

19 March 2025

Aurum hits 4m at 54.64 g/t gold from 222m outside 1.59Moz Boundiali MRE area

Aurum Resources (ASX: AUE) reports further shallow, extensional high-grade gold intercepts outside the MRE area at its 1.59Moz Boundiali Gold Project in Côte d'Ivoire.

Highlights

- Exploration diamond drilling (19 holes for 3,711.65m) targeting multiple prospects on the Boundiali BM tenement returns shallow, high-grade gold hits¹ including:
 - o MBDD174
 - 9m @ 24.61 g/t Au from 221m inc. 4m @ 54.64 g/t Au from 222m inc. 1.3m @ 156.61 g/t Au
 - MBDD166
 - > 2.68m @ 10.94 g/t Au from 44.70m inc. 1.68m @ 16.88 g/t Au
 - 4m @ 9.56 g/t Au from 130m inc. 3m @ 12.65 g/t Au
 - o MBDD164
 - 10.03m @ 2.75 g/t Au from 81m inc. 9.03m @ 2.97 g/t Au
 - o MBDD157
 - > 1m @ 12.93 g/t Au from 107m
 - 4m @ 1.89 g/t Au from 141 m inc. 1m @ 7.22 g/t Au.
- These results demonstrate the **emerging potential** and **continued upside** of the Boundiali project, with mineralisation **remaining open** along strike and at depth.
- Currently eight of Aurum's self-owned diamond rigs continue to drill at Boundiali with 100,000m targeted in CY2025.
- Two MRE updates planned in CY2025 to grow the maiden 1.59Moz Boundiali Mineral Resource Estimate².
- Aurum has commenced work on a Boundiali Pre-Feasibility Study, due for completion by end of CY2025.
- Plans for a 30,000m drill program at recently acquired Napié deposit, aiming to grow its existing 0.87Moz MRE³.
- Aurum is well-funded⁴ for continued exploration success.

Aurum's Managing Director Dr. Caigen Wang said: "It is my pleasure to announce further shallow high-grade gold intercepts at the Boundiali project, including **4m @ 54.64 g/t Au** from 222m in hole MBDD174 at BM Target 3. This intercept extends the known mineralisation and is outside the current BM Target 3 MRE. Our drilling is extending the limits of known mineralisation down dip as well as bringing the line spacing to 100m along strike and we expect to see an uplift in the mineral resources for BM Target 3 in the next MRE update.

Aurum has commenced 100,000m of planned diamond drilling at Boundiali in 2025. These and other drill results will be incorporated into two MRE updates. The first update, expected late in the first half of 2025, will include these recent high-grade intercepts and build upon the current **1.59Moz** Boundiali MRE. A second update, planned for late in CY25, will incorporate results from planned drilling at the BD, BM, and BST deposits, as well as numerous untested gold-in-soil anomalies. Aurum's use of its own drill rigs provides for cost-effective and accelerated exploration, underpinning our objective of significant resource growth at Boundiali in 2025 and beyond, ultimately contributing to a Pre-Feasibility Study expected by year-end.

 $^{^{1}}$ Refer to Table 1 for collar information and Table 2 for assay results for the BM drilling

² "Aurum delivers 1.6Moz Maiden JORC Resource at Boundiali Gold Project" released to the Australian Securities Exchange on 30 December 2024 and amended on 31 December 2024 and available to view on www.asx.com.au

³ "Napie Project Listing Rule 5.6 Disclosure (Amended)" released to the Australian Securities Exchange on 4 February 2025 and available to view on www.asx.com.au.

⁴ ASX December 31 Jan 2025 Quarterly Report for the period ending 31 December 2024



At the Napié project, a 30,000m diamond drilling program is planned for 2025, targeting expansion of the current **0.87Moz MRE**⁵. This program will begin pending renewal of the Napié exploration licence, with an updated MRE anticipated by year-end.

With a combined **2.5Moz of gold** across Boundiali and Napié, and substantial drilling programs planned for both projects, Aurum is well-positioned for significant resource growth and further value creation in 2025."

BM - Latest Drill Results

Aurum reports results for 19 holes (3,711.65m of diamond core) drilled at its BM tenement including extension drilling at **BM** Target 3 (seven holes for 1,633m), **BM** Target 6 (nine holes for 1,611m), **BM** Target 7 (two holes for 304m) and **BM** Target 17 (one hole for 163.65m), part of an expanded drill program at **BM**, where Aurum holds an 80% project interest⁶.

Best results for the new holes⁷ include:

- 9m @ 24.61 g/t Au from 221m inc. 4m @ 54.64 g/t Au from 222m inc. 1.3m @ 156.61 g/t Au (MBDD174)
- 2.68m @ 10.94 g/t Au from 44.70m inc. 1.68m @ 16.88 g/t Au & 3m @ 3.56 g/t Au from 128m inc. 2m @ 4.99 g/t Au (MBDD161)
- 10.03m @ 2.75 g/t Au from 81 m inc. 9.03m @ 2.97 g/t Au (MBDD164)
- 1m @ 12.93 g/t Au from 107m & 4m @ 1.89 g/t Au from 141m inc. 1m @ 7.22 g/t Au (MBDD157).

These new results are in addition to diamond holes drilled and reported⁸ by Aurum at **BM**, which included:

- 1.19m @ 277.54 g/t Au from 31m (MBDD118)
- 1m @ 150.50 g/t Au within 3m @ 50.56 g/t Au from 124m (MBDD130)
- 2m @ 63.55 g/t Au from 111m inc. 1m @ 110.95 g/t Au & 23m @ 2.04 g/t Au from 118m (MBDD123)
- 3m @ 4.00 g/t Au from 51m & 13m @ 5.17 g/t Au from 65m inc. 8m @ 8.23 g/t Au (MBDD139)
- 4m @ 9.56 g/t Au from 130m inc. 3m @ 12.65 g/t Au (MBDD133)
- 1m @ 73.77 g/t Au from 38m; 12m @ 2.14 g/t Au from 43m; 6m @ 4.46 g/t Au from 56m & 15m @ 1.17 g/t
 Au from 132m (MBDD112)
- 20m @ 1.61 g/t Au from 60m; 5m @ 2.76 g/t Au from 82m; 5m @ 3.12 g/t Au from 91m & 6m @ 3.81 g/t
 Au from 98m (MBDD114)
- 11.46m @ 6.67 g/t Au from 162.54m incl. 1.46m @ 45.04 g/t Au (MBDD049)
- 45m @ 0.93 g/t Au from 78m incl. 8m @ 1.18 g/t Au from 78m & 25m @ 1.15 g/t Au from 98m (MBDD0045)
- 17.31m @ 5.90 g/t Au from 273.69m inc. 6m @ 16.07 g/t Au (MBDD081)
- 29m @ 1.55 g/t Au from 178m inc. 13m @ 2.19 g/t Au (MBDD086).
- 1m @ 35.86 g/t Au from 82m & 4.25m @ 3.75 g/t Au from 120m (MBDD070)
- 16m @ 1.24 g/t Au from 117m incl. 6m @ 2.44 g/t Au (MBDD0010)
- 7.39m @ 1.94 g/t Au from 139.34m incl. 5.35m @ 2.53 g/t Au (MBDD017)
- 16.64m @ 1.45 g/t Au from 56.26m incl. 10.40m @ 2.11 g/t Au (MBDD007).

⁵ "Napie Project Listing Rule 5.6 Disclosure (Amended)" released to the Australian Securities Exchange on 4 February 2025 and available to view on www.asx.com.au.

⁶ Refer to About Aurum's Boundiali Gold Project

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Refer to Table 1 for collar information and Table 2 for assay results for the BM drilling 8 Refer to Compliance Statement for details on previous reporting on ASX



True widths for these shallow wide and high-grade gold intercepts are estimated at about 70% - 80% of reported downhole lengths.

Details of drill collar location and assay results for the new drilling at **BM** can be found in **Table 1** and **Table 2** respectively. Plans showing location of the Boundiali Gold Project and the assay results are presented in figures below (general locations in **Figure 1** and **Figure 2** and a detailed plan in **Figure 3** and

Figure 4). A cross section showing the latest drill results is presented in Figure 5.

Gold mineralisation remains open along strike and at depth on all prospects, with Aurum's 100,000m drilling program ongoing. Aurum is planning further work to follow up these initial results.

Boundiali - 100,000m drill program

Aurum has commenced an extensive 100,000m diamond drilling program of at its 1.59Moz Boundiali Gold Project in northern Côte d'Ivoire to be completed in 2025⁹. The program has multiple aims:

- Increase the size and confidence of current resources at BST, BD, and BM (40,000m),
- Advance known prospects (30,000m) for incorporation into two planned MRE updates in 2025.
- Target new prospects identified through soil anomalies and geological mapping to drive resource growth into 2026 (30,000m).

Next Steps:

- Aggressive cost-effective exploration at Boundiali: Aurum is committed to a large-scale exploration program at Boundiali. This includes:
 - 100,000m diamond drilling: Up to eight diamond drill rigs will complete 100,000m of drilling at Boundiali in CY2025.
 - Resource expansion: Drilling aims to expand the known resources at the BST, BD, and BM deposits.
 - New discoveries: Exploration and scout drilling is planned on BD, BM and BST tenements to test new targets and create a pipeline of new discoveries to flow into resource growth.
- Resource updates: Aurum plans to deliver two MRE updates for Boundiali in CY2025.
- Napié project development: A 30,000m diamond drilling program is planned for the Napié project in CY2025 to expand the existing 0.87Moz resource. An updated MRE for Napié is expected by year-end.
- **Pre-Feasibility Study:** Aurum is working towards completing a PFS for the Boundiali Gold Project by the end of CY2025. This will provide an evaluation of the project's economics and technical feasibility.
- Continued growth: With a strong financial position, Aurum is well-funded to execute these exploration and development plans. The company remains focused on delivering value for shareholders through resource growth and project advancement.

This update has been authorised by the Board of Aurum Resources Limited.

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⁹ This program is indicative only and subject to change based on operational requirements and exploration results. Meterage allocations may be adjusted as new information becomes available. Investors should refer to company announcements for updates on the drilling program and be aware of the inherent risks associated with mineral exploration.





FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This ASX release contains forward-looking statements about Aurum Resources Limited's exploration activities, drilling programs, and potential Mineral Resource Estimate at the Boundiali and Napié Gold Projects. These statements are based on current expectations and are subject to risks and uncertainties inherent in mineral exploration and mining. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include exploration risks, drilling results, resource estimation, gold prices, operational risks, regulatory changes, and broader economic conditions. Investors should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

COMPETENT PERSONS STATEMENT

The information in this release that relates to Exploration Targets and Exploration Results is based on information compiled by Mr Mark Strizek, a Competent Person who is a Member of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Strizek has been a non-executive Director of the Company since 1 February 2024 and joined as an executive Director on 1 June 2024. Mr Strizek has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr Strizek consents to the inclusion in the announcement of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears. Additionally, Mr Strizek confirms that the entity is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information contained in the ASX releases referred to in this presentation.

COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

The information in this report that relates to Boundiali Mineral Resources is extracted from the announcement "Aurum delivers 1.6Moz Maiden JORC Resource at Boundiali Gold Project" released to the Australian Securities Exchange on 30 December 2024 and amended on 31 December 2024 and available to view on www.asx.com.au. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

The information in this report that relates to Napié Mineral Resources is extracted from the announcement "Napié Project Listing Rule 5.6 disclosure" released to the Australian Securities Exchange on 4 February 2025 and available to view on www.asx.com.au. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

This report contains information extracted from ASX market announcements reported in accordance with the 2012 edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves" ("2012 JORC Code") and available for viewing at www.asx.com.au and includes results reported previously and published on ASX platform:

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07 Mar 25, Investor Presentation March 2025 (ASX:AUE)
06 Mar 25, AUE Completes Acquisition of Mako Gold Limited (ASX:AUE)
27 Feb 25, 12m at 22,02a/t from 145m outside 1,59Moz Boundiali MRE area (ASX:AUE)
21 Feb 2025, 8m at 8,23a/t from 65m outside 1,59Moz Boundiali MRE area (ASX:AUE)
4 Feb 2025, Napie Project Listing Rule 5.6 Disclosure (Amended) (ASX:AUE)
3 Feb 2025, Mako Takeover Offer Closes (ASX:AUE)
31 Jan 2025, Drill Collar Table Addendum (ASX:AUE)
31 Jan 2025, Change in substantial holding for MKG (ASX:AUE)
31 Jan 2025, Quarterly Activities/Appendix 5B Cash Flow Report (ASX:AUE)
30 Jan 2025, Aurum hits 150 q/t gold at Boundiali, Cote d'Ivoire (ASX:AUE)
29 Jan 2025, MKG - Suspension of Trading and Delisting From ASX (ASX:AUE)
24 Jan 2025, Compulsory Acquisition Notice Mako Takeover (ASX:AUE)
24 Jan 2025, Non-Binding MoU with SANY Heavy Equipment Co (ASX:AUE)
23 Jan 2025, Change in substantial holding for MKG (ASX:AUE)
9 Jan 2025, Best and Final offer for Mako Gold Limited (ASX:AUE)
31 Dec 2024, Boundiali Project Maiden Resource delivers 1.6 Moz (amended) (ASX:AUE)
30 Dec 2024, Boundiali Gold Project Maiden Resource delivers 1.6 Moz (ASX:AU)
24 Dec 2024, Change in substantial holding for MKG (ASX:AUE)
23 Dec 2024, AUE achieves in excess of 95% gold recoveries from Boundiali (ASX:AUE)
18 Dec 2024, Aurum hits 277 q/t gold at Boundiali BM Target 3
13 Dec 2024, Change of Directors and Addition of Joint Company Secretary (ASX:AUE & ASX:MKG)
6 Dec 2024, AUE receives firm commitments for A$10 million placement (ASX:AUE)
29 Nov 2024, Aurum earns 80% interest in Boundiali BM tenement (ASX:AUE)
28 Nov 2024, AUE appoints Mr. Steve Zaninovich as Non-Executive Director (ASX:AUE)
22 Nov 2024, AUE Declares Takeover Offer for all MKG Shares Unconditional (ASX:AUE)
15 Nov 2024, Supplementary Bidders Statement (ASX:AUE)
11 Nov 2024, Aurum hits 36 g/t gold at BM T1 of 2.5km strike (ASX:AUE)
30 Oct 2024, Bidders Statement (ASX:AUE)
16 Oct 2024, Recommended Takeover of Mako Gold By Aurum Resources (ASX:AUE)
09 Sep 2024, Aurum earns 51% interest in Boundiali BM tenement (ASX:AUE)
05 Sep 2024, AUE hits 40m at 1.03 g/t gold at Boundiali BD Target 1 (ASX:AUE)
03 Sep 2024, Boundiali South Exploration Licence Renewed (ASX:AUE)
07 Aug 2024, Aurum to advance met studies for Boundiali Gold Project (ASX:AUE)
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22 July 2024, Prelim metallurgical tests deliver up to 99% gold recovery (ASX:AUE)



17 June 2024, Aurum hits 69m at 1.05 g/t gold at Boundiali BD Target 1 (ASX:AUE)

28 May 2024, AUE hits 163 g/t gold in 12m @ 14.56 g/t gold at BD Target 1 (ASX:AUE) 24 May 2024, Aurum hits 74m @ 1.0 g/t gold at Boundiali BD Target 2 (ASX:AUE) 15 May 2024, Aurum expands Boundiali Gold Project footprint (ASX:AUE)

10 May 2024, AUE hits 90m @ 1.16 g/t gold at Boundiali BD Target 1 (ASX:AUE)

01 May 2024, Aurum Appoints Country Manager in Côte d'Ivoire (ASX:AUE)

23 April 2024, AUE drilling hits up to 45 g/t gold at Boundiali BD Target 2 (ASX:AUE)

 $19\ March\ 2024,\ AUE\ signs\ binding\ term\ sheet\ for\ 100\%\ of\ Boundiali\ South\ (ASX:AUE)$

12 March 2024, AUE hits 73m at 2.15g/t incl 1m at 72g/t gold at Boundiali (ASX:AUE)

01 March 2024, Aurum hits 4m at 22 g/t gold in Boundiali diamond drilling (ASX:AUE)

22 January 2024, Aurum hits shallow, wide gold intercepts at Boundiali, Côte d'Ivoire (ASX: AUE)

21 December 2023, Rapid Drilling at Boundiali Gold Project (ASX.AUE)

21 November 2023, AUE Acquisition Presentation (ASX.AUE)

21 June 2021, Notice of General Meeting/Proxy Form (MSR.ASX)

21 May 2021, PlusOr to Acquire 6194 sq kms Ground Position in Côte d'Ivoire (MSR.ASX)

22 August 2019, Boundiali RC Drill Results Continue to Impress (PDI.ASX)

15 July 2019, RC, Trench Results Grow Boundiali Potential In Côte D'Ivoire (PDI.ASX)

27 May 2019, New Drill Results Strengthen Boundiali Project Côte D'Ivoire (PDI.ASX 16 January 2019, PDI-Toro JV Sharpens Focus with Major Drilling Program (PDI.ASX)

26 November 2018, Boundiali North - Large Coherent Gold Anomalies in 14km Zone (PDI.ASX)

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the previous announcements.



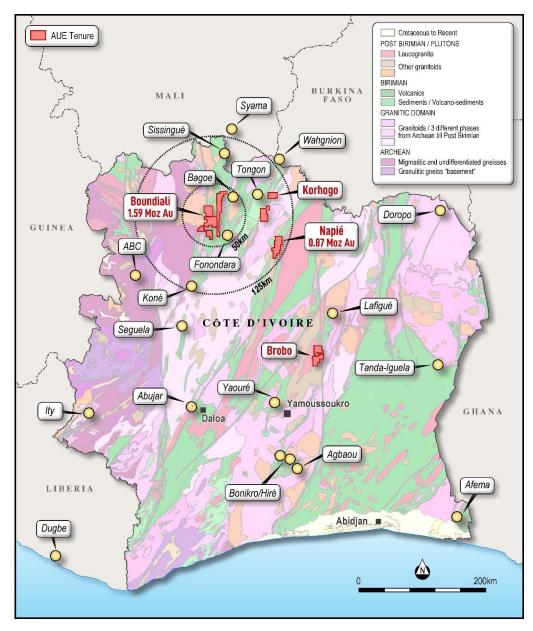


Figure 1: Location of Aurum's projects in Côte d'Ivoire



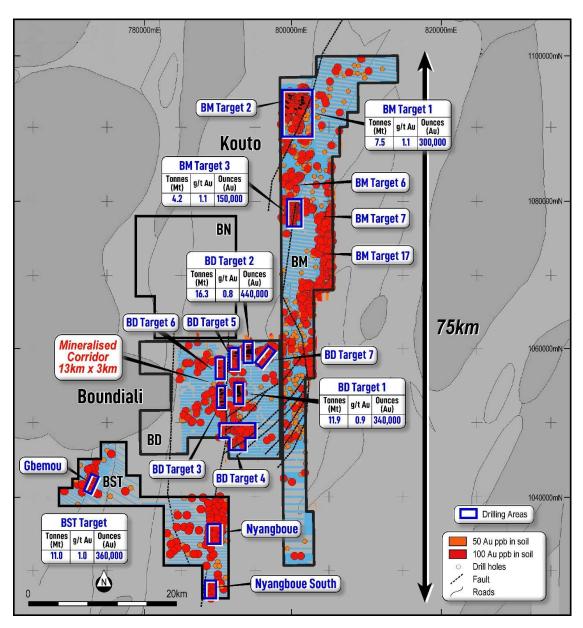


Figure 2: Aurum's Boundiali Gold Project



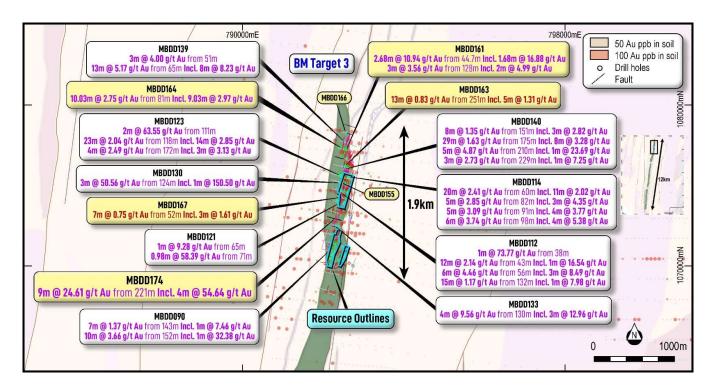


Figure 3: BM tenement plan view showing new drilling results (yellow) at BM Target 3



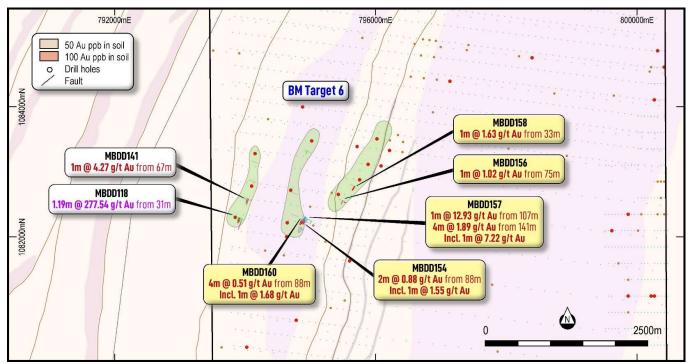


Figure 4: BM tenement plan view showing new drilling results (yellow) at BM Target 6



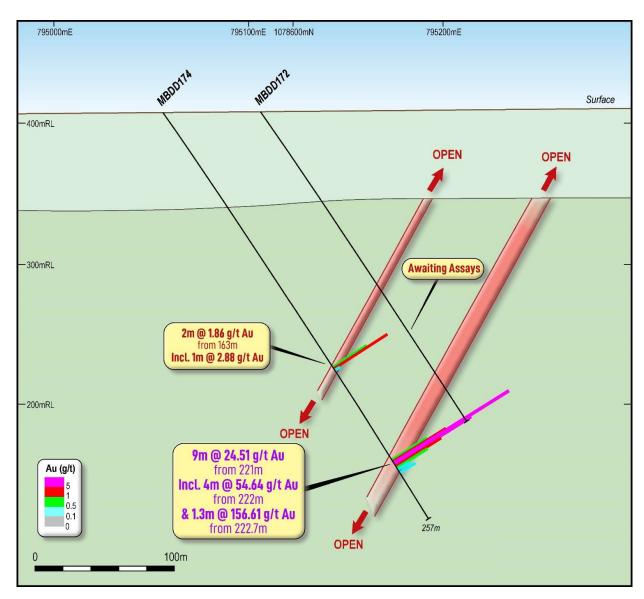


Figure 5: Oblique Cross Section looking northeast (+/-50m) showing new drill results MBDD174 - BM Target 3



Table 1: Drill Collar Information BM

Hole ID	UTM East	UTM North	Elevation (m)	Depth (m)	Dip deg	Azi deg	Prospect	Туре
MBDD155	795,102	1,079,077	384	308.20	-57	105	вмт3	DD
MBDD161	795,230	1,079,456	372	146.70	-55	105	вмт3	DD
MBDD163	795,135	1,079,264	377	402.60	-55	105	вмт3	DD
MBDD164	795,183	1,079,469	373	188.80	-55	105	вмт3	DD
MBDD166	795,282	1,079,651	367	138.00	-55	105	вмт3	DD
MBDD167	795,198	1,078,859	390	192.00	-55	105	вмт3	DD
MBDD174*	795,056	1,078,619	406	256.70	-55	105	вмт3	DD
7 holes				1,633m				
MBDD142	794,151	1,082,841	354	151.50	-55	290	вмт6	DD
MBDD145	794,186	1,083,132	352	152.00	-55	290	вмт6	DD
MBDD147	794,795	1,082,318	369	162.00	-55	290	вмт6	DD
MBDD149	794,793	1,082,654	359	157.00	-55	290	вмт6	DD
MBDD154	794,952	1,082,222	369	207.00	-55	300	вмт6	DD
MBDD156	795,525	1,082,531	356	173.80	-55	300	вмт6	DD
MBDD157	794,972	1,082,265	369	196.60	-55	300	вмт6	DD
MBDD158	795,685	1,082,761	359	161.10	-55	300	вмт6	DD
MBDD160A	795,007	1,082,244	368	250.00	-55	300	вмт6	DD
9 holes				1,611m				
MBDD159	799,723	1,076,596	400	152.50	-55	270	BMT7	DD
MBDD162	799,814	1,076,600	398	151.50	-55	270	BMT7	DD
2 holes				304m				
MBDD151	798,070	1,070,740	378	163.65	-55	130	BMT17	DD
Total 19 holes				3711.65m			All	DD



Table 2: Significant assay results for holes being reported for BM¹⁰

Hole ID	From	То	Interval	Au (ppm)	Sig Int > 0.2 g/t Au	m*g/t Au (gpm)	Sig Int >1 g/t Au
	86.00	87.00	1.00	0.10		(86111)	
MBDD142					NSI		
MBDD145					NSI		
MBDD147					NSI		
MBDD149					NSI		
MBDD151					NSI		
	73.00	74.00	1.00	0.15			
	88.00	89.00	1.00	0.21	2.00 0.00 // 1	4.0	-
	89.00	90.00	1.00	1.55	2.00 m @ 0.88 g/t Au	1.8	1.00 m @ 1.55 g/t Au
MADDD154	94.00	95.00	1.00	1.08	1.00 m @ 1.08 g/t Au	1.1	1.00 m @ 1.08 g/t Au
MBDD154	123.00	124.00	1.00	0.38	1.00 m @ 0.38 g/t Au	0.4	
	144.00	145.00	1.00	0.19			
	182.00	183.00	1.00	0.60	1.00 m @ 0.60 g/t Au	0.6	
	184.00	185.00	1.00	0.15			-
	159.00	160.00	1.00	0.18			
	167.00	168.00	1.00	0.18			
MADDDAFF	179.00	180.00	1.00	0.10			
MBDD155	227.00	228.00	1.00	0.58	1.00 m @ 0.58 g/t Au	0.6	
	259.00	260.00	1.00	0.18			
	301.00	302.00	1.00	0.53	1.00 m @ 0.53 g/t Au	0.5	
MDDD1FC	75.00	76.00	1.00	1.02	1.00 m @ 1.02 g/t Au	1.0	1.00 m @ 1.02 g/t Au
MBDD156	76.00	77.00	1.00	0.19			
	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.13			
	99.00	100.00	1.00	0.16			
	107.00	108.00	1.00	12.93	1.00 m @ 12.93 g/t Au	12.9	1.00 m @ 12.93 g/t Au
	126.00	127.00	1.00	0.64			
	127.00	128.00	1.00	0.61	3.00 m @ 0.51 g/t Au	1.5	
	128.00	129.00	1.00	0.29			
MBDD157	134.00	135.00	1.00	0.28	2 00 m @ 0 24 =/+ A	0.5	
	135.00	136.00	1.00	0.34	2.00 m @ 0.31 g/t Au	0.6	
	141.00	142.00	1.00	7.22			1.00 m @ 7.22 g/t Au
	142.00	143.00	1.00	0.06	4.00 m @ 4.00 =/+ A	7.0	
	143.00	144.00	1.00	0.01	4.00 m @ 1.89 g/t Au	7.6	
	144.00	145.00	1.00	0.28			
	186.00	187.00	1.00	0.17]
MBDD158	33.00	34.00	1.00	1.63	1.00 m @ 1.63 g/t Au	1.6	1.00 m @ 1.63 g/t Au

 $^{\rm 10}\,\rm 0.2~g/t$ Au cut off used with 3m internal dilution and no top cut applied



	48.97	49.50	0.53	1.53	0.53 m @ 1.53 g/t Au	0.8	0.53 m @ 1.53 g/t Au
	50.47	51.21	0.74	1.55	0.74 m @ 1.55 g/t Au	1.1	0.74 m @ 1.55 g/t Au
	54.00	55.00	1.00	0.41	1.00 m @ 0.41 g/t Au	0.4	
	55.00	56.00	1.00	0.15			
	38.16	39.00	0.84	0.23	0.84 m @ 0.23 g/t Au	0.2	
MADDDAFO	39.00	40.00	1.00	0.17			
MBDD159	42.00	43.00	1.00	0.29	2.00 @ 0.25/+ 4	0.7	
	43.00	44.00	1.00	0.41	2.00 m @ 0.35 g/t Au	0.7	
	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.68	1.00 m @ 0.68 g/t Au	0.7	
	129.00	130.00	1.00	0.14			
	136.00	137.00	1.00	0.10			
	141.00	142.00	1.00	0.11			
	151.00	152.00	1.00	0.37			
	152.00	153.00	1.00	0.02	3.00 m @ 0.28 g/t Au	0.8	
	153.00	154.00	1.00	0.45			
NADDD1 COA	162.00	163.00	1.00	0.18			
MBDD160A	168.00	169.00	1.00	0.36	1.00 m @ 0.36 g/t Au	0.4	
	179.00	180.00	1.00	0.23	1.00 m @ 0.23 g/t Au	0.2	
	188.00	189.00	1.00	1.68			1.00 m @ 1.68 g/t Au
	189.00	190.00	1.00	0.01	4.00 @ 0.51/+ 4	2.0	
	190.00	191.00	1.00	0.01	4.00 m @ 0.51 g/t Au	2.0	
	191.00	192.00	1.00	0.34			
	203.00	204.00	1.00	0.21	1.00 m @ 0.21 g/t Au	0.2	
	222.00	223.00	1.00	0.10			
	34.26	35.08	0.82	0.14			
	44.70	45.70	1.00	0.97			
	45.70	46.50	0.80	21.35	2.68 m @ 10.94 g/t Au	29.3	1.68 m @ 16.88 g/t Au
	46.50	47.38	0.88	12.82			1.00 III @ 10.00 g/t Au
	47.38	48.00	0.62	0.11			
	48.00	49.00	1.00	0.10			
	52.00	53.00	1.00	0.12			
	69.00	70.00	1.00	0.10			
MBDD161	70.00	71.00	1.00	0.28	1.00 m @ 0.28 g/t Au	0.3	
MIDDDIOT	106.00	107.00	1.00	0.98	2.00 m @ 2.67 g/t Au	5.4	
	107.00	108.00	1.00	4.37	2.00 m @ 2.07 g/t Au	J.7	1.00 m @ 4.37 g/t Au
	108.00	109.00	1.00	0.18			
	110.00	111.00	1.00	0.17			
	114.00	115.00	1.00	0.16			
	115.00	116.00	1.00	0.12			
	116.00	117.00	1.00	0.56	2 00 m @ 0 29 a/+ Au	0 0	
	117.00	118.00	1.00	0.20	2.00 m @ 0.38 g/t Au	0.8	
	128.00	129.00	1.00	1.71	3.00 m @ 3.56 g/t Au	10.7	2.00 m @ 4.99 g/t Au



	129.00	130.00	1.00	8.26			
	130.00	131.00	1.00	0.71			
MBDD162					NSI		
	188.30	189.00	0.70	0.16			
	229.00	230.00	1.00	0.23	1.00 m @ 0.23 g/t Au	0.2	
	241.00	242.00	1.00	0.87			
	242.00	243.00	1.00	0.01	4.00 0.00 4.4	4.2	
	243.00	244.00	1.00	0.01	4.00 m @ 0.29 g/t Au	1.2	
	244.00	245.00	1.00	0.28			
	251.00	252.00	1.00	1.43			
	252.00	253.00	1.00	2.88			
	253.00	254.00	1.00	0.39			5.00 m @ 1.31 g/t Au
	254.00	255.00	1.00	0.04			
	255.00	256.00	1.00	1.79			
	256.00	257.00	1.00	0.83			
	257.00	258.00	1.00	0.05	13.00 m @ 0.83 g/t Au	10.8	
	258.00	259.00	1.00	0.04			
	259.00	260.00	1.00	0.26			
	260.00	261.00	1.00	0.25			
	261.00	262.00	1.00	2.08			1.00 m @ 2.08 g/t Au
	262.00	263.00	1.00	0.21			
	263.00	264.00	1.00	0.56			
MBDD163	282.00	283.00	1.00	0.26	1.00 m @ 0.26 g/t Au	0.3	
	285.00	286.00	1.00	0.33	1.00 m @ 0.33 g/t Au	0.3	
	310.00	311.00	1.00	0.24			
	311.00	312.00	1.00	0.14			
	312.00	313.00	1.00	1.28	5.00 m @ 0.42 g/t Au	2.1	1.00 m @ 1.28 g/t Au
	313.00	314.00	1.00	0.09			
	314.00	315.00	1.00	0.35			
	322.00	323.00	1.00	0.15			
	325.00	326.00	1.00	0.43	1.00 m @ 0.43 g/t Au	0.4	
	326.00	327.00	1.00	0.11			
	328.00	329.00	1.00	0.20	1.00 m @ 0.20 g/t Au	0.2	
	354.00	355.00	1.00	1.70	1.00 m @ 1.70 g/t Au	1.7	1.00 m @ 1.70 g/t Au
	367.00	368.00	1.00	0.39			
	368.00	369.00	1.00	1.07			1.00 m @ 1.07 g/t Au
	369.00	370.00	1.00	0.08	5.00 m @ 0.72 g/t Au	3.6	
	370.00	371.00	1.00	1.36			1.00 m @ 1.36 g/t Au
	371.00	372.00	1.00	0.68			
	380.00	381.00	1.00	2.33			
	381.00	382.00	1.00	0.46	3.00 m @ 1.38 g/t Au	4.1	3.00 m @ 1.38 g/t Au
	382.00	383.00	1.00	1.35			



	200.00	200.00	1.00	0.54	1 00 @ 0 54 /- 4	0.5	
	389.00 3.90	390.00 4.82	1.00 0.92	0.54 0.14	1.00 m @ 0.54 g/t Au	0.5	_
	18.88	20.00	1.12	0.73	1.12 m @ 0.73 g/t Au	0.8	\dashv
	27.00	27.93	0.93	0.73	1.12 III @ 0.73 g/t Au	0.6	\dashv
	51.00	52.00	1.00	0.10			
	58.00	59.00	1.00	0.79			\dashv
	59.00	60.00	1.00	0.08			
	60.00	61.00	1.00	0.01	5.00 m @ 0.22 g/t Au	1.1	
	61.00	62.00	1.00	0.01	3.00 m @ 0.22 g/ t Au	1.1	
	62.00	63.00	1.00	0.22			
	81.00	82.00	1.00	0.76			-
	82.00	83.00	1.00	7.26			
	83.00	84.00	1.00	6.53			
	84.00	85.00	1.00	2.97			
	85.00	86.00	1.00	2.14		27.6	
MBDD164	86.00	87.00	1.00	1.88	10.03 m @ 2.75 g/t Au		9.03 m @ 2.97 g/t Au
	87.00	88.00	1.00	0.79			
	88.00	89.00	1.00	1.05			
	89.00	90.00	1.00	0.59			
	90.00	91.03	1.03	3.51			
	142.00	143.00	1.00	0.18			
	143.00	144.00	1.00	5.87			1.00 m @ 5.87 g/t Au
	144.00	145.00	1.00	0.71			<u> </u>
	145.00	146.00	1.00	0.35	4.00 m @ 1.82 g/t Au	7.3	
	146.00	147.00	1.00	0.37			
	158.00	159.19	1.19	0.52	1.19 m @ 0.52 g/t Au	0.6	
	169.00	170.00	1.00	0.47			7
	170.00	171.00	1.00	0.50			
	171.00	172.00	1.00	0.70	4.00 m @ 0.61 g/t Au	2.5	
	172.00	173.00	1.00	0.79			
	0.50	1.50	1.00	0.14			
	1.50	2.25	0.75	0.15			
MBDD166	2.25	3.00	0.75	0.10			
	5.00	6.00	1.00	0.38	1.00 m @ 0.38 g/t Au	0.4	
	7.50	9.00	1.50	0.16			
	1.41	1.97	0.56	0.25	0.56 m @ 0.25 g/t Au	0.1	
	3.00	4.00	1.00	0.58	1.00 m @ 0.58 g/t Au	0.6	
	5.15	6.00	0.85	0.24	0.85 m @ 0.24 g/t Au	0.2	
MBDD167	8.30	9.00	0.70	0.14			
	9.00	10.50	1.50	0.10			
	10.50	11.00	0.50	5.33	1.50 m @ 1.98 g/t Au	3.0	0.50 m @ 5.33 g/t Au
	11.00	12.00	1.00	0.30	1.30 M 1.30 g/t Au	5.0	



15.00	15.70	0.70	0.13			
17.35	18.00	0.65	0.15			
20.00	20.73	0.73	1.96	0.73 m @ 1.96 g/t Au	1.4	0.73 m @ 1.96 g/t Au
26.00	27.00	1.00	0.22	1.00 m @ 0.22 g/t Au	0.2	
39.00	40.00	1.00	0.14			
42.50	43.00	0.50	0.12			
44.00	45.00	1.00	0.24	1.00 m @ 0.24 g/t Au	0.2	
48.00	49.00	1.00	0.25	1.00 m @ 0.25 g/t Au	0.3	
52.00	53.00	1.00	1.43			
53.00	54.00	1.00	0.33			3.00 m @ 1.61 g/t Au
54.00	55.00	1.00	3.07			
55.00	56.00	1.00	0.01	7.00 m @ 0.75 g/t Au	5.2	
56.00	57.00	1.00	0.01			
57.00	58.00	1.00	0.18			
58.00	59.00	1.00	0.21			
59.00	60.00	1.00	0.15			
64.00	65.00	1.00	0.16			
67.00	68.00	1.00	0.25	1.00 m @ 0.25 g/t Au	0.3	
69.00	70.00	1.00	0.12			
92.00	93.00	1.00	0.24	1.00 m @ 0.24 g/t Au	0.2	
113.00	114.00	1.00	0.25	200 0045 // 4	0.0	
114.00	115.00	1.00	0.64	2.00 m @ 0.45 g/t Au	0.9	
119.00	120.00	1.00	0.54			
120.00	121.00	1.00	0.04			
121.00	122.00	1.00	0.26			
122.00	123.00	1.00	0.25			
123.00	124.00	1.00	1.71			1.00 m @ 1.71 g/t Au
124.00	125.00	1.00	0.93	11.00 m @ 0.46 g/t Au	5.1	
125.00	126.00	1.00	0.01			
126.00	127.00	1.00	0.25			
127.00	128.00	1.00	0.63			
128.00	129.00	1.00	0.08			
129.00	130.00	1.00	0.39			
136.00	137.00	1.00	0.10			
137.00	138.00	1.00	0.37	1.00 m @ 0.37 g/t Au	0.4	
147.00	148.00	1.00	0.56	1.00 m @ 0.56 g/t Au	0.6	
154.00	155.00	1.00	0.34	1.00 m @ 0.34 g/t Au	0.3	
163.00	164.00	1.00	0.40	1.00 m @ 0.40 g/t Au		
171.00	172.00	1.00	0.20	200 0005 /: :	0.4	
172.00	173.00	1.00	0.20	2.00 m @ 0.20 g/t Au		
175.00	176.00	1.00	0.16			
176.00	177.00	1.00	0.41	1.00 m @ 0.41 g/t Au	0.4	
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	178.00	179.00	1.00	0.11			
	163.00	164.00	1.00	0.84	200 @ 105 /- 10		
	164.00	165.00	1.00	2.88	2.00 m @ 1.86 g/t Au	3.7	1.00 m @ 2.88 g/t Au
	165.00	166.00	1.00	0.14			
	221.00	222.00	1.00	0.88			
	222.00	222.70	0.70	2.66			
MBDD174	222.70	224.00	1.30	156.61		221.5	4.00 m @ 54.64 g/t Au
MIDDD174	224.00	225.00	1.00	11.44			
	225.00	226.00	1.00	1.65	9.00 m @ 24.61 g/t Au		
	226.00	227.00	1.00	0.68			
	227.00	228.00	1.00	0.21			
	228.00	229.00	1.00	0.07			
	229.00	230.00	1.00	0.26			



About Aurum

Aurum Resources (ASX:AUE) is an Australian based gold exploration company focused on discovery and development of major gold projects in Côte d'Ivoire, West Africa. Aurum has 2.47Moz gold resources coming from two gold projects, the 1.6Moz Boundiali Gold Project and the 0.87Moz Napié Gold Project. Aurum owns and runs eight (8) diamond drill rigs allowing it to explore faster and more cost effectively than its peers.

Statement of Boundiali Mineral Resources by Deposit as at 29 December 2024. Reported at 0.5 g/t Au cut off within pit shells; and 1.0 g/t Au cut off below the pit shells 11

			Oxide			Transition	7		Fresh			Total	
Area	Class	Quantity	A. (a.#)	Au	Quantity	A. (a.#)	Au	Quantity	A / m/t)	Au	Quantity	Au	Au
		(Mt)	Au (g/t)	(Oz)	(Mt)	Au (g/t)	(KOz)	(Mt)	Au (g/t)	(KOz)	(Mt)	(g/t)	(KOz)
	Indicated	0.8	1.1	30,000	0.7	1.2	30,000	2.4	1.0	80,000	3.9	1.1	130,000
BST	Inferred	0.6	1.0	20,000	1.3	1.0	40,000	5.1	1.0	160,000	7.1	1.0	220,000
	Sub Total	1.4	1.1	50,000	2.0	1.0	70,000	7.6	1.0	240,000	11.0	1.0	360,000
	Indicated												
BDT1	Inferred	0.8	0.9	20,000	0.3	0.9	10,000	10.8	0.9	310,000	11.9	0.9	340,000
	Sub Total	0.8	0.9	20,000	0.3	0.9	10,000	10.8	0.9	310,000	11.9	0.9	340,000
	Indicated												
BDT2	Inferred	0.1	0.8	3,000	2.1	0.8	60,000	14.1	0.8	380,000	16.3	0.8	440,000
	Sub Total	0.1	0.8	3,000	2.1	0.8	60,000	14.1	0.8	380,000	16.3	0.8	440,000
	Indicated												
BMT1	Inferred	0.3	1.0	10,000	0.1	1.0	3,000	7.1	1.3	288,000	7.5	1.2	300,000
	Sub Total	0.3	1.0	10,000	0.1	1.0	3,000	7.1	1.3	288,000	7.5	1.2	300,000
	Indicated												
BMT3	Inferred	0.2	1.1	10,000	0.3	1.1	10,000	3.8	1.1	130,000	4.2	1.1	150,000
	Sub Total	0.2	1.1	10,000	0.3	1.1	10,000	3.8	1.1	130,000	4.2	1.1	150,000
	Indicated	0.8	1.2	30,000	0.7	1.3	30,000	2.4	1.0	80,000	3.9	1.0	130,000
All	Inferred	2.0	1.0	60,000	4.1	0.9	120,000	40.8	1.0	1,270,000	47.0	1.0	1,450,000
	Total	2.8	1.0	90,000	4.8	1.0	150,000	43.3	1.0	1,350,000	50.9	1.0	1,590,000

Napié Mineral Resource Estimate; On 14 June 2022, a maiden Mineral Resource Estimate was reported in accordance with JORC (2012) comprising two deposits, Tchaga and Gogbala.¹²

Deposit	Category	Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (g/t Au)	Au (koz)
Tchaga	Inferred	14.6	1.16	545
Gogbala	Inferred	7.8	1.29	323
Global Resource	Total	22.5	1.20	868

Resources reported at a cut-off grade of 0.6g/t gold. Differences may occur in totals due to rounding.

^{11 &}quot;Aurum delivers 1.6Moz Maiden JORC Resource at Boundiali Gold Project" released to the Australian Securities Exchange on 30 December 2024 and amended on 31 December 2024 and available to view on www.asx.com.au.

¹² "Napie Project Listing Rule 5.6 Disclosure (Amended)" released to the Australian Securities Exchange on 4 February 2025 and available to view on www.asx.com.au.



Boundiali Gold Project (1.6Moz)

The flagship 1.6Moz Boundiali Gold Project is comprised of four neighbouring exploration tenements and is located within the same greenstone belt as Resolute's large Syama (11.5Moz) gold mine and Perseus' Sissingue (1.4 Moz) gold mine to the north and Montage Gold's 4.5Moz Koné project located to the south. Barrick's Tongon mine (5.0Moz) is located to the northeast (Figure 1):

- 1) Boundiali Minex Tenement PR0893 ("**BM**"), 400km², holder Minex West Africa, of which Aurum holds 80% (through its fully owned subsidiary Plusor Global Pty Ltd "Plusor") and can hold interest of between 80-88% in a mining licence.
- 2) Boundiali DS tenement PR808 ("**BD**"), 260km², holder DS Resources Joint Venture Company, of which Aurum is 80% share capital owner through its fully owned subsidiary Plusor.
- 3) Boundiali South tenement PR414 ("BST"), 167.34km² is located directly south of Aurum's BD and BM tenement. The BST exploration tenement was renewed on 19th August 2024. Predictive Discovery Côte d'Ivoire SARL (89% owned by Turaco Gold Limited and 11% owned by Predictive Discovery Limited) agreed to sell 100% interest to Aurum, subject to Aurum obtaining a renewal of the Boundiali South tenement (or the granting of a replacement tenement) and being satisfied that the terms of the renewal (or replacement) do not restrict exploration or potential future mining rights, along with all required Government approvals.
- 4) Boundiali North tenement PR283 ("BN"), 208.87km2, under renewal, Aurum to earn up to 70% interest through its wholly owned subsidiary Plusor.

BM gold project JV

Plusor has earnt 80% interest through drilling 8,000m and spending US\$2.5M accumulated exploration expenditure.

- Completed drilling 4,000m diamond holes to earn 30% interest
- Completed drilling a further 4,000m diamond holes to earn accumulated 51% interest
- Earnt an accumulated 80% interest from a total exploration expenditure of US\$2.5M using a nominal diamond drilling cost of US\$140/m in calculation for expenditure commitment.
- 80-88% interest in future gold production company (Government gets 10% free carry from local partner):
 - o 80% if local partner contributes 11% capex
 - o 85% if local partner does not contribute capex they go to 5% free carry
 - o 88% if local partner sells us 3% of their interest they go to 2% free carry

BD gold project JV

Plusor owns 80% interest acquired from DS Joint Venture Company's two shareholders:

- acquired 45% share capital of DS Joint Venture Company Sarl by paying US\$430,000 to DS Resources Sarl; and
- acquired 35% share capital of DS Joint Venture Company Sarl from Turaco Gold Ltd by drilling 3,500m diamond holes in Turaco's other gold projects in Côte d'Ivoire. This commitment has been completed.
- 80-88% interest in future gold production company (Government gets 10% free carry from local partner):
 - o 80% if local partner contributes 11% capex



- o 85% if local partner does not contribute capex they go to 5% free carry
- o 88% if local partner sells us 3% of their interest they go to 2% free carry

BST gold project consideration and payment for the binding term sheet

- Purchase of the tenement is subject to Aurum obtaining a renewal of the BST tenement (or the
 granting of a replacement) and being satisfied that the terms of the renewal (or replacement permit)
 do not restrict exploration or potential future mining rights, along with required Government
 approvals
- Within 15 business days of the satisfaction (or waiver) of the conditions precedent above, the Seller will, by written notice to the Purchaser, elect to receive one of the following forms of consideration (Election):
 - (i) A\$800,000 in cash (Cash Consideration); or
 - (ii) If the 20-day volume weighted average trading price of Shares (VWAP) is:
 - Less than or equal to A\$0.20 at the time of the Election, 5,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares in the Purchaser (Shares) (Consideration Shares 1); or
 - Greater than A\$0.20 at the time of the Election, Shares to a value of A\$1.2 million, as determined by dividing A\$1.2 million by the 20-day VWAP for the Shares (Consideration Shares 2)
- 90% interest in future gold production company (Government get 10% free carry from our interest)

BN gold project JV

Aurum is earning interest through carrying out exploration to earn 70% interest in three stages:

- Stage 1: Aurum earns 35% interest by spending USD 1.2 million within 36 months of license grant
- Stage 2: Aurum earns 51% interest by spending USD 2.5 million within 60 months of license grant
- Stage 3: Aurum earns 70% interest upon completion of a pre-feasibility study on the tenement.
- Diamond drilling conducted by Aurum will be valued at US\$140 per meter for expenditure calculations
- Upon grant of a mining exploitation license, the ownership structure will be: Aurum (70%), GNRR (20%), Ivorian Government (10%)

Mako Gold projects (0.87Moz)

Mako Gold (majority owned subsidiary of Aurum) holds 90% interest in the Napié Gold Project (10% held by Occidental Gold SARL, a subsidiary of West African gold miner Perseus Mining Limited ASX/TSX:PRU). Mako Gold has 100% ownership of the Korhogo Project (significant manganese discovery) and the Brobo Project (lithium/rare earths).



Section 1 of the JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1

Sampling Techniques and Data

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	 Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling. Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used. Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information. 	 Samples were collected using diamond drilling techniques generally angled at 50° towards north-northwest to optimally intersect the mineralised zones. Diamond core was logged both for geological and mineralised structures as noted above. The core was then cut in half using a diamond brick cutting saw on 1m intervals. Typically the core was sampled to geological intervals as defined by the geologist within the even two metre sample intervals utilised. The right-hand side of the core was always submitted for analysis with the left side being stored in trays on site. Sampling and QAQC procedures were carried out to industry standards. Sample preparation and assay was completed by independent international accredited laboratory MSALABS. Following cutting or splitting, the samples were bagged by the Client employees and then sent to the laboratory for preparation. These samples were subsequently sent to MSALABS at Yamousoukro for analysis via 500g Photon Assay.
Drilling techniques	 Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, openhole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc). 	Diamond drilling carried out with mostly NTW and some HQ sized equipment. PQ-size rods and casing were used at the top the holes to stabilise the collars although no samples were taken from the PQ size core.
Drill sample recovery	 Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed. Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples. Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material. 	Diamond drilling core recoveries ranged between 85% and 100% for all holes with no significant issues noted.
Logging	 Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies. 	All holes were field logged by company geologists. Lithological, alteration and mineralogical nomenclature of the deposit as well as sulphide content were recorded. Metallurgical, Geotechnical and structural



Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sub-sampling	 Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography. The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged. If core, whether cut or sawn and whether 	 data has been recorded Photography and recovery measurements were carried out by assistants under a geologist's supervision. All drill holes were logged in full. Logging was qualitative and quantitative in nature. NTW core cut in half using a core saw.
techniques and sample preparation	 quarter, half or all core taken. If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry. For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique. Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in-situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled. 	Typically, the core was sampled to major geological intervals as defined by the geologist within the even two metre sample intervals utilised. All samples were collected from the same side of the core. • Sample sizes are considered appropriate to correctly represent the moderately nuggetty gold mineralisation based on: the style of mineralisation, the thickness and consistency of the intersections, the sampling methodology and assay value ranges for Au. • The entire sample was crushed to 70% passing 2mm. • Crushed sample was split to produce 500g sample for analysis and the remaining reject kept for checks. • Field QC procedures involved the use of 2 types of certified reference materials (1 in 20) which is certified by Geostats Ltd, • Primary DD duplicate: Generated by cutting the remaining half core into a ¼ and sampled. • Coarse blank samples: Inserted 1 in every 20 samples • Laboratory Internal Duplicates and Standards • Sample sizes are considered appropriate to correctly represent the moderately nuggetty gold mineralisation based on: the style of mineralisation, the thickness and consistency of the intersections, the sampling methodology and assay value ranges for gold
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	 The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total. For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc. 	The analytical technique used is ChrysosTM PhotonAssay methodology. This uses a high-energy X-ray source that is used to irradiate large mineral samples, typically about 500g compared to the 50g of the fire assay. The X-rays induce short-lived changes in the structure of any gold nuclei present. As the excited gold nuclei return to their ground state, they emit a characteristic gamma-ray signature, the intensity of which is directly proportional to the concentration



Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established.	of gold. The penetrating nature of ChrysosTM PhotonAssay provides much higher energy than those used in conventional X-ray fluorescence (XRF), which provides a true bulk analysis of the entire sample. Samples are presented into a fully automatic process where samples are irradiated, measured, data collection and reporting. One sample with coarse gold was also analysed using (MSC-150) a metallic screen fire assay method used by MSALABS, primarily for analysing gold in samples where there's coarse gold. The screen fire assay process is used to provide a more accurate representation of the gold concentration, especially in samples where the gold is known to be very unevenly distributed. It involves screening a large sample (in this case, 1000g) through a metallic screen. The sample is then separated into two fractions: the minus 150 (undersized) fraction and the plus 150 (oversized) fraction. Both fractions are then subjected to fire assay and this process is designed to increase the accuracy of gold assays, particularly in samples containing coarse gold. In this case the photon assay reported 128.04 g/t Au and the subsequent screen fire assay reported 156.61 g/t Au. This outcome was expected given the coarse gold observed in the core and the screen fire assay has been reported for this interval. No geophysical tools were used to determine any element concentrations used for this report. Sample preparation checks for fineness were carried out by the laboratory as part of internal procedures to ensure the grind size of 2mm was being attained. Laboratory QAQC includes the use of internal standards using certified reference material, and pulp replicates. No anomalous assays were noted in information provided to the Client. The QAQC results confirm that acceptable levels of accuracy and precision have been established for the Classifications applied (exploration results only).
Verification of sampling and assaying	 The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel. The use of twinned holes. Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage 	 NA No holes have been twinned No adjustment to assay data Logging records were mostly registered in physical format and were input into a digital format. The core photographs, collar



Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Location of data points	 Discuss any adjustment to assay data. Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation. Specification of the grid system used. 	 were received in digital format. Assay values that were below detection limit were adjusted to equal half of the detection limit value. Un-sampled intervals were assumed to have no mineralisation and they were therefore set to blank in the database, however these are minimal. DD collar positions were initially located using a handheld GPS with a location error of +/3m. The datum employed is WGS84, Zone 29 All drill hole locations are then surveyed utilising the differential GPS methods by
Data spacing and distribution	 Quality and adequacy of topographic control. Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results. Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. Whether sample compositing has been applied. 	 both company and third party surveyors. DGPS system utilised is typically within a 10 cm accuracy range which is suitable for the classification applied. Drillholes were completed on variable spacings (100m by 50m) and orientations. The drill hole spacing and distribution is considered sufficient to establish the degree of continuity appropriate for the Inferred Mineral Resource estimation procedures. The samples were not composited prior to assay.
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	 Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type. If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material. 	Drill holes were drilled approximately at right angles to the anticipated strike of the target geochemical anomaly and orthogonal to the interpreted mineralisation orientation.
Sample security	The measures taken to ensure sample security.	Chain of custody is managed by the Client's senior site geologists and geotechnicians. Samples are stored in a core shed at site and samples were delivered to the laboratory by client geologists. Client employees have no further involvement in the preparation or analysis of the samples.
Audits or reviews	The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.	Detailed reviews of sampling techniques were carried out on the site visit by RPM in October 2024 and follow up visit in March 2025.



Section 2 of the JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	 Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings. The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a license to operate in the area. 	 Exploration results are from the Boundiali project area PR893 (BM),400km2, holder Minex West Africa, of which Aurum has earnt 80% interest and can earn up to 88% in a mining licence through its fully owned subsidiary Plusor Global Pty Ltd ("Plusor"). There are no impediments to working in the area.
Exploration done by other parties	Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.	 The exploration results reported in this announcement are from work undertaken by PlusOr and BM on behalf of Aurum Resources Limited The license area is known as a prospective region for gold and recent artisanal workings revealed the presence of primary gold mineralisation in artisanal pits and small-scale underground mining.
Geology	Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.	 The Boundiali Deposits are located within the Proterozoic Birimian rocks of the Man shield. It is situated on, 100km west of from the Korhogo in the northern part of the Côte d'Ivoire. They are located in the Bagoué- Syama shear zone within the sedimentary rock with minor associated intrusions of mafic dykes and late-stage granitoids. The various rock units trend NS to NNE similar to the regional metamorphic grade. The regional trend is NE to N. The Boundiali deposits resemble typical shear zone deposits of the West African granite-greenstone terrane. The deposits themselves are associated with a major regional shear zone and are developed in a sandstone. Mineralisation may be spatially related to the emplacement of intrusives. The gold mineralisation is mesothermal in origin and occurs as free gold in quartz vein stockworks and zones of silicification, associated with pyrite and chalcopyrite. The gold mineralisation is found in linear zones with the contacts showing evidence of shearing. Free gold is frequently observed. Alteration is weak to strong depending on the development of the system typically being sericite. Two types of deformation are present in



Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		the drill cores: ductile deformation and brittle deformation. The gold mineralisation is related to deformed sandstone and graywacke, in shear zones, with sulphides (mainly pyrite and minor chalcopyrite) associated with visible gold. Alteration is characterized by chlorite, sericite, calcite, secondary quartz and disseminated pyrite. This assemblage is well developed in schistose, foliated rocks with presence of quartz veins or veinlets.
Drill hole information	 A summary of all information material to the under-standing of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: easting and northing of the drill hole collar elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar dip and azimuth of the hole down hole length and interception depth hole length If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case. 	Complete drill hole data has been provided. Drill hole collar locations are shown in figures in main body of announcement.
Data aggregation methods	 In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g. cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated. Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high-grade results and longer lengths of low-grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail. The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated. 	 Assay Intervals are shown in detail. Drilling intervals are predominantly 1m. Metal equivalent values are not being reported.
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	 These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the down hole 	 True widths have not been estimated as the geological controls on mineralisation in these initial drill holes into the prospect are not yet well understood. The holes were drilled from east to west to test a steeply east dipping foliation in the limited rock exposures seen in the area.



Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g.'down hole length, true width not known').	The mineralisation lies within what has been interpreted to be a ductile shear zone which would suggest that mineralisation should lie parallel to foliation.
Diagrams	Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported. These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.	Appropriate diagrams relevant to material results are shown in the body of this announcement.
Balanced Reporting	 Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation. Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results. 	 All drill hole and trench collar locations were surveyed utilising handheld GPS methods. Exploration results only being reported. Drilling teams utilised the Reflex EZ-shot instrument to measure deviations in azimuth and inclination angles for all holes; however, vertical holes were not surveyed. The first measurement is taken at 6 m depth, and then at approximately every 30m depth interval and at the end of the hole. being reported
Other substantive exploration data	Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples - size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.	All relevant exploration data is either reported in this announcement or has been reported previously by Aurum, Randgold or Predictive Discovery and is referred to in the announcement.
Further work	 The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g. tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large- scale step-out drilling). Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive. 	 The Company intends to continue exploration on the project and this work will include auger, aircore, RC and diamond core drilling, along with further geophysical surveys and geochemical sampling programs. Diagrams included in body of report as deemed appropriate by competent person