	66,667	33,333
D Ireland	-	-	-	-	-	-
K Penney	-	-	-	-	-	-
D Heggie	-	-	-	-	-	-
Senior Executives						
M Reilly	766,667	-	(416,667)	-	233,334	116,666
P Halsall	316,667		(166,667)	-	100,000	50,000
	1,283,334		(683,334)	-	400,001	199,999

All of the above options were issued under the IODM Employee Share Option Plan.

The terms and conditions of each grant of options affecting remuneration in the current or a future reporting period are as follows:

Grant date	Vesting and	Expiry date	Exercise Price	No Options	Vested (%)
	exercise date		(\$)		
03/11/2023	Over 3 Years	30 June 2026	0.39	550,000	66%

Other transactions with key management personnel

Transactions with key management personnel were made at arm's length at normal market prices and normal commercial terms.

There were no other transactions or loans made to key management personnel for the year ended 30 June 2025.

Service Agreements

The remuneration and other terms of employment for the senior executive KMP are formalised in employment contracts. The two executives are entitled to receive pay in lieu of notice of resignation, in addition to any leave entitlements upon cessation of employment. All service agreements may be terminated immediately in the event of serious misconduct, which the executive is not entitled to any payment in lieu of notice.

All service agreements are for an unlimited duration. The agreements for executives may be terminated by going three months notice (except in cases of termination for cause where termination is immediate).

Certain key management personnel will be entitled to bonuses as the Remuneration and Nomination Committee may decide in its absolute discretion from time to time.

Non-Executive Director

The Non-Executive Directors are paid an annual Director fee on a monthly basis. Their services may be terminated by either party at any time.

End of audited Remuneration Report

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Put Ken

On behalf of the Directors.

Dr Paul Kasian

Non-Executive Chair

28 August 2025

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss & Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2025

for the year chaca to take 2020	Notes	2025	2024
		\$	\$
Revenue	6	2,762,603	1,907,901
Interest received	6		
	6	8,738	25,497
Export market development grant Research and development tax offset income	6	504,549	49,200 625,385
Total Revenue	O		
lotal Revenue		3,275,890	2,607,983
Administrative and public company expenses		(907,145)	(727,887)
Accounting and audit fees		(89,705)	(90,649)
Professional fees		(43,940)	(24,388)
Consultants and Directors fees		(1,324,907)	(1,282,461)
Employee costs		(2,926,337)	(2,638,810)
Superannuation		(240,294)	(190,897)
Depreciation	12	(153,240)	(153,240)
Finance costs	7	(57,931)	(18,154)
Options issued to employees	19	22,084	(101,684)
Loss on write-off on deregistered subsidiaries		-	(2)
Other expenses	8	(512,752)	(484,420)
Loss before income tax		(2,958,277)	(3,104,609)
Income tax expense	9	(5,931)	(1,156)
Loss after tax		(2,964,208)	(3,105,765)
Other comprehensive income Items that will be reclassified subsequently to pro-	fit or	-	-
loss Exchange differences on translation of foreign operation	one	(11,208)	(13,255)
	OHS		
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(2,975,416)	(3,119,020)
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents)	21	(0.49)	(0.52)
		(0.49)	(0.52)

The above Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2025

	Notes	2025	2024
		\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash at bank	10	189,885	282,712
Trade and other receivables	11	333,074	191,059
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		522,959	473,771
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	11	111,104	111,104
Property- Right Of Use asset	12	192,771	344,789
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		303,875	455,893
TOTAL ASSETS		826,834	929,664
CURRENT LIABILITIES	40	705.045	545.000
Trade and other payables	13	705,245	515,000
Borrowings	14	686,240	301,775
Other liabilities	15	118,592	235,500
Provision for employee benefits	16	321,090	271,203
Lease liabilities	17	168,898	174,792
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,000,065	1,498,270
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Provision for employee benefits	16	10,077	39,276
Lease liabilities	17	63,832	232,731
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		73,909	272,007
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,073,974	1,770,277
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		(1,247,140)	(840,613)
NET ACCETO/(EIADIETTIES)		(1,277,140)	(070,013)
EQUITY			
Issued capital	18	19,660,504	17,069,531
Reserves	19	2,518,609	2,551,901
Accumulated losses	20	(23,426,253)	(20,462,045)
TOTAL EQUITY/(DEFICIENCY IN EQUITY)		(1,247,140)	(840,613)

The above Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2025

	Note	Issued Capital	Share Based Payment Reserve	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Accumulated Losses	Total Surplus/ (Deficiency) In Equity
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2024		17,069,531	2,572,579	(20,678)	(20,462,045)	(840,613)
Loss for the year after income tax		-	-	-	(2,964,208)	(2,964,208)
Exchange difference on translating foreign operations	19		-	(11,208)	-	(11,208)
Total Comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		-	-	(11,208)	(2,964,208)	(2,975,416)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners						
Shares issued under Share Placements	18	1,710,375	-	-	-	1,710,375
Debt settled for equity	18	982,564	-	-	-	982,564
Options issued to directors and employees	19	-	(22,084)	-	-	(22,084)
Transaction costs relating to issue of shares	18	(101,966)	-	-	-	(101,966)
Balance as at 30 June 2025		19,660,504	2,550,495	(31,886)	(23,426,253)	(1,247,140)
Balance at 1 July 2023		16,236,427	2,470,895	(7,423)	(17,356,280)	1,343,619
Loss for the year after income tax		-	-	-	(3,105,765)	(3,105,765)
Exchange difference on translating foreign operations	19		-	(13,255)	-	(13,255)
Total Comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		-	_	(13,255)	(3,105,765)	(3,119,020)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners						
Shares issued under Share Placements	18	800,000	-	-	-	800,000
Shares issued under exercise of options	18	38,667	-	-	-	38,667
Options issued to directors and employees	19	-	101,684	-	-	101,684
Transaction costs relating to issue of shares	18	(5,563)	-	-	-	(5,563)
Balance as at 30 June 2024		17,069,531	2,572,579	(20,678)	(20,462,045)	(840,613)

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2025

	Notes	2025	2024
		\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received and other income		8,861	29,957
Receipts from customers		2,657,136	2,061,351
Research and development tax offset income		504,549	625,385
Export market development grant		-	49,200
Interest paid		(15,902)	(16,379)
Payments to suppliers and employees		(6,010,229)	(5,191,772)
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	10	(2,855,585)	(2,442,258)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of plant and equipment		(1,221)	-
NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(1,221)	
NET ONOTH EOW I NOM INVESTIGATION TO THE I		(1,221)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of shares		2,060,375	800,000
Proceeds from option conversion		0	19,333
Proceeds from borrowings		975,000	300,000
Share issue costs		(101,965)	(5,563)
Lease repayments		(174,792)	(164,426)
NET CASH INFLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		2,758,618	949,344
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(98,188)	(1,492,914)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		282,712	1,782,065
Foreign exchange variation on cash		5,361	(6,439)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	10	189,885	282,712

The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

The financial report consists of the audited consolidated financial statements of IODM Limited and its subsidiaries ("IODM" or "the Group") for the year ended 30 June 2025. IODM Limited is a for-profit entity limited by shares incorporated and domiciled in Australia. IODM Limited shares are publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange.

The financial report has also been prepared on an accrual basis under the historical cost convention. The presentation and functional currency is Australian dollars.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2025 were approved and was authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 August 2025.

1. Basis of Preparation

The financial report is a consolidated general purpose financial report, which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*, Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB).

These financial statements comply with the International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Material accounting policy information relating to the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and are consistent with price reporting periods unless otherwise stated

Change in Accounting Policy

There were no changes in accounting policies during the financial year.

3. Working Capital Deficiency and Going Concern Basis of Account Preparation

This report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Group incurred a net loss after tax for the year ended 30 June 2025 of \$2,964,208 (2024 \$3,105,765) and incurred net cash outflows from operating activities of \$2,855,585 (2024 \$2,442,258). At 30 June 2025, the Group had a net deficiency in equity of \$1,247,140 (2024 net deficiency in equity of \$840,613). In addition, at 30 June 2025 the Group had a net current asset deficit (i.e. current liabilities in excess of current assets) of \$1,477,106 (2024 net current asset deficit of \$1,024,499). Included in current liabilities are provisions for employee benefits of \$321,090 (2024 \$271,203) and unearned revenue of \$118,592 (2024 \$235,500) which are not expected to be settled in cash in full over the next twelve months.

These conditions give rise to a material uncertainty that may cast doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern

The ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon a number of factors, that being achieving forecast sales or raising additional funds. The Directors believe that the Group will be able to continue as a going concern for the following reasons:

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

- The Group has access to unsecured short-term loan facilities from private lenders of which \$675,000 was drawn down at year end. On 16 July 2025 the Group accessed an unsecured loan facility for \$500,000 and in August 2025 the Group has secured access to a further \$1.1 million facility that has been received and remains unused and separated from the company's trading funds at date of signing of this report. The loans are repayable during Q2FY26 in either cash or potentially equity. During the year ended 30 June 2025 private lenders were offered and chose to convert \$982,564 of debt into equity.
- The Group has onboarded and continues to onboard additional UK universities, with the increased revenue expected to flow from those universities via the Convera revenue share agreement in Q2 of FY26.
- As is prudent for a Group of this size and in the Group's current capital position and given that the company has
 been transforming from a software development company to a sales and marketing business, the directors have
 had a deliberate strategy that has been disclosed to the market that it will pursue a policy of running low liquidity.
 Consistent with that policy, Directors will continue to manage capital in the best interests of shareholders.
- The Directors are confident they have the ability to raise additional funds through share issues and placements to sophisticated investors should it be required.
- The Group has a successful history of raising additional funds when required in the past few years as is evident in the share placements for \$1,710,000 in August 2024, \$800,000 in March 2024 and \$2,250,000 in February 2023.
- The Group has had its registration approved under the Industry Research and Development Act 1986 for its R & D activities for the year ended 30 June 2025. It is anticipated the Group will receive a Research and Tax incentive offset in Q2 FY 2026 of approximately \$650,000 (2024 \$505,000).

Accordingly, the cashflow forecasts for the group have been prepared taking in to account the above factors and based on the above the Group have prepared cash flow forecasts which demonstrate that the Group will generate sufficient cash flows to fund its activities for a period of not less than twelve months from the date of this report.

In light of the above the directors believe it is appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis.

In the event that the Group is unable to achieve the matters detailed above, it may not be able to continue as a going concern and therefore the Group may not be able to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the ordinary course of operations and at the amounts stated in the financial statements.

4. Summary of Material Accounting Policies

(a) Principles of Consolidation

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. Where control of an entity ceases during a financial year its results are included for that part of the year during which control existed.

A list of controlled entities is contained in note 24 to the financial statements. All controlled entities have a 30 June financial year end.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all entities controlled by IODM Limited ('Company' or 'parent entity') as at 30 June 2025 and the results of all controlled entities for the year then ended. IODM Limited and its controlled entities together are referred to in these Financial Statements as the consolidated Group. The effects of all transactions between entities in the consolidated entity are eliminated in full.

Foreign subsidiaries

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars using the exchange rates at the reporting date. The revenues and expenses of foreign operations are translated into Australian dollars using the average exchange rates, which approximate the rates at the dates of the transactions, for the period. All resulting foreign exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income through the foreign currency reserve in equity.

The foreign currency reserve is recognised in profit or loss when the foreign operation or net investment is disposed of.

Foreign transactions

Transactions in foreign currency are translated to the respective functional currencies of Group companies at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

(b) Revenue

To determine whether to recognise revenue, the Group follows a 5-step process:

- 1 Identifying the contract with a customer
- 2 Identifying the performance obligations
- 3 Determining the transaction price
- 4 Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5 Recognising revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied.

The Group recognises revenue from the following major sources:

- Implementation and customisation fees
- Licence fees
- Referral commission fees
- Revenue share

Implementation and customisation fees

Revenue recognised at a point in time relates largely to the software licence implementation. The software licence implementation comprises between 10% - 50% of the total contract value and is recognised following the fulfillment of the performance obligation i.e., the setup.

Revenue is recognised either at a point in time when (or as) the Group satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised services to its customers.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

Licence fees

Licence fee revenue is recognised over a period of time and largely relates to software licences sold under a subscription model, including support, hosting and maintenance services relating to access to the cloud-based software provided. The performance obligations are considered to be provided consistently over the life of the contract as the amount of work required to perform under those contracts does not vary significantly from month to month.

The Group recognises contract liabilities for consideration received in respect of unsatisfied performance obligations and reports these amounts within other liabilities in the statement of financial position (see Note 15). Similarly, if the Group satisfies a performance obligation before it receives the consideration, the Group recognises either a contract asset or a receivable in its statement of financial position, depending on whether something other than the passage of time is required before the consideration is due.

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue is capable of being reliably measured.

Revenue share

On 5 February 2024 the company agreed new commercial terms with Convera in respect to the Education sector effective from 1 January 2024 the revenue share agreement states;

- IODM to receive 25% of all FX payments revenue from currently onboarded universities, and 30% of all FX payments revenue from universities onboarded from 1 January 2024.
- The new agreement allows for a guaranteed minimum payment of GBP150,000 per month payable to IODM when particular revenue thresholds are achieved by Convera in relation to growth in FX revenues from both existing universities as well as new onboarded universities. Specifically, the agreement initially provides for a minimum guaranteed payment of GBP50,000 per month to IODM, stepping up in GBP25,000 increments.

Other Income

Research and Development Income/Export Market Development Grant

Research and Development Income and the Export Market Development Grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance the grants will be received and all the attaching conditions complied with in accordance with AASB 120 – Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure for Government Assistance.

Interest income

Revenue is recognised as the interest accrues (using the effective interest method, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument) to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

(c) Share based payment transactions

The fair value of options is ascertained using a Black-Scholes pricing model which incorporates all market vesting conditions.

(d) Material accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(i) Share-based payment transactions

The Group recognises the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instrument at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined using the assumptions of an independent expert which are detailed in Note 30. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period but may impact expenses and equity.

(ii) Employee benefits provision

The liability for employee benefits expected to be settled more than 12 months from the reporting date are recognised and measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows to be made in respect of all employees at the reporting date. In determining the present value of the liability, estimates of attrition rates and pay increases through promotion and inflation have been taken into account.

(iii) Allowance for expected credit losses

The allowance for expected credit losses assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. It is based on the lifetime expected credit loss, based on days overdue, and makes assumptions to allocate an overall expected credit loss rate for each entity.

These assumptions include recent sales experience, historical collection rates and credit rating of counterparty.

(iv) Estimation of useful lives of assets

The group determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for its right of use assets. The depreciation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than the previously estimated life.

The following key judgements have been applied in relation to:

(v) Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group applied the following judgements that significantly affect the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contract with customers:

- The Group determined that revenue from its implementation and customisation fees be recognised at the point in time following fulfilment of the performance obligation by transferring the promised services to its customer.
- The Group has determined that revenue from its licence fees to be recognised over time as the performance obligations are provided to the customer consistently over the life of the contract
- The Group recognised referral commissions at a point in time for referral commission on setup fees and trail commissions
- The Group determined that revenue share from its agreement with Convera for UK educational clients is recognised at a point in time to the extent that the performance obligations are satisfied each month.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

(vi) Income Tax

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date and the anticipation that the Group will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

Following a review of carried forward tax losses incurred prior to the reverse takeover of the company on the ASX in June 2016, the Group has confirmed it has accumulated revenue losses at 30 June 2025 amounting to \$19,660,801 (2024: \$17,696,194) and capital losses of \$160,349 (2024: \$160,349). According to the Groups Tax Advisors the Group's tax losses should be available to be offset future taxable gains to the extent that loss testing is satisfied in respect of those losses. At 30 June 2025 no deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the Group's tax

losses on the basis that it is not probable that there will be taxable profits against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

IODM (USA) Incorporated and IODM (UK) Limited (collectively, the foreign incorporated entities) have been treated as part of the income tax consolidated group as at 30 June 2025. This is on the basis that their central management and control is located in Australia and therefore the Foreign Incorporated entities should be considered to be wholly owned Australian resident corporate entities, having regard to Taxation Ruling 2108/5 and Practical Compliance Guideline 2018/9.

5. Segment Information

For management purposes, the Group is organised into one main operating segment, which is the operation as a cloud based software as a service provider. All of the Group's activities are interrelated, and financial information is reported to the Board (Chief Operating Decision Makers) as a single segment.

Accordingly, all significant operating decisions are based upon analysis of the Group as one segment. The financial results from this segment are equivalent to the Financial Statements of the Group as a whole. Total revenue earned by the Group is generated in Australia, New Zealand and the United Kingdom and all of the Group's non-current assets reside in Australia.

IODM Limited Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
6. Revenue		
From continuing operations		
Implementation and customisation fees	84,487	74,150
Licence fees	741,232	754,600
Revenue share	1,936,884	1,079,151
Total	2,762,603	1,907,901
Timing of Transfer of Goods and Services		
Point in time	2,016,879	1,150,250
Over time	745,724	757,651
Total	2,762,603	1,907,901
Primary Geographic Market		
Australia		
Point in time	79,995	71,099
Over time	708,086	713,510
New Zealand		
Point in time	4,492	-
Over time	15,164	10,000
United Kingdom		
Point in time	1,936,884	1,079,151
Over time	17,982	31,090
United States		
Point in time	-	3,051
Over time		
Total	2,762,603	1,907,901

Included within revenue is an amount of \$121,000 (2024: \$21,600) that was included in unearned revenue at the beginning of the period.

There was one customer that contributed more than 10% of the total revenue in 2025 (2024: one). The revenue of the one major customer in 2025 was \$1,936,884 (2024: \$1,079,151)

Other Income

Interest	8,738	25,497
Export Market Development Grant	-	49,200
Research and development tax incentive	504,549	625,385
Total	513,287	700,082

IODM Limited Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

	2025	2024
7. Finance costs	\$	\$
Finance costs for the reporting periods consist of the following		
Interest expense in respect of leases	5,676	9,940
Interest on borrowings	42,029	1,775
Interest expense - other	10,226	6,439
Total	57,931	18,154
8. Other Expenses		
Capital assets written off	22,438	4,111
Commission	1,300	1,235
Entertainment	17,998	16,882
General expenses	80,692	85,229
Insurance	119,880	112,123
Marketing	90,136	63,562
Movement in provision for expected credit loss	(4,000)	4,000
Travel and accommodation	184,308	197,278
Total other expenses	512,752	484,420

	2025 \$	2024 \$
9. Income tax	Ψ	Ψ
(a) Income tax expense/(benefit)		
The components of tax expense/(benefit) comprise		
Current tax		
Current tax expense/(benefit) attributable to AUS taxable activities	-	-
Current tax expense/(benefit) attributable to UK taxable activities	5,842	1,156
Current tax expense/(benefit) attributable to US taxable activities	89	-
Total current tax expense/(benefit)	5,931	1,156
Deferred tax		
Deferred tax expense/(benefit) attributable to AUS taxable activities	(489,075)	(611,302)
Deferred tax expense/(benefit) attributable to UK taxable activities	_	-
Deferred tax expense/(benefit) attributable to US taxable activities	-	
Total deferred tax benefit*	(489,075)	(611,302)
Income tax/(expense) benefit	(483,144)	(610,146)
(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax benefit to prima facie tax payable		
Proft/(loss) before income tax expense	(2,958,277)	(3,104,609)
Prima facie tax benefit on loss from ordinary activities		
before income tax at 25% (2024: 25%)	(739,569)	(776,152)
Add tax effect of:		
Research and Development incentive	(126,137)	(156,346)
Non-deductible expenses	4,500	31,225
Non-assessable income	(6,885)	-
Research and Development expenditure	379,016	289,971
Adjustment for current tax attributable to UK taxable activities	5,842	1,156
Adjustment for current tax attributable to US taxable activities	89	-
Income tax expense/(benefit)	(483,144)	(610,146)
Income tax attributable to entity*	5,931	1,156
(c) Deferred tax assets		
Unrecognised deferred tax asset balances:		
Timing differences	203,330	217,138
Amounts in equity	27,872	12,855
Tax losses - Revenue	4,915,200	4,424,048
Tax losses - Capital	40,087	40,087
Offset against deferred tax liabilities	(47,887)	(86,197)
Deferred tax assets not brought to account	5,138,602	4,607,931

	2025 \$	2024 \$
(d) Deferred tax liabilities		
Unrecognised deferred tax liability balances:		
Timing differences	(47,887)	(86,197)
Offset by deferred tax assets (not brought to account)	47,887	86,197
Deferred tax liabilities brought to account	=	
*Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in accordance with accounting policy note $4(d)(vi)$		
10 (a) Cash and cash equivalents		
Reconciliation of loss after tax to net cash flows used in operating activities		
Loss from ordinary activities after tax	(2,964,208)	(3,105,765)
Non-cash items		
Depreciation	153,240	153,240
Interest accrued on borrowings	42,029	1,775
Foreign exchange loss/(gain) unrealised	(5,362)	6,439
Foreign currency translation	(11,208)	(13,255)
Share Based payments	(22,084)	101,684
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	(212,220)	64,846
Decrease in prepayments	(55,124)	9,121
Increase in trade payables	167,194	96,753
Increase in other creditors	31,470	38,814
Increase/(decrease) in employee benefits	20,688	204,090
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(2,855,585)	(2,442,258)
(b) Reconciliation of cash		
Cash balance comprises:		
Cash at bank	189,885	282,712
-	189,885	282,712

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

	2025	2024 \$
11. Trade and other receivables	\$	Ф
Current		
Trade receivables	85,122	61,643
Less provision for Expected Credit Loss (ECL)	-	(4,000)
Trade receivables Net of Provision for ECL	85,122	57,643
Accrued revenue	154,511	95,099
Prepayments	89,881	38,317
Other receivables	3,560	-
	333,074	191,059
Non-Current		
Other receivables	111,104	111,104
Total Trade and other receivables	444,178	302,163

Other receivables (non-current) comprises an amount of \$111,104 (2024: \$111,104) as a deposit for the Group's leases as referred to within note 17.

Information about the impairment of trade and other receivables, their credit quality and the Group's exposure to credit risk and interest rate risk can be found in note 25.

12. Property – Right of Use Asset	Buildings	IT Equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Gross carrying amount			
Balance at 1 July 2024	804,509	-	804,509
Additions	-	1,222	1,222
Disposals		-	
Balance at 30 June 2025	804,509	1,222	805,731
Amortisation and impairment			
Balance at 1 July 2024	(459,720)	-	(459,720)
Depreciation	(153,240)	-	(153,240)
Balance at 30 June 2025	(612,960)	-	(612,960)
Carrying amount 30 June 2025	191,549	1,222	192,771
Gross carrying amount			
Balance at 1 July 2023	804,509	-	804,509
Additions	-	-	_
Disposals		=	<u>-</u>
Balance at 30 June 2024	804,509	-	804,509
Amortisation and impairment			
Balance at 1 July 2023	(306,480)	-	(306,480)
Depreciation	(153,240)	-	(153,240)
Balance at 30 June 2024	(459,720)	-	(459,720)
Carrying amount 30 June 2024	344,789	-	344,789

Included in the net carrying amount of property, plant and equipment are right-of use assets as follows:

	30 June 2025
	\$
Buildings and car park	191,549
Total right-of-use assets	191,549
•	
Depreciation charge on right-of-use assets	30 June 2025
	\$
Buildings and car park	153,240
Depreciation charge on right-of-use assets	153,240

2025	2024
\$	\$
400,076	253,847
(14,870)	(6,451)
176,120	154,373
143,919	113,231
705,245	515,000
686,240	301,775
686,240	301,775
	\$ 400,076 (14,870) 176,120 143,919 705,245

The above borrowings represents unsecured short-term loans from private lenders at a fixed rate of 15% per annum repayable by 31 December 2025 in either cash or potentially equity.

On 16 July 2025 the Group secured a further unsecured loan facility for \$500,000 from a private lender on the same terms and in August 2025 the Group has secured access to a further \$1.1 million facility that has been received and remains unused and separated from the company's trading funds at date of signing of the report.

15.	Other	liabilities
-----	-------	-------------

Unearned revenue	118,592	235,500
	118,592	235,500

Unearned revenue represents payments received in advance of performance (contract liabilities) that are expected to be recognised as revenue in the year ended 30 June 2026.

16. Provision for employee benefits

Treviolet for employee benefits		
Current		
Annual Leave	123,164	91,765
Bonuses	85,000	120,000
Long Service Leave	112,926	59,438
	321,090	271,203
Non-current		
Long Service Leave	10,077	39,276
	10,077	39,276
Movement in employee benefit provisions – Annual and Long Service Leave		
Balance at beginning of the year	190,479	106,389
Movement in provision during the year (accrued less taken)	55,688	84,090
Balance at end of the year	246,167	190,479
Movement in employee benefit provisions – Bonuses		
Balance at beginning of the year	120,000	-
Movement in provision during the year	(35,000)	120,000
Balance at end of the year	85,000	120,000

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

17. Leases

The Group as a lessee

The Group has a lease over assets including buildings.

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Lease Liabilities (current)	168,898	174,792
Lease Liabilities (non-current)	63,832	232,731
	232,730	407,523

Information relating to leases in place and associated balances and transactions are provided below.

There are no issues regarding impairment of the ROU asset.

Right of Use asset - Refer Note 12

Lease Liabilities

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities based on contractual undiscounted cash flows is shown in the table below:

	< 1 year	1-5 years	Total Amount Undiscounted	Finance charges	Lease liabilities included in this Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
Lease Liabilities 2025 Lease Liabilities	170,046	63,832	233,878	(1,148)	232,730
2024	180,469	233,879	414,348	(6,825)	407,523

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

The amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income relating to leases where the Group is a lessee are shown below

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	153,240	153,240
Lease interest	5,676	9,940
	158,916	163,180
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows		
Total cash outflow for leases	174,792	164,426

18. Issued capital

	2023	2024
(a) Issued and paid up capital	\$	\$

Ordinary shares fully paid 19,660,504 17,069,531

	2025		2024	
	Number of shares	\$	Number of shares	\$
(b) Movements in ordinary shares on issue				
Opening Balance	600,259,845	17,069,531	596,652,695	16,236,427
Shares issued on exercise of options	-	-	128,889	38,667
Shares issued under Share Placement	10,365,909	1,710,375	3,478,261	800,000
Debt settled for equity	6,050,784	982,564	-	-
Transaction costs on share issues	-	(101,966)	-	(5,563)
	616,676,538	19,660,504	600,259,845	17,069,531

2025

2024

(c) Ordinary shares

The Group does not have authorised capital nor par value in respect of its issued capital. Ordinary shares have the right to receive dividends as declared and, in the event of a winding up of the Group, to participate in the proceeds from sale of all surplus assets in proportion to the number of and amounts paid up on shares held. Ordinary shares entitle their holder to one vote, either in person or proxy, at a meeting of the Group.

(d) Share options

As at the date of this report there were the following unissued ordinary shares for which options were outstanding:

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number under Option
3 May 2023	30 June 2026	\$0.390	100,000
3 November 2023	30 June 2026	\$0.390	750,000
Total			850,000

(e) Capital risk management

The Group's capital comprises share capital and reserves less accumulated losses. As at 30 June 2025, the Group has net deficiency in equity of \$1,247,140 (2024: net deficiency in equity of \$840,613).

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to

- Safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- Maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may issue new shares or reduce its capital, subject to the provisions of the Company's constitution. The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributed to equity holders of the Group, comprising contributed equity, reserves and accumulated losses. By monitoring undiscounted cash flow

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

forecasts and actual cash flows provided to the board by the Company's management, the board monitors the need to raise additional equity form the equity markets. Refer to note 25 for further information on the Group's financial risk management policies.

There have been no changes in the capital risk management policy from the previous period.

	2025 \$	2024 \$
40	•	*
19. Reserves		
Share based payments reserve	2,550,495	2,572,579
Foreign currency translation reserve	(31,886)	(20,678)
Total	2,518,609	2,551,901
Movements in Reserves:		
Share based payment reserve		
At beginning of the period	2,572,579	2,470,895
Options issued to employees	(22,084)	101,684
Balance at the end of the year	2,550,495	2,572,579
		y S Corporate
advisers during the year and to record the value of shares offered under the Employee Share		y's corporate
		y s corporate
Foreign currency translation reserve	e Option plan.	
Foreign currency translation reserve At beginning of the period	e Option plan. (20,678)	(7,423)
Foreign currency translation reserve	e Option plan.	
Foreign currency translation reserve At beginning of the period Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	(20,678) (11,208)	(7,423) (13,255)
Foreign currency translation reserve At beginning of the period Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	(20,678) (11,208)	(7,423) (13,255)
Foreign currency translation reserve At beginning of the period Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations Balance at the end of the year	(20,678) (11,208) (31,886)	(7,423) (13,255) (20,678)
Foreign currency translation reserve At beginning of the period Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations Balance at the end of the year 20. Accumulated losses	(20,678) (11,208) (31,886)	(7,423) (13,255) (20,678)
Foreign currency translation reserve At beginning of the period Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations Balance at the end of the year 20. Accumulated losses Movements in accumulated losses were as follows:	(20,678) (11,208) (31,886) 2025	(7,423) (13,255) (20,678) 2024 \$
Foreign currency translation reserve At beginning of the period Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations Balance at the end of the year 20. Accumulated losses Movements in accumulated losses were as follows: Opening balance	(20,678) (11,208) (31,886) 2025 \$	(7,423) (13,255) (20,678) 2024 \$
Foreign currency translation reserve At beginning of the period Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations Balance at the end of the year 20. Accumulated losses Movements in accumulated losses were as follows:	(20,678) (11,208) (31,886) 2025	(7,423) (13,255) (20,678) 2024 \$

	2025	2024
21. Loss per share	\$	\$
Loss used in calculating basic and dilutive EPS	(2,964,208)	(3,105,765)
	Numb	er of Shares
	2025	2024
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in		
calculating basic loss per share:	610,431,049	597,819,238
Effect of dilution:		
Adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares		
used in calculating diluted loss per share:	610,431,049	597,819,238
On the basis of the Group's losses, the outstanding options as at 30 June		
2025 are considered to be anti-dilutive and therefore were excluded from the		
diluted weighted average number of ordinary shares calculation.		
Basic and diluted loss per share (cents)	(0.49)	(0.52)
	2025	2024
	\$	\$
22. Auditors remuneration		
The auditor of IODM Limited is Crowe Audit Australia		
Amounts received or due and receivable to Crowe Audit Australia		
for:		
- an audit or review of the financial report	62,850	60,550
	62,850	60,550

23. Related party transactions

The Group's related parties include its subsidiaries and key management personnel.

Unless otherwise stated, none of the transactions incorporate special terms and conditions and no guarantees were given or received. Outstanding transaction balances are usually settled in cash.

23.1 Transactions with KMP

Transactions with key management personnel were made at arm's length at normal market prices and normal commercial terms.

KJP Associates Ltd, a company which Ms. Penney is a Director and shareholder, provided the Group with the provision of director services totalling \$66,000 (2024 \$66,000) of which \$5,500 (2024 \$5,500) was outstanding at year end.

There were no other transactions or loans made to key management personnel for the year ended 30 June 2025.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

23.2 Transactions with key management personnel

Key management of the Group are the executive members and non-executive members of the IODM Board of Directors. Key management personnel remuneration includes the following expenses:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits		
Salaries	598,699	601,398
Short-term incentives	256,033	107,000
Other	-	4,600
Directors fees	215,896	200,611
Leave entitlements	754	6,373
Total short-term employee benefits	1,071,382	919,982
Long-term benefits	16,154	44,924
Post-employment benefits	86,089	80,876
Share-based payments	15,346	55,722
Total remuneration	1,188,971	1,101,504

23.3 Transactions with related parties

There were no other transactions with related parties.

24. Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of IODM Limited and the following subsidiaries:

Name of Entity	Country of Incorporation	Equity H	lolding
		2025	2024
The Debtor Management Hub Pty Ltd	Austra l ia	100%	100%
The Innovative Online Debt Management Trust	Austra l ia	100%	100%
IODM (USA) Incorporated	USA	100%	100%
IODM (UK) Limited	UK	100%	100%

On 4 September 2024 IODM Singapore Pty Ltd was deregistered.

On 18 October 2024 IODM (Hong Kong) Limited was deregistered.

25. Financial Risk Management

Exposure to market risks (including currency risk and interest rate risk), liquidity, and credit risk arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group does not hold or use derivative financial instruments. The Group's risk management is predominantly controlled by the board. The board monitors the company's risk management policies and exposures and approves substantial financial transactions. It also reviews the effectiveness of internal controls relating to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise mainly of deposits with banks. The totals for each category of financial instruments are as follows:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Financial Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	189,885	282,712
Trade and other receivables	333,074	191,059
	522,959	473,771
Financial Liabilities		
Trade and other payables	705,245	515,000
Borrowings	686,240	301,775
Lease liabilities	232,730	407,523
	1,624,215	1,224,298

The Group uses different methods as discussed below to manage risks that arise from these financial instruments. The objective is to support the delivery of the financial targets while protecting future financial security.

(a) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Group undertakes the following activities to ensure that there will be sufficient funds available to meet obligations

- Preparation of budgeted annual and monthly cash flows
- Measurement of actual Group cash flows on a regular basis with comparison to budget on a monthly basis
- Maintaining sufficient cash facilities to meet the operating, investing and financing activities

The responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors.

Alternatives for sourcing future capital needs include the cash position, accessing short term funding facilities and future equity raising alternatives. These alternatives are evaluated to determine the optimal mix of capital resources for our capital needs. The Board expects that, assuming no material adverse change in a combination of our sources of liquidity, present levels of liquidity will be adequate to meet expected capital needs.

Maturity analysis for financial liabilities

The following tables detail the consolidated entity's remaining contractual maturity for its financial instrument liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the financial liabilities are required to be paid. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows disclosed as remaining contractual maturities and therefore these totals may differ from their carrying amount in the statement of financial position.

Consolidated – 2025	Weighted average interest	1 year or less	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Remaining Contractual Maturities
	rate	\$	\$	\$	\$
Non-derivatives	iate	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
Non-interest bearing					
Trade payables	-	400,076	-	-	400,076
Other payables	-	305,169	-	-	305,169
Interest bearing					
Borrowings	15%	686,240	-	-	686,240
Lease liabilities	4%	168,898	63,832	-	232,730
Total Non-derivatives		1,560,383	63,832	=	1,624,215

Consolidated – 2024	Weighted average interest	1 year or less	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Remaining Contractual Maturities
	rate	\$	\$	\$	\$
Non-derivatives					
Non-interest bearing					
Trade payables	-	253,847	-	-	253,847
Other payables	-	261,153	-	-	261,153
Interest bearing					
Borrowings	12%	301,775	-	-	301,775
Lease liabilities	4%	174,792	185,636	47,095	407,523
Total Non-derivatives		991,567	185,636	47,095	1,224,298

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the group.

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposure to wholesale and retail customers, including outstanding receivables and committed transactions.

The credit risk for liquid funds and other short-term financial assets is considered negligible since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables consist of a number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable.

The Board receives monthly reports summarising the turnover and trade receivables balance.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk associated with the industry and country in which the customer operates.

Management considers that all the financial assets that are not impaired for each of the reporting dates under review are of good credit quality, including those that are past due.

The Group has significant concentration of credit risk due to its commercial agreement with Convera.

On a geographical basis, the Group has significant credit risk exposures in Australia and the UK given the location of its operations.

Other financial assets held at amortised price

Other financial assets at amortised cost include other receivables.

There is no overdue amounts in this category and the expected credit loss is nil. The Group has no past due or impaired debtors as at 30 June 2025 (2024: nil).

At 30 June 2025, the Group held cash at bank. These were held with various financial institutions all with a rating from Standard & Poors of AA or above (long term).

(c) Market risk

Interest rate risk

The Group's cashflow interest rate risk primarily arises from cash at bank subject to market bank rates. The Group does not have any bank borrowings or enter into hedges.

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk due to a short-term borrowings at fixed rate of 15% per annum. The borrowings are to be repaid by 31 December 2025 in either equity or cash.

Foreign exchange risk

The Group's policy is, where possible, to allow group entities to settle liabilities denominated in their functional currency with the cash generated from their own operations in that currency. Where group entities have liabilities in a currency other than their functional currency, cash already dominated in that currency will, where possible, be used from within the Group.

The Group's primary operating exposure is where trade receivables and payables are not dominated in their functional currency. The overall treasury function is based in Australia where the primary banking facilities are maintained. The Group's risk to foreign exchange fluctuations is continually monitored and measured using sensitivity analysis and cashflow forecasting.

At 30 June 2025 and 2024 there were no forward exchange contracts.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

The carrying amount of the consolidated entity's foreign currency denominated financial assets and liabilities at the reporting date were as follows:

	Ass	sets	Liabilities		
Consolidated	2025	2024	2025	2024	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
British pounds	208,531	246,933	66,315	57,630	
US dollars	469	3,066	85,078	61,815	
HK dollars		-	-	1,685	
	209,000	249,999	151,393	121,130	

Based on this exposure had the Australian dollar weakened by 10% or strengthened by 5% against these foreign currencies with all other variables held constant, the effect on the consolidated entity's loss before tax would have been material. The Group's risk to foreign exchange fluctuations is continually monitored and measured using sensitivity analysis and

cashflow forecasting and strategies are being deployed to minimise the Group's risk through the use of various financial instruments.

(d) Fair Value Measurement

There were no financial assets or liabilities at 30 June 2025 requiring fair value estimation and disclosure as they are either not carried at fair value or in the case for short term assets and liabilities, their carrying values approximate fair value.

26. Contingent Liabilities

There are no known contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2025 (2024: nil).

27. Subsequent Events

On 22 July 2025 the Group announced it had entered into a non-exclusive formal revenue share agreement with TransferMate Global Payments in respect of the higher education sectors in the USA, Canada, Mexico and South America with a commencement date of July 2025.

As a result of the outperformance of the UK education market, the Group saw an increase in its guaranteed minimum payment under the Convera agreement that became effective on 1 January 2024 to GBP100,000GBP per month in August 2025.

28. Commitments

There are no known commitments as at 30 June 2025 (2024: nil).

29. Dividends

No dividend was paid or declared by the Group in the period since the end of the financial year, and up to the date of this report. The Directors' do not recommend that any amount be paid by way of a dividend for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

The balance of the franking account is nil at 30 June 2025 (2024: nil).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2025

30. Share Based Employee Remuneration

The following details movement in share options during the reporting period

	Number of Options
Outstanding at 1 July 2024	3,266,667
Granted	-
Forfeited	2,416,667
Exercised	-
Outstanding at 30 June 2025	850,000
Exercisable at 30 June 2025	566,669

In total -\$22,084 (2024 \$101,684) of share-based payment expenses (all of which related to equity-settled share-based payment transactions) have been included in profit or loss and credited to share option reserve.

Set out below are the summaries of options granted as share based payments:

2025								
Grant	Expiry	Exercise	Balance	Granted	Exercised	Expired	Balance	Number
Date	Date	Price	01/07/24			or	30/06/25	vested and
						Forfeited		exercisable
23/07/2021	30/06/2025	\$0.300	750,000	-	-	750,000	-	-
21/10/2021	30/06/2025	\$0.300	1,216,667	-	-	1,216,667	-	-
03/05/2023	30/06/2026	\$0.390	550,000	-	-	450,000	100,000	66,668
03/11/2023	30/06/2026	\$0.390	750,000	-	-	-	750,000	500,001
TOTAL			3,266,667	-	-	2,416,667	850,000	566,669

2024								
Grant	Expiry	Exercise	Balance	Granted	Exercised	Expired	Balance	Number
Date	Date	Price	01/07/23			or	30/06/24	vested and
						Forfeited		exercisable
17/08/2020	30/06/2024	\$0.192	312,500	-	-	312,500	-	-
23/07/2021	30/06/2025	\$0.300	816,667	-	-	66,667	750,000	750,000
21/10/2021	30/06/2025	\$0.300	1,410,000	-	128,889	64,444	1,216,667	1,216,667
03/05/2023	30/06/2026	\$0.390	550,000	-	-	-	550,000	183,334
03/11/2023	30/06/2026	\$0.390		750,000			750,000	250,001
TOTAL			3,089,167	750,000	128,889	443,611	3,266,667	2,400,002

31. Parent entity information

The following details information related to the legal parent entity, IODM Limited at 30 June 2025. The information presented here has been prepared using consistent accounting policies as presented in note 4.

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Current assets	508,625	469,726
Non-current assets	302,654	455,893
Total assets	811,279	925,619
Current liabilities	2,044,429	1,532,224
Non-current liabilities	73,909	272,006
Total liabilities	2,118,338	1,804,230
Net assets/(liabilities)	(1,307,059)	(878,611)
Issued capital	31,715,175	29,124,201
Reserves	2,653,905	2,675,989
Accumulated losses	(35,676,139)	(32,678,801)
Total Equity/(deficiency in equity)	(1,307,059)	(878,611)
Loss of the parent entity	(2,997,338)	(3,129,328)
Total comprehensive loss of the parent entity	(2,997,338)	(3,129,328)

The parent entity had no capital commitments or contingent liabilities at 30 June 2025 or 30 June 2024.

Consolidated Entity Disclosure Statement as at 30 June 2025

Name of entity	Type of entity	Country of incorporation	Australian or foreign tax resident	% of share capital held directly or indirectly by IODM Limited
IODM Limited	Body Corporate	Australia		
The Debtor Management Hub Pty Ltd	Body Corporate	Australia	Australian	100%
The Innovative Online Debt Management Trust	Trust	N/A	Australian	N/A
IODM (USA) Incorporated	Body Corporate	USA	Australian*	100%
IODM (UK) Limited	Body Corporate	UK	Australian*	100%

IODM (USA) Incorporated and IODM (UK) Limited (collectively, the foreign incorporated entities) have been treated as part of the income tax consolidated group as at 30 June 2025. This is on the basis that their central management and control is located in Australia and therefore the Foreign Incorporated entities should be considered to be wholly owned Australian resident corporate entities, having regard to Taxation Ruling 2108/5 and Practical Compliance Guideline 2018/9.

^{*}As these subsidiaries are both a tax resident of Australia under Australian tax law and a tax resident of a foreign country under that country's law (i.e. a dual tax resident), the subsidiaries are disclosed as an 'Australian' tax resident (and not as a 'Foreign' tax resident).

IODM Limited – Directors' Declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of IODM Limited, I state that:

1. In the opinion of the directors:

(a) the financial statements and notes of the Group are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001,

including:

(i) giving a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2025 and of its

performance, for the year ended on that date; and

(ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001,

professional reporting requirements and other mandatory requirements; and

(b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group will be able to pay its debts as and when they

become due and payable; and

(c) the information disclosed in the attached consolidated entity disclosure statement is true and correct.

2. The consolidated financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued

by the International Accounting Standard Board.

But her-

3. This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made by the Chief Executive

Officer and Chief Financial Officer in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the Board

Dr Paul Kasian

Chair

28 August 2025



Crowe Audit Australia

ABN 13 969 921 386 Level 42, 600 Bourke Street Melbourne VIC 3000 Australia c/o Findex Mail Processing Team

PO Box 1608 Mildura VIC 3502 Australia

Main +61 (03) 9258 6700 Fax +61 (03) 9258 6722

www.crowe.com.au

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 TO THE DIRECTORS OF JODM LIMITED

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2025, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of IODM Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

Yours sincerely,

Crows Andit Australia

CROWE AUDIT AUSTRALIA

Bruce Preston Partner

Melbourne, Victoria Date: 29 August 2025

Some of the Crowe personnel involved in preparing this document may be members of a professional scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation such that their occupational liability is limited under that Legislation. To the extent that applies, the following disclaimer applies to them. If you have any questions about the applicability of Professional Standards Legislation to Crowe's personnel involved in preparing this document, please speak to your Crowe adviser.

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

The title 'Partner' conveys that the person is a senior member within their respective division and is among the group of persons who hold an equity interest (shareholder) in its parent entity, Findex Group Limited. The only professional service offering which is conducted by a partnership is external audit, conducted via the Crowe Australasia external audit division and Unison SMSF Audit. All other professional services offered by Findex Group Limited are conducted by a privately-owned organisation and/or its subsidiaries.

Findex (Aust) Pty Ltd, trading as Crowe Australasia is a member of Crowe Global, a Swiss verein. Each member firm of Crowe Global is a separate and independent legal entity. Findex (Aust) Pty Ltd and its affiliates are not responsible or liable for any acts or omissions of Crowe Global or any other member of Crowe Global. Crowe Global does not reversing on a services and does not have an ownership or partnership interest in Findex (Aust) Pty Ltd. Services are provided by Crowe Audit Australia, an affiliate of Findex (Aust) Pty Ltd.



Crowe Audit Australia

ABN 13 969 921 386 Level 42, 600 Bourke Street Melbourne VIC 3000 Australia c/o Findex Mail Processing Team PO Box 1608 Mildura VIC 3502 Australia

Main +61 (03) 9258 6700 Fax +61 (03) 9258 6722 www.crowe.com.au

Independent Auditor's Report To the Members of IODM Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of IODM Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (collectively "the Group"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, the consolidated entity disclosure statement and accompanying basis of preparation as at 30 June 2025; and notes to the financial statements including a summary of material accounting policies as at 30 June 2025, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations* 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Some of the Crowe personnel involved in preparing this document may be members of a professional scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation such that their occupational liability is limited under that Legislation. To the extent that applies, the following disclaimer applies to them. If you have any questions about the applicability of Professional Standards Legislation to Crowe's personnel involved in preparing this document, please speak to your Crowe adviser.

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

The title 'Partner' conveys that the person is a senior member within their respective division and is among the group of persons who hold an equity interest (shareholder) in its parent entity, Findex Group Limited. The only professional service offering which is conducted by a partnership is external audit, conducted via the Crowe Australasia external audit division and Unison SMSF Audit. All other professional services offered by Findex Group Limited are conducted by a privately-owned organisation and/or its subsidiaries.

Findex (Aust) Pty Ltd, trading as Crowe Australasia is a member of Crowe Global, a Swiss verein. Each member firm of Crowe Global is a separate and independent legal entity. Findex (Aust) Pty Ltd and its affiliates are not responsible or liable for any acts or omissions of Crowe Global or any other member of Crowe Global. Crowe Global does not render any professional services and does not have an ownership or partnership interest in Findex (Aust) Pty Ltd. Services are provided by Crowe Audit Australia, an affiliate of Findex (Aust) Pty Ltd.



Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to Note 3 in the financial statements, which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss after tax for the year ended 30 June 2025 of \$2,964,208 (2024 \$3,105,765) and incurred net cash outflows from operating activities of \$2,855,585 (2024 \$2,442,258). At 30 June 2025, the Group had a net deficiency in equity of \$1,247,140 (2024 net equity of \$840,613). In addition, at 30 June 2025 the Group had a net current asset deficit (i.e. current liabilities in excess of current assets) of \$1,477,106 (2024 net current asset deficit of \$1,024,499. As stated in Note 3, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 3, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2025 but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.



As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk
 of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
 from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty
 exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability
 to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are
 required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial
 report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion.
 - Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the
 entities or business activities with the Group to express an opinion on the financial report.
 We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We
 remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during the audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, action taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in the auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in the auditor's report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 8 to 13 of the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2025.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of IODM Limited, for the year ended 30 June 2025, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Group are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Crows Andit Australia

CROWE AUDIT AUSTRALIA

Bruce Preston Partner

Melbourne, Victoria Date: 29 August 2025

This statement has been approved by the Board. It is current as at 28 August 2025 and scheduled for an annual review at the next Board Meeting.

IODM's approach to Corporate Governance

This Statement explains how IODM addresses the ASX Corporate Governance Council's, 'Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations – 4th Edition (referred to as either ASX Principles or Recommendations).

Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

Recommendation 1.1 - A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out:

- a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management;
- those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.

Role of the IODM Board ('the Board")

The Board is responsible for the governance of IODM. The role of the Board is to provide overall strategic guidance and effective oversight of management. The Board derives its authority to act from IODM's Constitution.

The Board's responsibilities are set out in a formal Charter which the Board reviews every two years. The Charter was most recently reviewed and amended in September 2023.

The major powers the Board has reserved to itself are:

- Appointment of senior executives and the determination of their terms and conditions including remuneration and termination;
- Driving the strategic direction of the Company, ensuring appropriate resources are available to meet objectives and monitoring management's performance;
- Reviewing and ratifying systems of risk management and internal compliance and control, codes of conduct and legal compliance;
- Approving and monitoring the progress of major capital expenditure, capital management and significant acquisitions and divestitures;
- Approving and monitoring the budget and the adequacy and integrity of financial and other reporting;
- Approving the annual, half yearly and quarterly accounts;
- Approving significant changes to the organisational structure;
- Approving the issue of any shares, options, equity instruments or other securities in the Company (subject to compliance with ASX Listing Rules);
- Ensuring a high standard of corporate governance practice and regulatory compliance and promoting ethical and responsible decision making;
- Recommending to shareholders the appointment of the external auditor as and when their
 appointment or re-appointment is required to be approved by them (in accordance with the ASX
 Listing Rules); and
- Meeting with the external auditor, at their request, without management being present.

Delegation to the CEO

The Board has delegated to the CEO responsibility for implementing IODM's strategic direction and for managing IODM's day-to-day operations.

Recommendation 1.2 - A listed entity should disclose:

- a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for elections as a director;
- b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.

The Group formed a separate Remuneration and Nomination Committee (RNC) in June 2020. At 30 June 2025 the committee consisted of a Non-Executive Chair and 2 independent directors. The Committee met 2 times during the financial year and operates under the RNC Charter adopted by the Committee.

When considering the appointment of a new Director or senior executive, the Board may engage the services of an executive recruitment firm to assist identify suitable candidates to be shortlisted for consideration for

appointment to the Board and to carry out appropriate reference checks before the Board makes an offer to a preferred candidate.

Newly appointed directors must stand for reappointment at the next subsequent AGM. The Notice of Meeting for the AGM provides shareholders with information about each Director standing for election or re-election including details of relevant skills and experience.

Recommendation 1.3 – A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment

New Directors and consent to act as a director and receive a formal letter of appointment which sets out duties and responsibilities, rights, and remuneration entitlements.

Senior Executive receive a formal letter of employment which sets out duties and responsibilities, rights, and remuneration entitlements as approved by the RNC.

Recommendation 1.4 – The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.

IODM's Company Secretary fulfils a broad range of management responsibilities in addition to company secretarial duties. As a result, the formal reporting line of the Company Secretary is to the CEO. For any matter relevant to the company secretarial duties or conduct of the Board, the Company Secretary has an indirect reporting line, and is accountable, to the Chair of the Board.

Recommendation 1.5 - A listed entity should:

- a) have and disclose a diversity policy;
- through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and
- c) disclose in relation to each reporting period
 - (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity the has defined 'senior executive' for these purposes); or
 - (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators" as defined in and published under that Act.

If the entity was in the S&P/ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.

The Group is committed to workplace diversity and to ensuring a diverse mix of skills and talent exists amongst its directors, officers and employees, to enhance Group performance. The Board has adopted a Diversity Policy which addresses equal opportunities in the hiring, training and career advancement of directors, officers and employees.

The Board continues to monitor diversity across the organisation. Due to the size of the Group, the Board does not consider it appropriate at this time to formally set measurable objectives for gender diversity.

In accordance with this policy, the Board provides the following information pertaining to the proportion of women across the organisation at the date of this report.

	Number	Percentage
Women in the whole organisation	7	44%
Women in senior executive positions	1	33%
Women on the board	2	50%

Recommendation 1.6 - A listed entity should:

- a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors;
- disclose for each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.

Evaluation of Board and individual Directors

The Board of IODM conducts its performance review of itself on an ongoing basis throughout the year. The small size of the Group and hands on management style requires an increased level of interaction between Directors and Executives throughout the year. Board members meet amongst themselves both formally and informally. The Board considers that the current approach that it has adopted with regard to the review of its performance provides the best guidance and value to the Group given its size.

Recommendation 1.7 – A listed entity should:

- a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and
- disclose for each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.

The RNC and the Board of IODM conducts its performance review of the senior executives on an ongoing basis throughout the year. The RNC met 2 times during the year and evaluated the performance on its senior executives. The Board considers that the current approach that it has adopted with regard to the review of its performance provides the best guidance and value to the Group.

Principle 2: Structure the Board to add value

IODM's Constitution provides for a minimum of three directors and a maximum of twelve.

The Directors of IODM at any time during the financial year are listed with a brief description of their qualifications, appointment date, experience and special responsibilities on pages 1 to 2 of the Annual Report.

The Board met eleven times during the financial year. Director's attendances are set out on page **7** of the 2025 Annual Report.

Recommendation 2.1 – The Board of a listed entity should:

- a) have a nomination committee which:
 - 1. Has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and
 - 2. Is chaired by an independent director; and disclose:
 - 3. the charter of the committee:
 - 4. the members of the committee; and
 - as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.

The Group formed a Remuneration and Nomination committee (RNC) in June 2020. The Committee met four times during the financial year and operates under the RNC Charter adopted by the Committee.

Recommendation 2.2 – The listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.

The Group have established a board skills matrix on the mix of skills and diversity for Board membership. The Board continues to monitor the mix of skills and diversity on the Board.

Recommendation 2.3 – A listed entity should disclose:

- a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;
- b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion and
- c) the length of service of each director.

The skills, experience and expertise relevant to the position of Director held by each Director in office at the date of the annual report is included in the Directors' Report. Directors of the Group are considered to be independent when they are independent of management and free from any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with, the exercise of their unfettered and independent judgement.

The Board has accepted the following definition of an Independent Director:

"An Independent Director is a Director who is not a member of management, is a Non-executive Director and who:

- is not a substantial shareholder (under the meaning of Corporations Act 2001) of the Group or an
 officer of, or otherwise associated, directly or indirectly, with a substantial shareholder of the Group;
- has not within the last three years been employed in an executive capacity by the Group or another Group member, or been a Director after ceasing to hold any such employment;
- is not a principal of a professional adviser to the Group or another Group member;
- is not a significant consultant, supplier or customer of the Group or another Group member, or an
 officer of or otherwise associated, directly or indirectly, with a significant consultant, supplier or
 customer;
- has no significant contractual relationship with the Group or another Group member other than as a Director of the Group;
- is free from any interest and any business or other relationship which could, or could reasonably be
 perceived to, materially interfere with the Director's ability to act in the best interests of the Group."

In accordance with the definition of independence above, two directors are considered independent. Accordingly, a majority of the board is not independent.

There are procedures in place, as agreed by the board, to enable Directors to seek independent professional advice on issues arising in the course of their duties at the Group's expense. The term in office held by each Director in office at the date of this report is as follows:

Name	Term in office
Dr. Paul Kasian	108 months
Mr. David Ireland	94 months
Ms Karen Penney	27 months
Ms Diana Heggie	7 months

Recommendation 2.4 – The majority of the Board of a listed entity should be independent Directors.

The Group does not have a majority of independent directors. The Directors consider that the current structure and composition of the Board is appropriate to the size and nature of operations of the Group.

As at 30 June 2025, the Board comprised one non-executive Chair, three non-executive directors.

Recommendation 2.5 – The Chair of the Board of a listed entity should be an independent Director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.

Under IODM's Constitution, the Board elects a Chair from amongst the non-executive Directors. If a Chair ceases to be an independent Director then the Board will consider appointing a lead independent Director.

The Directors consider that the current Chair of the Board is appropriate to the size and nature of operations of the Group.

Recommendation 2.6 – The listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development opportunities to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.

The formal letter of appointment and an induction pack provided to Directors contain sufficient information to allow the new Director to gain an understanding of:

- The rights, duties and responsibilities of Directors;
- The role of Board Committees;
- The roles and responsibilities of the Managing Director; and
- IODM's financial, strategic, and operational risk management position.

Directors are encouraged to take appropriate professional development opportunities approved by the Board.

Principle 3: Promote ethical and responsible decision making

Recommendation 3.1 – A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.

Recommendation 3.2 - A listed entity should:

- Have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and
- disclose that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.

IODM has a Code of Conduct that includes it values and applies to IODM and its Directors, employees and contractors (all of which are referred to as "employees" in the Code).

The Code of Conduct sets out a number of overarching principles of ethical behaviour which are set out under the following headings:

- Personal and Professional Behaviour;
- Conflict of Interest;
- Public and Media Comment;
- Use of Company Resources;
- Security of Information;
- Intellectual Property/Copyright
- Discrimination and Harassment;
- Corrupt Conduct;
- Occupational Health and Safety;
- Legislation;
- Fair Dealing;
- Insider Trading;
- Responsibilities to Investors;
- Breaches of the Code of Conduct; and
- Reporting Matters of Concern.

Training about the Code of Conduct is part of the induction process for new IODM employees.

Recommendation 3.3 - A listed entity should:

- (a) Have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and
- (b) Ensure that the board or committee of the board its informed of any material breaches of that policy

IODM has a Whistleblower Policy, any breaches are reported to the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

Recommendation 3.4 - A listed entity should:

- (c) Have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and
- (d) Ensure that the board or committee of the board its informed of any material

breaches of that policy

IODM has an Anti-Bribery and corruption policy, any breaches are reported to the Audit and Risk Management Committee

Principle 4: Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting

Recommendation 4.1 – A board of a listed entity should:

- a) have an audit committee which:
 - has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent; and
 - 2. is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:
 - 3. the charter of the committee;
 - the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and
 - in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard that integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.

The Group has an Audit and Risk Management Committee (ARC). At 30 June 2025 the committee consisted of a Non-Executive Chair and 2 independent directors. The committee met 3 times during the financial year and operates under the ARC Charter adopted by the Committee

Charter of the Audit and Risk Management Committee

It is the ARC's responsibility to ensure that an effective internal control framework exists within the entity. This includes both internal controls to deal with both the effectiveness and efficiency of significant business processes, the safeguarding of assets, the maintenance of proper accounting records, and the reliability of financial and non- financial information. It is the ARC's responsibility for the establishment and maintenance of a framework of internal control of the Group.

Recommendation 4.2 – The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

The CEO and the CFO have provided the Board with written assurances that the declaration provided in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.

Recommendation 4.3 – A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report if releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.

The external auditor attends IODM's Annual General Meeting. Shareholders may submit written questions to the auditor to be considered at the meeting in relation to the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the Independent Audit Report by providing the questions to IODM at least five business days before the day of the meeting. No questions were sent to the auditor in advance of the 2024 Annual General Meeting. Shareholders are also given a reasonable opportunity at the meeting to ask the auditor questions relevant to the conduct of the audit, the Independent Audit Report, the accounting policies adopted by IODM and the independence of the auditor.

Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure

Recommendation 5.1 – A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.

Disclosure

IODM's Disclosure Policy describes IODM 's continuous disclosure obligations and how they are managed by IODM. The Policy is reviewed bi-annually and is published on IODM's website. It is currently being reviewed.

Recommendation 5.2 – A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.

Accountability

The Company Secretary reports to the Board quarterly on matters that were either notified or not notified to the ASX. Directors receive copies of all announcements immediately after notification to the ASX. All ASX announcements are available in the Media centre on the IODM website.

Recommendation 5.3 – A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.

Financial market communications

Communication with the financial market is the responsibility of the CEO. Communication with the media is the responsibility of the CEO. The Disclosure Policy covers briefings to institutional investors and stockbroking analysts, general briefings, one-on-one briefings, blackout periods, compliance and review as well as media briefings.

The substantive content of all market presentations about the half year and full year financial results and all statements relating to IODM's future earnings performance must be referred to, and approved by, the Board before they are disclosed to the market.

Principle 6: Respect the rights of shareholders

Recommendation 6.1 – A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.

IODM's website at www.iodm.com.au provides detailed information about its business and operations. Details of IODM's Board Members can be found here.

The Investor Relations link on IODM's website provides helpful information to shareholder. It allows shareholders to view all ASX and media releases; various investor presentations; a copy of the most recent Annual Report and Annual Reports for at least the two previous financial years; and the notice of meeting and accompanying explanatory material for the most recent Annual General Meeting and the Annual General Meetings for at least the two previous financial years.

Shareholders can find information about IODM's corporate governance on its website at www.iodm.com.au. This includes IODM's Constitution, Board and Board Charters, and extensive list of IODM's other Policies that support corporate governance.

The following documents are published on the IODM website under Investor / Corporate Governance:

- Constitution
- Corporate Governance Statement
- Board Charter
- Audit and Risk Management Committee Charter
- Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter
- Whistle-Blower Policy
- Securities Trading Policy

Anti-Bribery Policy

Recommendation 6.2 – A listed entity should have an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.

IODM is committed to communicating effectively with its shareholders and making it easier for shareholders to communicate with the Group.

IODM promotes effective communication with shareholders and encourages effective participation at general meetings, information is communicated to shareholders:

- Through the release of information to the market via the ASX;
- Through the Annual Report, half yearly report and quarterly reports;
- Through the distribution of the annual report and notices of annual general meeting;
- Through shareholder meetings and investor relations presentations; and
- The external auditors are required to attend the annual general meeting and are available to answer
 any shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and preparation of the audit report.

Recommendation 6.3 – A listed entity should disclose how its facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.

Notices of meeting sent to IODM's shareholders comply with the "Guidelines for notices of meeting" issued by the ASX in August 2007. Shareholders are invited to submit questions before the meeting and, at the meeting, the Chair attempts to answer as many of these as is practical.

The Chair also encourages shareholders at the meeting to ask questions and make comments about IODM's operations and the performance of the Board and senior management. The Chair may respond directly to questions or, at his discretion, may refer a question to another Director or the Managing Director.

New Directors or Directors seeking re-election are given the opportunity to address the meeting and to answer questions from shareholders.

Recommendation 6.4 – A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather that by a show of hands.

IODM ensures that all substantive resolutions are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.

Recommendation 6.5 – A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.

Shareholders have the option of electing to receive all shareholder communications by e-mail. IODM provides a printed copy of the Annual Report to only those shareholders who have specifically elected to receive a printed copy. Other shareholders are advised that the Annual Report is available on the IODM website.

All announcements made to the ASX are available to shareholders by email notification when a shareholder provides the IODM Share Registry with an email address and elects to be notified of all IODM ASX announcements.

The IODM Share Register is managed and maintained by Boardroom Limited Share Registry Services. Shareholders can access their shareholding details or make enquiries about their current shareholding electronically by quoting their Shareholder Reference Number (SRN) or Holder Identification Number (HIN), via the Boardroom Share Registry Investor Online Login or by emailing info@boardroomlimited.com.au

Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk

Recommendation 7.1 – A board of a listed entity should:

- a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:
 - has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent; and
 - 2. is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose:

- 3. the charter of the committee:
- 4. the members of the committee; and
- as at the end of each reporting period the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.

The Audit and Risk Committee meets at least 3 times a year and complete a Risk and Compliance checklist to recognise and manage risk.

Details of the structure and Charter of the Audit and Risk Management Committee are set out in Recommendation 4.1.

Recommendation 7.2 - The board or a committee of the board should:

- a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board: and
- b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.

Risk Management Policies

IODM has a number of other policies that directly or indirectly serve to reduce and/or manage risk. These include, but are not limited to:

- Directors and Executive Offices' Code of Conduct
- Code of Business Conduct
- Dealing in Company Securities
- Communications Strategy
- Disclosure Policy
- Risk Management and Internal Control Policy

Roles and responsibilities

The Risk Management Policy, and the other policies listed above, describes the roles and responsibilities for managing risk. This includes, as appropriate, details of responsibilities allocated to the Board.

The ARC is responsible for reviewing and approving changes to the Risk Management Policy and for satisfying itself that IODM has a sound system of risk management and internal control that is operating effectively. The ARC annually reviews and approves IODM's main risk exposures and the actions being taken to mitigate those risks.

Recommendation 7.3 – A listed entity should disclose:

- a) If it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or
- b) If it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.

The Group does not have an established internal audit function given the size of its function. The risk management functions of the board are summarised under recommendations 7.1 and 7.2.

Recommendation 7.4 – A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.

The ARC informally monitors and manages the Groups exposure to economic, environment and social responsibility risks. The Board considers that the current approach that it has adopted with regard to the sustainability risk management process is appropriate to the size and nature of operations of the Group.

Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Recommendation 8.1 – A board of a listed entity should:

- a) have a remuneration committee which:
 - has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent; and
 - is chaired by an independent director,

and disclose:

- 3. the charter of the committee:
- 4. the members of the committee; and
- 5. as at the end of each reporting period the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or
- b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.

The RNC is responsible for determining and reviewing compensation arrangements for executive directors and reporting its recommendations to the Board of IODM.

There is no scheme to provide retirement benefits, other than statutory superannuation, to non-executive Directors.

Recommendation 8.2 – A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.

IODM's remuneration structure distinguishes between non-executive Directors and that of CEO. A Remuneration Report required under Section 300A(1) of the Corporations Act is provided in the Directors' Report which forms part of the Annual Report.

Recommendation 8.3 – A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:

- a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and
- b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.

On 28 June 2019 IODM Limited introduced the Employee Share Option Plan. The Employee Share Option Plan is part of the remuneration package of the Group's directors, senior management and sales personnel. Options under this plan will vest if the participant remains employed for the agreed vesting period.

The decision on whether to exercise the options is up to the participant has thereby limiting the economic risk of participating in the scheme.

Additional information required by the Australian Stock Exchange Ltd and not shown elsewhere in this report is as follows. The information is current at 20 August 2025

Distribution of Share Holders

	Ordinary Shares		
	Number of Holders	Number of Shares	
1 - 1,000	133	19,074	
1,001 - 5,000	97	257,655	
5,001 - 10,000	43	325,402	
10,001 - 100,000	325	14,586,119	
100,001 - and over	291	601,375,935	
TOTAL	889	616,564,185	

Substantial Shareholders

Holder	No Shares	% Holding
Arena IODM Portfolio	31,487,200	5.11

Voting Rights

The voting rights attached to the ordinary shares are governed by the Constitution.

On a show of hands every person present who is a Member or representative of a Member shall have one vote and on a poll, every Member present in person or by proxy or by attorney or duly authorised representative shall have one vote for each share held. None of the options have any voting rights.

- 1. The name of the Company Secretary is Ms Petrina Halsall.
- The address of the principal registered office in Australia is Level 23, 385 Bourke Street, Melbourne, Vic, 3000 Telephone + 61 (03) 8396 5890.
- **3.** The register of securities is held at;

Boardroom Pty Ltd,

Level 8, 210 George Street, SYDNEY, NSW, 2000 Telephone 1300 737 760.

4. Securities Exchange Listing

Quotation has been granted for 616,564,185 ordinary shares on all member exchanges of the Australian Securities Exchange Limited ("ASX") and trade under the symbol 'IOD'.

- **5.** Directors' interests in share capital are disclosed in the Directors' Report.
- 6. There are 1,850,000 unlisted options at the date of this report.
- 7. There is currently no on-market buy-back in place.
- **8.** For the current financial year, the entity used its cash and assets in a form readily convertible to cash in a manner consistent with its business activities.

Top Twenty Share Holders

Position	Holder Name	Holding	%
1	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD < HUB24 CUSTODIAL SERV LTD>	106,828,473	17.33%
2	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	62,403,295	10.12%
3	ARENA IODM PORTFOLIO PTY LTD <arena a="" c="" iodm="" portfolio=""></arena>	31,487,200	5.12%
4	ROGERS IODM PORTFOLIO PTY LTD <rogers a="" c="" iodm="" portfolio=""></rogers>	29,687,013	4.82%
5	HAY STREET PROPERTY PTY LTD <hay a="" c="" property="" street=""></hay>	23,077,000	3.74%
6	YONGALA INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <yongala a="" c="" family=""></yongala>	18,106,061	2.94%
7	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	16,102,362	2.61%
8	CSF INVESTMENTS (QLD) PTY LTD <cranot a="" c="" fund="" super=""></cranot>	15,243,590	2.47%
9	MARK REILLY	14,679,697	2.38%
10	LALA INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <ali-oop a="" c="" fund="" s=""></ali-oop>	12,810,257	2.08%
11	WINDPAC PTY LTD <the a="" c="" family="" slack=""></the>	11,565,300	1.88%
12	YONGALA INVESTMENTS PTY LTD <kaisan fund="" super=""></kaisan>	11,319,697	1.84%
13	ROGERS RUBIO SUPERANNUATION FUND <rogers rubio="" superfund=""></rogers>	10,031,934	1.63%
14	MRS JENNIFER MAREE REILLY	9,699,603	1.57%
15	NICSA PTY LTD <halsall a="" c="" family=""></halsall>	9,598,686	1.56%
16	262 CAPITAL PTY <st a="" c="" income=""></st>	9,055,000	1.47%
17	STARWAY CORPORATION PTY LTD <giles a="" c="" fund="" super=""></giles>	8,225,952	1.33%
18	THE RUFUS PARTNERSHIP (VIC) PTY LTD	8,194,704	1.33%
19	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD <clearstream></clearstream>	6,472,196	1.05%
20	ONE MANAGED INVESTMENT FUNDS LIMITED <ti a="" c="" growth=""></ti>	5,000,000	0.81%
21	KALIN CONSULTING PTY LTD <kaylia a="" c="" family=""></kaylia>	5,000,000	0.81%
	Total Securities of Top 20 Holdings	424,588,020	68.64%
	Total of Securities	616,564,185	