



3 August 2026

Spectacular 305.4m @ 1.82g/t Au Intercept from Sandstone Extensional Drilling

Wide zone of mineralisation substantially increases interpreted thickness of the Two Mile Hill tonalite intrusion at depth

HIGHLIGHTS

- Brightstar has received assay results from reverse circulation and diamond core drilling completed at the **Two Mile Hill-Shillington deposit**, part of the **2.9Moz @ 1.3g/t Au Sandstone Gold Project**.
- Deep extensional drilling intersected a much wider tonalite than previously interpreted, with the unit now interpreted to be **>180m thick horizontally – a material increase relative to the previous interpretation** and the **hole ended in mineralised tonalite**.
- Visible gold was observed throughout the mineralised tonalite in **TMHRCD26020**, producing a broad, unconstrained intercept of **305.4m @ 1.82g/t Au from 351.9m** including:
 - 17.5m @ 9.68g/t Au** from 351.9m, including **1.1m @ 103g/t Au** from 362.9m
 - 13.4m @ 8.59g/t Au** from 531m
 - 34.6m @ 4.11g/t Au** from 586.7m, including **3.4m @ 10.5g/t Au** from 598.9m, and **1.5m @ 46.7g/t Au** from 618.2m
- Infill drilling from shallower areas of the deposit produced similar results from the tonalite:

TMHRCD26009

A broad, unconstrained intercept of **205m @ 2.67g/t Au from 293m**, including:

- 15m @ 18.5g/t Au** from 293m, including **1m @ 265g/t Au** from 302m
- 16m @ 7.59g/t Au** from 326m, including **1m @ 82.3g/t Au** from 336m
- 2.5m @ 35.5g/t Au** from 469.3m

TMHRCD26007

A broad, unconstrained intercept of **197.7m @ 1.14g/t Au from 263.5m**, including:

- 21m @ 2.19g/t Au** from 352.5m, including **1m @ 18.1g/t Au** from 356.5m
- 12.7m @ 2.49g/t Au** from 387.5m
- 15.3m @ 2.98g/t Au** from 423.9m

- The Two Mile Hill-Shilling deposit hosts a current **Mineral Resource Estimate of 14.6Mt @ 1.6g/t Au for 731koz Au**

- Deep drilling was completed to test the poorly constrained eastern contact of the host tonalite at depth, with additional infill drilling completed within areas being assessed for underground mining in the pre-feasibility study underway
- Entech appointed to complete the Two Mile Hill underground mining pre-feasibility study
- Additional high-grade intercepts within the adjacent BIF and Basalt sequence, including:
 - **2.8m @ 74.1g/t Au** from 235m (TMHRCD26015)
- Sandstone drilling is ongoing with four rigs active (2 RC and 2 Diamond drill rigs)

Brightstar Resources Limited (ASX: BTR) (**Brightstar**) is pleased to announce assay results from diamond core (**DD**) and reverse circulation (**RC**) drilling programs at the Two Mile Hill-Shillington deposit, part of the **2.9Moz @ 1.3g/t Au** Sandstone Gold Project.

The drilling aimed to infill areas of the deposit optimised for underground mining, targeting increased confidence and an upgrade to the Indicated classification. In addition, deep exploration drilling was completed to answer outstanding geological questions, notably the location of the eastern contact of the host tonalite intrusion at depth.

The new deep drillhole, TMHRCD26020, extended further into tonalite than anticipated compared to the existing interpretation, ending in mineralised tonalite at 657.3m. This result has tripled the interpreted thickness of the intrusion to >180m, with further drilling now planned to fully delineate the host unit.

Brightstar's Managing Director, Alex Rovira, commented:

"These results are potentially game-changing for the Two Mile Hill-Shillington deposit. Already a cornerstone deposit of the Sandstone Project, Two Mile Hill currently hosts significant resources within the mineralised tonalite intrusion. With drill testing to >600m below surface, these Mineral Resources form a key component of the upcoming PFS, with underground mining studies well underway.

This new deep drilling could have a material impact on the scale upside of the Two Mile Hill-Shillington deposit. Initial interpretations are that we may be seeing a blow-out of the intrusion to both the east and west at depth, substantially increasing the volume of a prospective host unit. Combined with numerous intersections of visible gold, and the significant intercepts right to end-of-hole, this development is hugely exciting for potential growth.

It is early days for this new interpretation, but additional drilling is already planned, with diamond rigs set to return to Two Mile Hill in early August ahead of an update to the MRE before the end of the year."

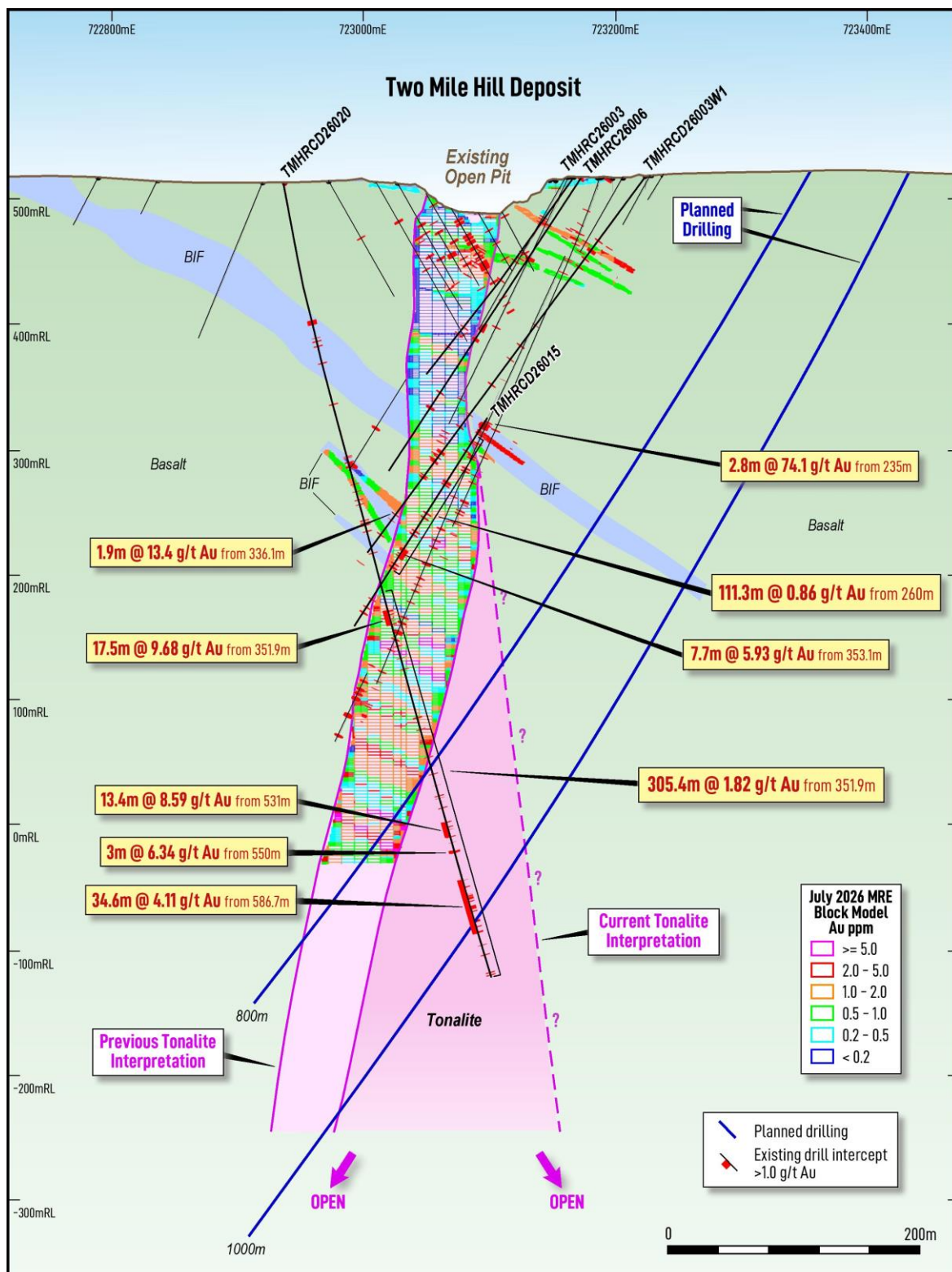


Figure 1: Cross section through drillhole TMHRC26020 at Two Mile Hill, showing the interpreted expansion to the host tonalite relative to the July 2026 MRE.

TECHNICAL DISCUSSION

TWO MILE HILL-SHILLINGTON DEPOSIT

The combined Two Mile Hill-Shillington deposit hosts a current MRE of **14.6Mt @ 1.6g/t Au for 731koz Au**.

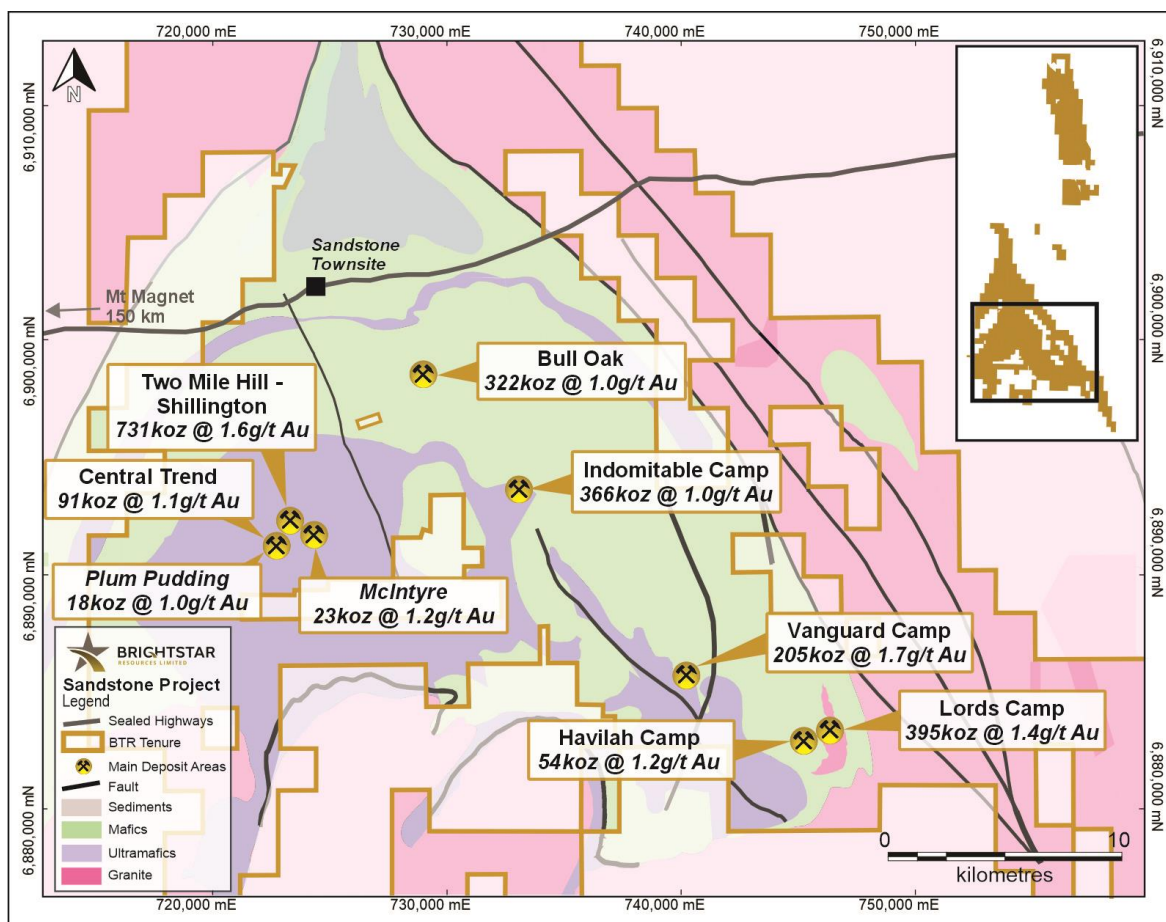


Figure 2: Central Sandstone project area

The local geology consists of a steeply dipping tonalite stock intruding the neighbouring sequence of mafic volcanic units and banded iron formation (**BIF**). Gold mineralisation occurs across multiple lithologies, including the tonalite itself, the surrounding basalts, the BIF and the overlying lateritic profile.

Two distinct mineralisation styles are recognised: Shillington-type, which is hosted primarily within the BIF, and Two Mile Hill-type, which occurs within the tonalite as sheeted, high-grade quartz veins predominantly dipping shallowly to the northeast. These high-grade veins are set within broader envelopes of lower-grade mineralisation throughout the tonalite.

The current drilling program comprised **6 RC drill holes for ~1,500m** and **22 RC pre-collars with diamond tails (RCDT), for ~10,800m** and **2 DD holes for ~300m**. Assays are still pending for 1 RC pre-collar totalling ~80m, 5 diamond tails totalling ~440m and 1 diamond hole totalling ~150m.

The Two Mile Hill tonalite is a felsic intrusive stock that has acted as a geological trap for gold mineralisation. Similar felsic intrusive bodies are seen throughout the Yilgarn and are known to host major gold deposits, including Thunderbox, Gruyere, Kanowna Belle, and King of the Hills.

The program had two primary aims:

- 1) Infill areas optimised for underground mining at a sufficient drill spacing to facilitate an upgrade to the higher confidence Indicated category.
- 2) Test the eastern contact of the tonalite at depth to confirm the thickness of the unit. The tonalite is known to host consistent mineralisation throughout, so a thicker unit is highly prospective for added gold mineralisation.

Drillhole TMHRCD26020 tested the tonalite at depth and was interpreted to intersect the eastern contact at approximately 470m down hole. The drillhole unexpectedly continued through tonalite to the end-of-hole depth of 657.3m, at which point the drill rig ran out of drill rods. The hole remains open and accessible for potential future re-entry. The updated interpretation now suggests the tonalite is **>180m thick** at this point, triple the previous interpretation of 60m.

Significantly, numerous intervals of visible gold were logged in quartz veins throughout the tonalite, with examples shown in Figure 3.

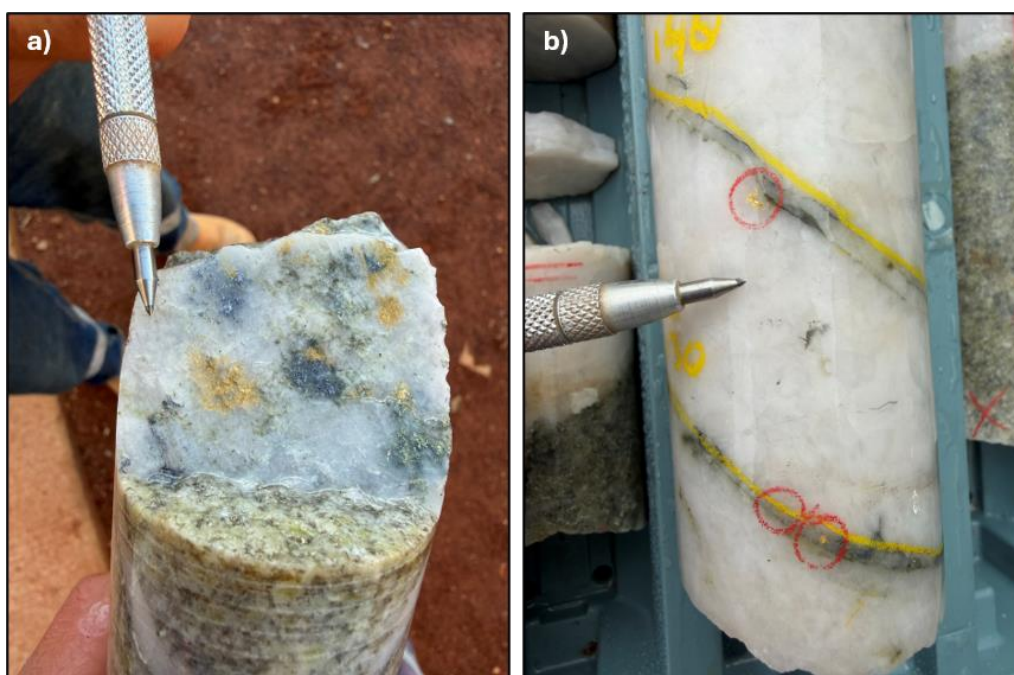


Figure 3: Examples of visible gold observed in TMHRCD26020 drill core. a) at 363.1m, gold observed on the margins of a quartz vein associated with galena and pyrite, within sericite-altered tonalite. Contained within an intercept of 17.5m @ 9.68g/t from 351.9m. b) at 481.5m, gold (circled in red) within a laminated quartz vein associated with pyrite and galena. Contained within an intercept of 0.5m @ 10.9g/t Au from 481.2m. In both images the core is approximately 5cm wide.

Assays have now been received for this hole with the tonalite producing a bulk, unconstrained intercept of **305.4m @ 1.82g/t** from 351.9m.

This interval is comprised of numerous higher-grade intervals within a wider lower grade tonalite envelope. Significant intercepts from the high-grade intervals include:

- **17.5m @ 9.68g/t Au** from 351.9m, including **1.1m @ 103g/t Au** from 362.9m
- **5.9m @ 2.07g/t Au** from 505m
- **13.4m @ 8.59g/t Au** from 531m
- **3m @ 6.34g/t Au** from 550m
- **34.6m @ 4.11g/t Au** from 586.7m, including **3.4m @ 10.5g/t Au** from 598.9m and **1.5m @ 46.7g/t Au** from 618.2m

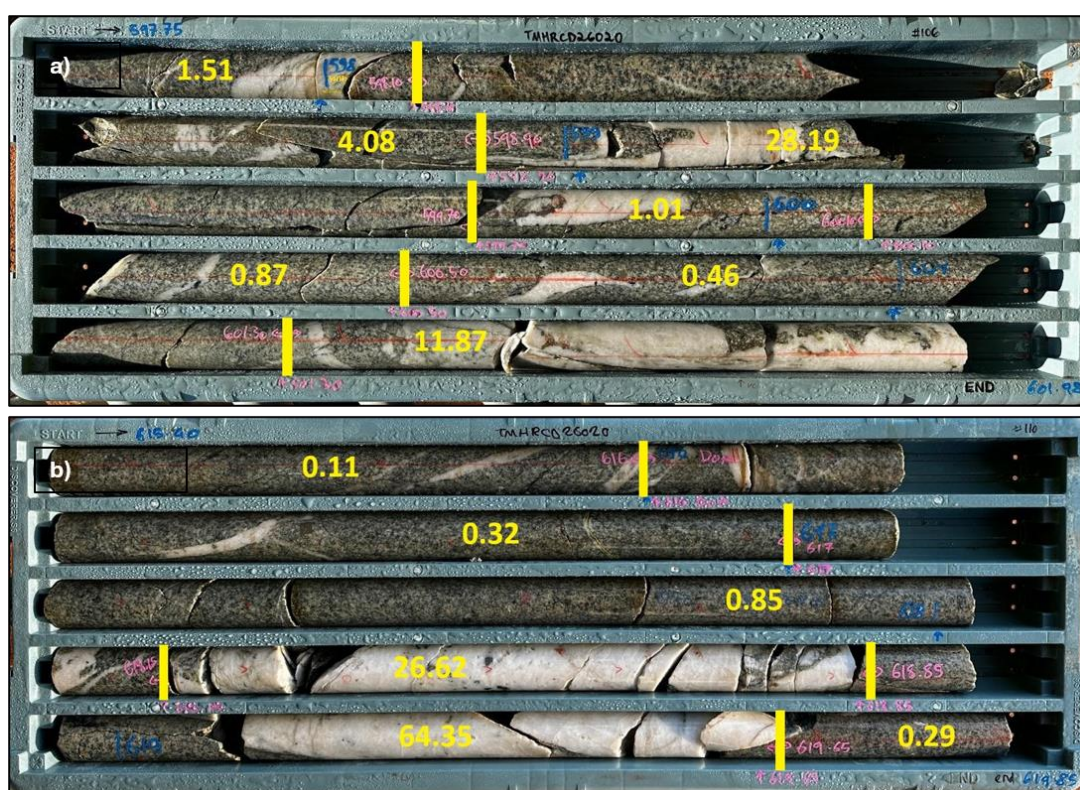


Figure 4: Images of drill core from TMHRCD26020, with individual assay intervals labelled in yellow (g/t Au). a) 597.8-602m, b) 614.4m-619.9m. Both intervals are contained within a significant intercept of 34.6m @ 4.11g/t Au from 586.7m, and illustrate typical Two Mile Hill-type mineralisation of high-grade quartz veins within a lower grade mineralised tonalite.

The infill program from shallower zones of the deposit produced similar wide zones of mineralised tonalite containing higher-grade intercepts. Assay results for bulk, unconstrained intervals from this program include:

- **205m @ 2.67g/t Au** from 293m in TMHRCD26009
- **197.7m @ 1.14g/t Au** from 263.5m in TMHRCD26007
- **116.6m @ 1.74g/t Au** from 206m in TMHRCD26012
- **185.7m @ 1.03g/t Au** from 249.7m in TMHRCD26010
- **119m @ 1.55g/t Au** from 274m in TMHRCD26005

Results from the higher-grade intervals within the tonalite include:

- **15m @ 18.5g/t Au** from 293m, including **1m @ 265g/t Au** from 302m in TMHRCD26009
- **16m @ 7.59g/t Au** from 326m in TMHRCD26009
- **2.5m @ 35.5g/t Au** from 469.3m in TMHRCD26009
- **21m @ 3.70g/t Au** from 282m in TMHRCD26012
- **8m @ 9.33g/t Au** from 385m in TMHRCD26005
- **15.3m @ 2.98g/t Au** from 423.9m in TMHRCD26007

Additional mineralisation is also seen within the neighbouring basalt and BIF package. Significant intervals from these zones include:

- **2.8m @ 74.1g/t Au** from 235m in TMHRCD26015 (Figure 5)
- **0.3m @ 187g/t Au** from 174.6m in TMHRCD26010
- **4.6m @ 6.96g/t Au** from 361.3m in TMHRCD26018

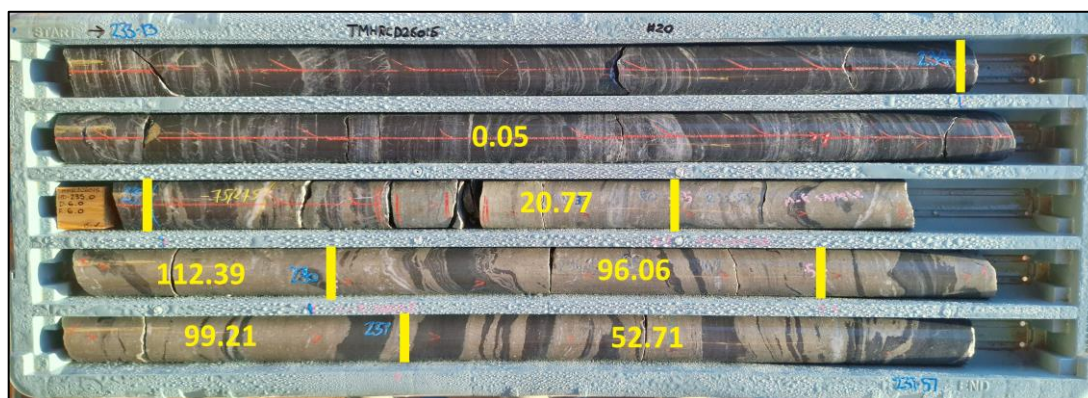


Figure 5: Image of drill core from TMHRCD26015 (233.1-237.6m), with individual assay intervals labelled in yellow (g/t gold). The core displays pyrite-altered BIF and produced a significant intercept of 2.8m @ 74.1g/t Au from 235m.

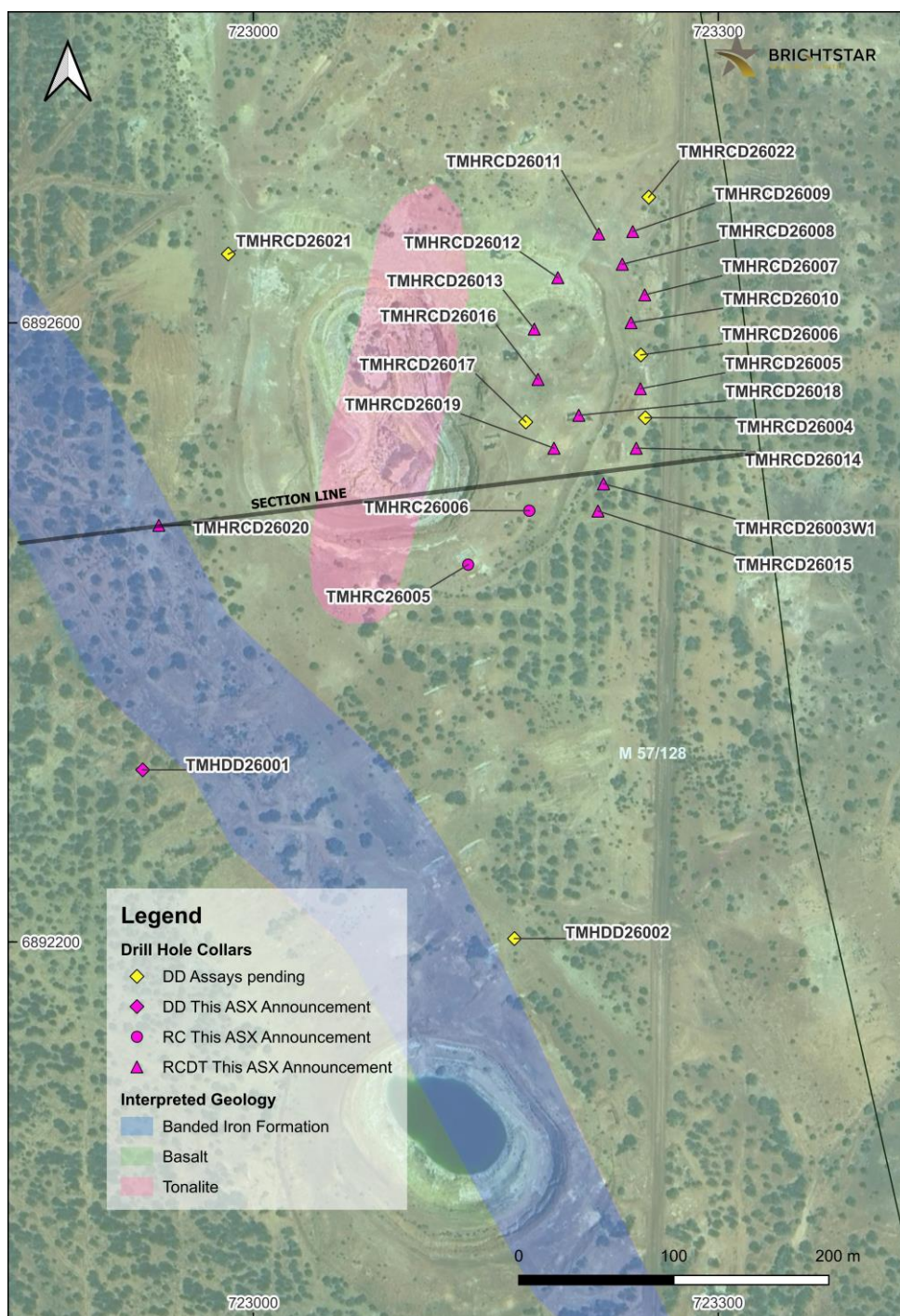


Figure 6: Plan view map of RC and DD drill collars at the Two Mile Hill-Shillington deposit.

Table 1: Significant Intercepts (>1.0g/t Au) for the **Two Mile Hill** RC, DD and RCDT drilling, **+10 gram-metre intercepts highlighted.**

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
TMDD26001		16.5	17.0	0.5	2.46	0.5m @ 2.46g/t from 16.5m	1.23
TMDD26001		45	46	1	1.24	1m @ 1.24g/t from 45m	1.24
TMHRC26005		67	68	1	1.33	1m @ 1.33g/t from 67m	1.33
TMHRC26005		97	98	1	1.18	1m @ 1.18g/t from 97m	1.18
TMHRC26005		141	143	2	1.99	2m @ 1.99g/t from 141m	3.98
TMHRC26005		206	207	1	1.07	1m @ 1.07g/t from 206m	1.07
TMHRC26006		44	48	4	1.36	4m @ 1.36g/t from 44m	5.44
TMHRC26006		140	148	8	2.51	8m @ 2.51g/t from 140m	20.1
TMHRC26006		154	157	3	1.42	3m @ 1.42g/t from 154m	4.26
TMHRC26006		206	207	1	1.62	1m @ 1.62g/t from 206m	1.62
TMHRC26006		220	223	3	1.63	3m @ 1.63g/t from 220m	4.89
TMHRCD26003 W1		285.4	286.0	0.6	1.68	0.6m @ 1.68g/t from 285.4m	1.01
TMHRCD26003 W1		298.2	301.1	2.9	1.03	2.9m @ 1.03g/t from 298.2m	3.00
TMHRCD26003 W1		336.1	338.0	1.9	13.4	1.9m @ 13.4g/t from 336.1m	25.5
TMHRCD26003 W1		357	358	1	1.55	1m @ 1.55g/t from 357m	1.55
TMHRCD26003 W1		384.8	385.5	0.7	4.23	0.7m @ 4.23g/t from 384.8m	2.96
TMHRCD26005		154	155	1	21.4	1m @ 21.4g/t from 154m	21.4
TMHRCD26005		274	275	1	3.77	1m @ 3.77g/t from 274m	3.77
TMHRCD26005		279.5	279.8	0.3	55.3	0.3m @ 55.3g/t from 279.5m	16.6
TMHRCD26005		284	288	4	1.92	4m @ 1.92g/t from 284m	7.68
TMHRCD26005		292	293	1	1.21	1m @ 1.21g/t from 292m	1.21
TMHRCD26005		295	297	2	1.19	2m @ 1.19g/t from 295m	2.38
TMHRCD26005		299	303	4	1.02	4m @ 1.02g/t from 299m	4.08
TMHRCD26005		308	315	7	1.24	7m @ 1.24g/t from 308m	8.68
TMHRCD26005		318	329	11	1.51	11m @ 1.51g/t from 318m	16.6
TMHRCD26005		332.5	337.0	4.5	0.99	4.5m @ 0.99g/t from 332.5m	4.46
TMHRCD26005		343	345	2	1.05	2m @ 1.05g/t from 343m	2.10
TMHRCD26005		351	352	1	1.35	1m @ 1.35g/t from 351m	1.35
TMHRCD26005		354	364	10	1.12	10m @ 1.12g/t from 354m	11.2
TMHRCD26005		367.3	378.0	10.7	1.09	10.7m @ 1.09g/t from 367.3m	11.7

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
TMHRCD26005		385	393	8	9.33	8m @ 9.33g/t from 385m	74.6
TMHRCD26005	<i>including</i>	386	387	1	58.5	1m @ 58.5g/t from 386m	58.5
TMHRCD26005		422.2	423.0	0.8	10.87	0.8m @ 10.9g/t from 422.2m	8.70
TMHRCD26005		432	433	1	2.07	1m @ 2.07g/t from 432m	2.07
TMHRCD26005		453	454	1	1.30	1m @ 1.30g/t from 453m	1.30
TMHRCD26007		177.4	178.4	1	3.69	1m @ 3.69g/t from 177.4m	3.69
TMHRCD26007		209	210	1	2.43	1m @ 2.43g/t from 209m	2.43
TMHRCD26007		266.5	271.5	5	1.12	5m @ 1.12g/t from 266.5m	5.60
TMHRCD26007		275.1	275.6	0.5	3.27	0.5m @ 3.27g/t from 275.1m	1.64
TMHRCD26007		278.7	279.7	1	1.12	1m @ 1.12g/t from 278.7m	1.12
TMHRCD26007		281.7	285.7	4	1.08	4m @ 1.08g/t from 281.7m	4.32
TMHRCD26007		300.7	348.5	47.8	1.31	47.8m @ 1.31g/t from 300.7m	62.6
TMHRCD26007		352.5	373.5	21	2.19	21m @ 2.19g/t from 352.5m	46.0
TMHRCD26007	<i>including</i>	356.5	357.5	1	18.1	1m @ 18.1g/t from 356.5m	18.1
TMHRCD26007		379.5	380.5	1	2.44	1m @ 2.44g/t from 379.5m	2.44
TMHRCD26007		387.5	400.2	12.7	2.49	12.7m @ 2.49g/t from 387.5m	31.6
TMHRCD26007		405.4	406.8	1.4	3.83	1.4m @ 3.83g/t from 405.4m	5.36
TMHRCD26007		412.7	413.0	0.3	4.88	0.3m @ 4.88g/t from 412.7m	1.46
TMHRCD26007		423.9	439.2	15.3	2.98	15.3m @ 2.98g/t from 423.9m	45.6
TMHRCD26007		450.2	451.2	1	1.34	1m @ 1.34g/t from 450.2m	1.34
TMHRCD26007		459.2	461.2	2	1.02	2m @ 1.02g/t from 459.2m	2.04
TMHRCD26007		470.8	471.3	0.5	3.02	0.5m @ 3.02g/t from 470.8m	1.51
TMHRCD26007		477	478	1	3.52	1m @ 3.52g/t from 477m	3.52
TMHRCD26007		487.4	488.0	0.6	3.51	0.6m @ 3.51g/t from 487.4m	2.11
TMHRCD26007		492	493.6	1.6	1.99	1.6m @ 1.99g/t from 492m	3.18
TMHRCD26008		162	163	1	5.21	1m @ 5.21g/t from 162m	5.21
TMHRCD26008		210.4	212.0	1.6	1.52	1.6m @ 1.52g/t from 210.4m	2.43
TMHRCD26008		241.2	242.4	1.2	1.55	1.2m @ 1.55g/t from 241.2m	1.86
TMHRCD26008		254.2	265	10.8	1.28	10.8m @ 1.28g/t from 254.2m	13.9
TMHRCD26008		268	272	4	1.08	4m @ 1.08g/t from 268m	4.32
TMHRCD26008		274	278	4	1.06	4m @ 1.06g/t from 274m	4.24
TMHRCD26008		284	286	2	1.50	2m @ 1.50g/t from 284m	3.00
TMHRCD26008		291.0	293.6	2.6	0.99	2.6m @ 0.99g/t from 291m	2.57

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
TMHRCD26008		302.0	306.1	4.1	1.80	4.1m @ 1.80g/t from 302m	7.38
TMHRCD26008		316	317	1	1.50	1m @ 1.50g/t from 316m	1.50
TMHRCD26008		320.4	323.0	2.6	4.91	2.6m @ 4.91g/t from 320.4m	12.8
TMHRCD26008		325.9	327.1	1.2	2.27	1.2m @ 2.27g/t from 325.9m	2.72
TMHRCD26008		339.4	340.6	1.2	1.28	1.2m @ 1.28g/t from 339.4m	1.54
TMHRCD26008		343.7	349.6	5.9	2.09	5.9m @ 2.09g/t from 343.7m	12.3
TMHRCD26008		355	356	1	1.56	1m @ 1.56g/t from 355m	1.56
TMHRCD26008		373.1	374.4	1.3	3.36	1.3m @ 3.36g/t from 373.1m	4.37
TMHRCD26008		395.9	396.2	0.3	4.75	0.3m @ 4.75g/t from 395.9m	1.43
TMHRCD26008		483	487	4	1.19	4m @ 1.19g/t from 483m	4.76
TMHRCD26008		499.5	500.5	1	2.14	1m @ 2.14g/t from 499.5m	2.14
TMHRCD26009		156.6	157.0	0.4	4.12	0.4m @ 4.12g/t from 156.6m	1.65
TMHRCD26009		204	206	2	4.33	2m @ 4.33g/t from 204m	8.66
TMHRCD26009		243.7	246.2	2.5	1.26	2.5m @ 1.26g/t from 243.7m	3.15
TMHRCD26009		256	257	1	2.95	1m @ 2.95g/t from 256m	2.95
TMHRCD26009		261	262	1	1.61	1m @ 1.61g/t from 261m	1.61
TMHRCD26009		269	270	1	1.92	1m @ 1.92g/t from 269m	1.92
TMHRCD26009		293	308	15	18.5	15m @ 18.5g/t from 293m	278
TMHRCD26009	<i>including</i>	302	303	1	265	1m @ 265g/t from 302m	265
TMHRCD26009		316	317	1	2.45	1m @ 2.45g/t from 316m	2.45
TMHRCD26009		321.1	322.0	0.9	1.53	0.9m @ 1.53g/t from 321.1m	1.38
TMHRCD26009		326	342	16	7.59	16m @ 7.59g/t from 326m	121
TMHRCD26009	<i>including</i>	336	337	1	82.3	1m @ 82.3g/t from 336m	82.3
TMHRCD26009	<i>and</i>	340	341	1	24.1	1m @ 24.1g/t from 340m	24.1
TMHRCD26009		346	354	8	1.04	8m @ 1.04g/t from 346m	8.32
TMHRCD26009		368.0	368.9	0.9	1.24	0.9m @ 1.24g/t from 368m	1.12
TMHRCD26009		378	379	1	1.87	1m @ 1.87g/t from 378m	1.87
TMHRCD26009		382	391	9	1.54	9m @ 1.54g/t from 382m	13.9
TMHRCD26009		395.0	396.6	1.6	1.11	1.6m @ 1.11g/t from 395m	1.78
TMHRCD26009		426.2	427.0	0.8	1.28	0.8m @ 1.28g/t from 426.2m	1.02
TMHRCD26009		443.8	445.3	1.5	1.04	1.5m @ 1.04g/t from 443.8m	1.56
TMHRCD26009		469.3	471.8	2.5	35.5	2.5m @ 35.5g/t from 469.3m	88.8
TMHRCD26009	<i>including</i>	469.3	470.1	0.8	107	0.8m @ 107g/t from 469.3m	85.6
TMHRCD26009		490.1	491.5	1.4	3.70	1.4m @ 3.70g/t from 490.1m	5.18

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
TMHRCD26009		497	498	1	3.44	1m @ 3.44g/t from 497m	3.44
TMHRCD26010		169.8	170.1	0.3	63.0	0.3m @ 63.0g/t from 169.8m	18.9
TMHRCD26010		174.6	174.9	0.3	187	0.3m @ 187g/t from 174.6m	56.2
TMHRCD26010		180.8	182.3	1.5	1.87	1.5m @ 1.87g/t from 180.8m	2.81
TMHRCD26010		249.7	251.0	1.3	1.00	1.3m @ 1.00g/t from 249.7m	1.30
TMHRCD26010		258.0	267.3	9.3	3.49	9.3m @ 3.49g/t from 258m	32.5
TMHRCD26010		293.2	301.0	7.8	4.19	7.8m @ 4.19g/t from 293.2m	32.7
TMHRCD26010		305.0	306.7	1.7	1.32	1.7m @ 1.32g/t from 305m	2.24
TMHRCD26010		309.5	313.0	3.5	1.00	3.5m @ 1.00g/t from 309.5m	3.50
TMHRCD26010		318	319	1	2.41	1m @ 2.41g/t from 318m	2.41
TMHRCD26010		326.0	331.6	5.6	1.33	5.6m @ 1.33g/t from 326m	7.45
TMHRCD26010		341	351	10	3.30	10m @ 3.30g/t from 341m	33.0
TMHRCD26010		363	370	7	1.24	7m @ 1.24g/t from 363m	8.68
TMHRCD26010		376	377	1	1.12	1m @ 1.12g/t from 376m	1.12
TMHRCD26010		386	395	9	1.15	9m @ 1.15g/t from 386m	10.4
TMHRCD26010		401	408	7	1.53	7m @ 1.53g/t from 401m	10.7
TMHRCD26010		429.0	435.4	6.4	2.29	6.4m @ 2.29g/t from 429m	14.7
TMHRCD26010		464.1	464.9	0.8	1.49	0.8m @ 1.49g/t from 464.1m	1.19
TMHRCD26010		474.3	478.0	3.7	3.12	3.7m @ 3.12g/t from 474.3m	11.5
TMHRCD26010		482.6	483.2	0.6	8.09	0.6m @ 8.09g/t from 482.6m	4.85
TMHRCD26011		186.6	186.9	0.3	3.49	0.3m @ 3.49g/t from 186.6m	1.05
TMHRCD26011		255.3	256.1	0.8	1.97	0.8m @ 1.97g/t from 255.3m	1.58
TMHRCD26011		267.0	268.6	1.6	1.06	1.6m @ 1.06g/t from 267m	1.70
TMHRCD26011		283.2	284.2	1	3.31	1m @ 3.31g/t from 283.2m	3.31
TMHRCD26011		304.8	305.7	0.9	3.05	0.9m @ 3.05g/t from 304.8m	2.74
TMHRCD26011		314	315	1	2.06	1m @ 2.06g/t from 314m	2.06
TMHRCD26011		324	328	4	2.09	4m @ 2.09g/t from 324m	8.36
TMHRCD26011		334.7	335.9	1.2	1.08	1.2m @ 1.08g/t from 334.7m	1.30
TMHRCD26011		341	342	1	1.22	1m @ 1.22g/t from 341m	1.22
TMHRCD26012		16	20	4	1.08	4m @ 1.08g/t from 16m	4.32
TMHRCD26012		206	214	8	2.03	8m @ 2.03g/t from 206m	16.2
TMHRCD26012		231.0	246.9	15.9	1.65	15.9m @ 1.65g/t from 231m	26.2
TMHRCD26012		267	275	8	5.25	8m @ 5.25g/t from 267m	42.0
TMHRCD26012		282	303	21	3.70	21m @ 3.70g/t from 282m	77.7

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
TMHRCD26012	<i>including</i>	290	291	1	60.3	1m @ 60.3g/t from 290m	60.3
TMHRCD26012		306	317	11	1.67	11m @ 1.67g/t from 306m	18.4
TMHRCD26012		321	322.6	1.6	4.78	1.6m @ 4.78g/t from 321m	7.65
TMHRCD26012		332.7	333.9	1.2	14.2	1.2m @ 14.2g/t from 332.7m	17.0
TMHRCD26012		341	345	4	1.57	4m @ 1.57g/t from 341m	6.28
TMHRCD26013		99.7	100.5	0.8	1.26	0.8m @ 1.26g/t from 99.7m	1.01
TMHRCD26013		139.6	141.0	1.4	1.83	1.4m @ 1.83g/t from 139.6m	2.56
TMHRCD26013		146	147	1	1.06	1m @ 1.06g/t from 146m	1.06
TMHRCD26013		195	197	2	5.01	2m @ 5.01g/t from 195m	10.0
TMHRCD26013		200.2	200.9	0.7	1.48	0.7m @ 1.48g/t from 200.2m	1.04
TMHRCD26013		206	222	16	1.28	16m @ 1.28g/t from 206m	20.5
TMHRCD26013		233	243	10	1.54	10m @ 1.54g/t from 233m	15.4
TMHRCD26013		257	258	1	2.03	1m @ 2.03g/t from 257m	2.03
TMHRCD26013		266	274	8	1.74	8m @ 1.74g/t from 266m	13.9
TMHRCD26013		314	317	3	1.37	3m @ 1.37g/t from 314m	4.11
TMHRCD26014		249	250	1	1.21	1m @ 1.21g/t from 249m	1.21
TMHRCD26014		255	256	1	1.37	1m @ 1.37g/t from 255m	1.37
TMHRCD26014		264	265	1	1.50	1m @ 1.50g/t from 264m	1.50
TMHRCD26014		289.5	294.0	4.5	4.30	4.5m @ 4.30g/t from 289.5m	19.4
TMHRCD26014	<i>including</i>	289.5	290.7	1.2	15.1	1.2m @ 15.1g/t from 289.5m	18.1
TMHRCD26014		298.0	303.2	5.2	1.31	5.2m @ 1.31g/t from 298m	6.81
TMHRCD26014		306.6	313.0	6.4	1.07	6.4m @ 1.07g/t from 306.6m	6.85
TMHRCD26014		318	330	12	1.18	12m @ 1.18g/t from 318m	14.2
TMHRCD26014		333	334	1	1.20	1m @ 1.20g/t from 333m	1.20
TMHRCD26014		343.5	344.6	1.1	19.5	1.1m @ 19.5g/t from 343.5m	21.5
TMHRCD26014		352	353	1	1.10	1m @ 1.10g/t from 352m	1.10
TMHRCD26014		360	361	1	1.31	1m @ 1.31g/t from 360m	1.31
TMHRCD26014		375	376	1	1.53	1m @ 1.53g/t from 375m	1.53
TMHRCD26014		386	387	1	1.93	1m @ 1.93g/t from 386m	1.93
TMHRCD26014		391.2	395.0	3.8	1.21	3.8m @ 1.21g/t from 391.2m	4.60
TMHRCD26014		399.0	409.8	10.8	2.13	10.8m @ 2.13g/t from 399m	23.0
TMHRCD26014	<i>including</i>	400.6	402.1	1.5	12.1	1.5m @ 12.1g/t from 400.6m	18.2
TMHRCD26014		415.4	416.2	0.8	2.21	0.8m @ 2.21g/t from 415.4m	1.77
TMHRCD26014		423.0	427.9	4.9	2.69	4.9m @ 2.69g/t from 423m	13.2

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
TMHRCD26014		431.3	432.4	1.1	5.81	1.1m @ 5.81g/t from 431.3m	6.39
TMHRCD26014		444	445	1	5.95	1m @ 5.95g/t from 444m	5.95
TMHRCD26014		453	455	2	1.28	2m @ 1.28g/t from 453m	2.56
TMHRCD26014		467	468	1	1.28	1m @ 1.28g/t from 467m	1.28
TMHRCD26014		475.5	478.0	2.5	4.52	2.5m @ 4.52g/t from 475.5m	11.3
TMHRCD26014		514	515	1	9.48	1m @ 9.48g/t from 514m	9.48
TMHRCD26015		235.0	237.8	2.8	74.1	2.8m @ 74.1g/t from 235m	208
TMHRCD26015		251.9	252.8	0.9	1.70	0.9m @ 1.70g/t from 251.9m	1.53
TMHRCD26015		260	261	1	1.87	1m @ 1.87g/t from 260m	1.87
TMHRCD26015		289	293	4	1.26	4m @ 1.26g/t from 289m	5.04
TMHRCD26015		319	320	1	1.01	1m @ 1.01g/t from 319m	1.01
TMHRCD26015		323	324	1	1.48	1m @ 1.48g/t from 323m	1.48
TMHRCD26015		335.0	340.1	5.1	1.68	5.1m @ 1.68g/t from 335m	8.57
TMHRCD26015		353.1	360.8	7.7	5.93	7.7m @ 5.93g/t from 353.1m	45.7
TMHRCD26015	<i>including</i>	353.1	354.9	1.8	11.2	1.8m @ 11.2g/t from 353.1m	20.2
TMHRCD26015		401.0	401.7	0.7	1.63	0.7m @ 1.63g/t from 401m	1.14
TMHRCD26015		408.6	409.3	0.7	5.98	0.7m @ 5.98g/t from 408.6m	4.19
TMHRCD26015		413.3	414.5	1.2	4.41	1.2m @ 4.41g/t from 413.3m	5.29
TMHRCD26016		127	128	1	3.71	1m @ 3.71g/t from 127m	3.71
TMHRCD26016		152	154	2	4.41	2m @ 4.41g/t from 152m	8.82
TMHRCD26016		163	164	1	2.56	1m @ 2.56g/t from 163m	2.56
TMHRCD26016		179	180	1	7.01	1m @ 7.01g/t from 179m	7.01
TMHRCD26016		192.0	195.1	3.1	2.27	3.1m @ 2.27g/t from 192m	7.04
TMHRCD26016		210	211	1	1.03	1m @ 1.03g/t from 210m	1.03
TMHRCD26016		223	224	1	4.66	1m @ 4.66g/t from 223m	4.66
TMHRCD26016		239.0	239.9	0.9	2.41	0.9m @ 2.41g/t from 239m	2.17
TMHRCD26016		245	246	1	1.90	1m @ 1.90g/t from 245m	1.90
TMHRCD26016		261	262	1	1.01	1m @ 1.01g/t from 261m	1.01
TMHRCD26016		271.0	276.3	5.3	3.25	5.3m @ 3.25g/t from 271m	17.2
TMHRCD26016		292.2	297.0	4.8	5.55	4.8m @ 5.55g/t from 292.2m	26.6
TMHRCD26016	<i>including</i>	293.9	295	1.1	20.4	1.1m @ 20.4g/t from 293.9m	22.4
TMHRCD26016		323	324	1	1.93	1m @ 1.93g/t from 323m	1.93
TMHRCD26016		374.4	375.2	0.8	1.41	0.8m @ 1.41g/t from 374.4m	1.13
TMHRCD26018		250	265	15	2.74	15m @ 2.74g/t from 250m	41.1

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
TMHRCD26018	<i>including</i>	250	251	1	12.8	1m @ 12.8g/t from 250m	12.8
TMHRCD26018	<i>and</i>	261	262	1	15.4	1m @ 15.4g/t from 261m	15.4
TMHRCD26018		269.7	278.0	8.3	1.12	8.3m @ 1.12g/t from 269.7m	9.30
TMHRCD26018		289	291	2	1.02	2m @ 1.02g/t from 289m	2.04
TMHRCD26018		310.1	314.0	3.9	1.08	3.9m @ 1.08g/t from 310.1m	4.27
TMHRCD26018		333.6	335.0	1.4	1.10	1.4m @ 1.10g/t from 333.6m	1.54
TMHRCD26018		348.7	349.4	0.7	3.87	0.7m @ 3.87g/t from 348.7m	2.71
TMHRCD26018		361.3	365.9	4.6	6.96	4.6m @ 6.96g/t from 361.3m	32.0
TMHRCD26018	<i>including</i>	362.2	363	0.8	39.5	0.8m @ 39.5g/t from 362.2m	31.6
TMHRCD26018		416.6	421.0	4.4	1.14	4.4m @ 1.14g/t from 416.6m	5.02
TMHRCD26019		163.2	166.1	2.9	2.65	2.9m @ 2.65g/t from 163.2m	7.69
TMHRCD26019		198	203	5	1.14	5m @ 1.14g/t from 198m	5.70
TMHRCD26019		210.7	213.0	2.3	1.38	2.3m @ 1.38g/t from 210.7m	3.17
TMHRCD26019		242.0	248.7	6.7	1.91	6.7m @ 1.91g/t from 242m	12.8
TMHRCD26019		255	258	3	1.21	3m @ 1.21g/t from 255m	3.63
TMHRCD26019		268	269	1	2.16	1m @ 2.16g/t from 268m	2.16
TMHRCD26019		315	316	1	1.15	1m @ 1.15g/t from 315m	1.15
TMHRCD26019		322.8	325.1	2.3	1.64	2.3m @ 1.64g/t from 322.8m	3.77
TMHRCD26020		351.9	657.3	305.4	1.82	305.4m @ 1.82g/t from 351.9m	556
TMHRCD26020		112	116	4	1.75	4m @ 1.75g/t from 112m	7.00
TMHRCD26020		126.5	127.0	0.5	2.22	0.5m @ 2.22g/t from 126.5m	1.11
TMHRCD26020		129	130	1	3.50	1m @ 3.50g/t from 129m	3.50
TMHRCD26020		133	134	1	1.46	1m @ 1.46g/t from 133m	1.46
TMHRCD26020		147	148	1	2.77	1m @ 2.77g/t from 147m	2.77
TMHRCD26020		181	182	1	2.11	1m @ 2.11g/t from 181m	2.11
TMHRCD26020		224.3	226.1	1.8	1.39	1.8m @ 1.39g/t from 224.3m	2.50
TMHRCD26020		229	234	5	1.38	5m @ 1.38g/t from 229m	6.90
TMHRCD26020		247.3	248.0	0.7	2.46	0.7m @ 2.46g/t from 247.3m	1.72
TMHRCD26020		253.3	254.0	0.7	3.80	0.7m @ 3.80g/t from 253.3m	2.66
TMHRCD26020		259	269	10	1.45	10m @ 1.45g/t from 259m	14.5
TMHRCD26020		277.0	281.9	4.9	1.26	4.9m @ 1.26g/t from 277m	6.17
TMHRCD26020		286	287	1	1.50	1m @ 1.50g/t from 286m	1.50
TMHRCD26020		304	305	1	1.01	1m @ 1.01g/t from 304m	1.01

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres
TMHRCD26020		351.9	369.4	17.5	9.68	17.5m @ 9.68g/t from 351.9m	169
TMHRCD26020	<i>including</i>	362.9	364	1.1	103	1.1m @ 103g/t from 362.9m	113
TMHRCD26020		381	382	1	1.05	1m @ 1.05g/t from 381m	1.05
TMHRCD26020		391.0	391.7	0.7	6.27	0.7m @ 6.27g/t from 391m	4.39
TMHRCD26020		400	401	1	4.97	1m @ 4.97g/t from 400m	4.97
TMHRCD26020		440.0	441.5	1.5	2.03	1.5m @ 2.03g/t from 440m	3.05
TMHRCD26020		450	451	1	2.86	1m @ 2.86g/t from 450m	2.86
TMHRCD26020		458.4	461.0	2.6	1.95	2.6m @ 1.95g/t from 458.4m	5.07
TMHRCD26020		473	474	1	2.33	1m @ 2.33g/t from 473m	2.33
TMHRCD26020		481.2	481.7	0.5	10.9	0.5m @ 10.9g/t from 481.2m	5.47
TMHRCD26020		487	488	1	1.03	1m @ 1.03g/t from 487m	1.03
TMHRCD26020		496.8	497.2	0.4	2.66	0.4m @ 2.66g/t from 496.8m	1.06
TMHRCD26020		505.0	510.9	5.9	2.07	5.9m @ 2.07g/t from 505m	12.2
TMHRCD26020		515	516	1	1.54	1m @ 1.54g/t from 515m	1.54
TMHRCD26020		527	528	1	1.56	1m @ 1.56g/t from 527m	1.56
TMHRCD26020		531.0	544.4	13.4	8.59	13.4m @ 8.59g/t from 531m	115
TMHRCD26020		546	547	1	1.00	1m @ 1.00g/t from 546m	1.00
TMHRCD26020		550	553	3	6.34	3m @ 6.34g/t from 550m	19.0
TMHRCD26020	<i>including</i>	552	553	1	10.7	1m @ 10.7g/t from 552m	10.7
TMHRCD26020		575.6	577.0	1.4	1.05	1.4m @ 1.05g/t from 575.6m	1.47
TMHRCD26020		581	582	1	1.19	1m @ 1.19g/t from 581m	1.19
TMHRCD26020		586.7	621.3	34.6	4.11	34.6m @ 4.11g/t from 586.7m	142
TMHRCD26020	<i>including</i>	598.9	602.3	3.4	10.5	3.4m @ 10.5g/t from 598.9m	35.7
TMHRCD26020	<i>and</i>	618.2	619.7	1.5	46.7	1.5m @ 46.7g/t from 618.2m	70.1
TMHRCD26020		637.3	638.3	1	1.05	1m @ 1.05g/t from 637.3m	1.05
TMHRCD26020		652.0	656.1	4.1	1.17	4.1m @ 1.17g/t from 652m	4.80
TMHRCD26021		0	4	4	1.01	4m @ 1.01g/t from 0m	4.04

Table 2: Significant Intercepts (>0.5g/t Au) for the **Two Mile Hill** DD and RCDT drilling (unconstrained by maximum internal dilution)

Hole ID		From (m)	To (m)	Drilled Interval (m)	Au (g/t)	Interval	Gram-metres	Notes
TMHRCD26005		274	393	119	1.55	119m @ 1.55g/t from 274m	184	DD
TMHRCD26007		263.5	461.2	197.7	1.14	197.7m @ 1.14g/t from 263.5m	225	DD
TMHRCD26008		241.2	361.0	119.8	0.76	119.8m @ 0.76g/t from 241.2m	91.1	DD
TMHRCD26009		293	498	205	2.67	205m @ 2.67g/t from 293m	547	DD
TMHRCD26010		249.7	435.4	185.7	1.03	185.7m @ 1.03g/t from 249.7m	191	DD
TMHRCD26012		206.0	322.6	116.6	1.74	116.6m @ 1.74g/t from 206m	203	DD
TMHRCD26014		289.5	478.0	188.5	0.93	188.5m @ 0.93g/t from 289.5m	175	DD
TMHRCD26015		260.0	371.3	111.3	0.86	111.3m @ 0.86g/t from 260m	95.7	DD
TMHRCD26020		351.9	657.3	305.4	1.82	305.4m @ 1.82g/t from 351.9m	556	DD

Table 3: Two Mile Hill-Shillington Reverse Circulation and diamond drillhole collar information. Holes located on tenements M57/128. Grid coordinates shown in MGA94 Zone 50.

Hole ID	Hole Type	Easting	Northing	RL	Dip	Azimuth	Hole Depth (m)	Status
TMHDD26001	DD	722929	6892311	514	-70	0	150.9	This ASX announcement
TMHDD26002	DD	723169	6892202	512	-70	300	149.4	Assays Pending
TMHRC26005	RC	723140	6892446	515	-56	269	208	This ASX announcement
TMHRC26006	RC	723180	6892482	517	-58	269	282	This ASX announcement
TMHRCD26003W1	RCDT	723226	6892496	519	-55	270	400.1	This ASX announcement
TMHRCD26004	RCDT	723523	6892539	520	-60	270	612.3	DT assays pending
TMHRCD26005	RCDT	723250	6892557	520	-56	270	510.8	This announcement (DT assays)
TMHRCD26006	RCDT	723250	6892579	521	-60	270	630	DT assays pending
TMHRCD26007	RCDT	723253	6892618	520	-58	270	576	This ASX announcement
TMHRCD26008	RCDT	723238	6892638	521	-59	270	570	This announcement (DT assays)
TMHRCD26009	RCDT	723245	6892659	520	-58	270	537.9	This announcement (DT assays)
TMHRCD26010	RCDT	723244	6892600	521	-56	270	483.2	This announcement (DT assays)
TMHRCD26011	RCDT	723223	6892657	521	-55	270	408	This announcement (DT assays)
TMHRCD26012	RCDT	723197	6892629	522	-61	270	440	This announcement (DT assays)
TMHRCD26013	RCDT	723181	6892596	518	-59	270	340.1	This announcement (DT assays)
TMHRCD26014	RCDT	723247	6892519	520	-60	270	560	This announcement (DT assays)
TMHRCD26015	RCDT	723222	6892478	519	-57	270	420	This announcement (DT assays)
TMHRCD26016	RCDT	723184	6892563	520	-55	268	378.9	This announcement (DT assays)
TMHRCD26017	RCDT	723176	6892536	518	-56	270	336	DT assays pending
TMHRCD26018	RCDT	723227	6892456	519	-58	270	456	This announcement (DT assays)
TMHRCD26019	RCDT	723194	6892519	517	-55	270	372	This announcement (DT assays)
TMHRCD26020	RCDT	722939	6892471	514	-81	69	657.3	This ASX announcement
TMHRCD26021	RCDT	722992	6892645	521	-80	90	628.2	RC only, DT assays pending
TMHRCD26022	RCDT	723256	6892685	519	-59	266	566.1	RC only, DT assays pending

This ASX announcement has been approved by the Managing Director on behalf of the Board of Brightstar.

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ABOUT BRIGHTSTAR RESOURCES

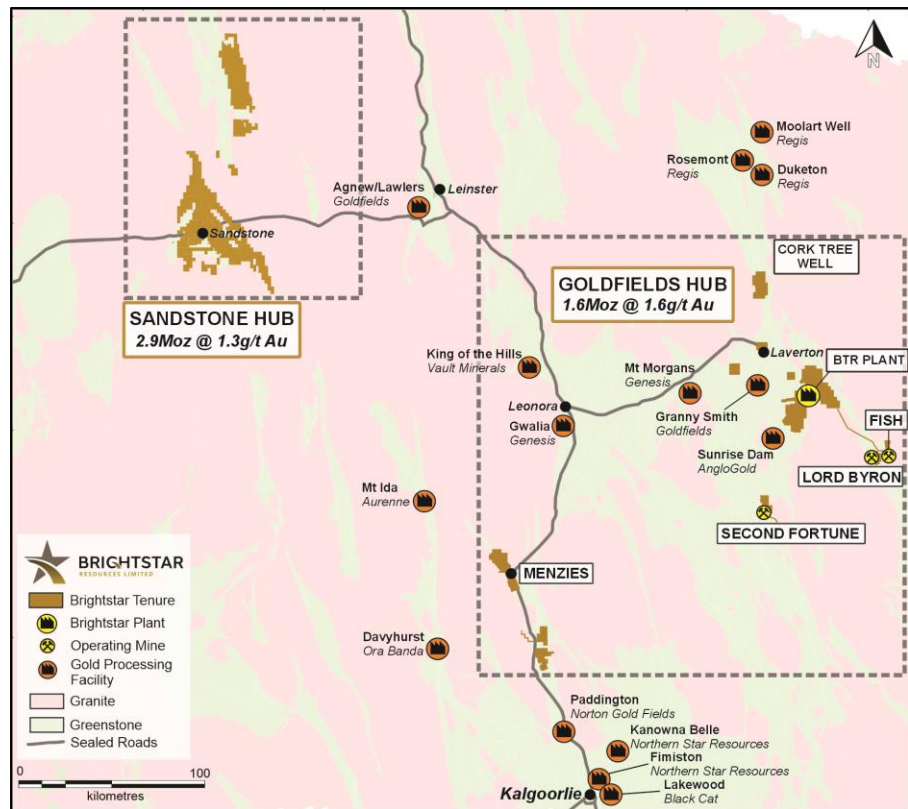
Brightstar Resources Limited is an emerging gold producer listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX: BTR) and based in Perth, WA.

The Company hosts a portfolio of high-quality assets hosted in the Tier-1 jurisdiction of Western Australia, with over 4.5Moz of Mineral Resources across the Goldfields and Sandstone regions, ideally located near key infrastructure such as sealed highways and on granted mining leases for ready development.

Brightstar is currently advancing the Goldfields Hub into near-term gold production, with a January 2026 updated Feasibility Study outlining the production of +75,000oz per annum for six years which delivered impressive financial metrics such as ~A\$1 billion in LOM cashflows, a A\$606 million NPV8 and 74% internal rate of return.

Construction of the 1.5Mtpa processing plant is underway and Brightstar is targeting commencement of gold production in JunQ'CY27.

Brightstar aspires to be a leading mid-tier gold miner via the staged development of its Goldfields Project and Sandstone Project, with current operations and proposed expansions providing a significant platform for growth.



Consolidated JORC Resources of Laverton, Menzies & Sandstone Hubs.

Location	Cut-off	Measured			Indicated			Inferred			Total		
	g/t	kt	g/t	koz	kt	g/t	koz	kt	g/t	koz	kt	g/t	koz
	Au		Au			Au			Au			Au	
Alpha	0.5	-	-	-	371	1.9	22	1,028	2.8	92	1,399	2.5	115
Beta	0.5	345	1.7	19	576	1.6	29	961	1.7	54	1,882	1.7	102
Cork Tree Well	0.5	-	-	-	3,264	1.6	166	3,198	1.2	126	6,462	1.4	292
Lord Byron	0.5	311	1.7	17	2,104	1.5	105	2,974	1.5	145	5,389	1.5	267
Fish	1.6	25	5.4	4	199	4.5	29	153	3.2	16	376	4	49
Gilt Key	0.5	-	-	-	15	2.2	1	153	1.3	6	168	1.3	8
Second Fortune (UG)	2.5	24	15.3	12	34	13.7	15	34	11.7	13	92	13.4	40
Total - Laverton		705	2.3	52	6563	1.7	367	8,501	1.7	452	15,768	1.7	873
Lady Shenton System	0.5/1.2	-	-	-	3,725	1.4	168	4,349	1.3	184	8,074	1.4	352
Yunndaga	0.5/1.2	-	-	-	2,172	2.2	152	923	1.8	54	3,095	2.1	206
Aspacia	0.5	-	-	-	137	1.7	7	1,238	1.6	62	1,375	1.6	70
Lady Harriet System	0.5	-	-	-	520	1.3	22	590	1.1	21	1,110	1.2	43
Link Zone	0.5	-	-	-	160	1.3	7	740	1	23	890	1	29
Selkirk	0.5	-	-	-	30	6.3	6	140	1.2	5	170	2.1	12
Lady Irene	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	1.7	6	100	1.7	6
Total - Menzies		-	-	-	6,744	1.7	362	8,080	1.4	355	14,814	1.5	718
Montague-Evermore	0.4	-	-	-	1,683	2.1	114	3,122	1.3	127	4,805	1.6	241
Whistler	0.4	-	-	-	1,258	2.0	79	565	1.4	25	1,823	1.8	105
Achilles / Airport	0.4	-	-	-	2,130	1.3	90	4,255	1.0	134	6,385	1.1	224
Duplex	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,003	0.9	30	1,003	0.9	30
Julias ¹ (Attributable)	0.4	-	-	-	1,258	1.2	49	556	0.8	15	1,814	1.1	64
Lord Nelson	0.4	-	-	-	4,441	1.5	215	1,758	1.1	64	6,199	1.4	279
Lord Henry	0.4	-	-	-	1,523	1.6	76	883	1.4	40	2,406	1.5	116
Vanguard Camp	0.4	-	-	-	1,616	2.2	115	2,194	1.3	90	3,809	1.7	205
Havilah Camp	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,359	1.2	54	1,359	1.2	54
Indomitable Camp	0.4	-	-	-	2,099	1.2	81	8,772	1.0	284	10,871	1.0	366
Bull Oak	0.4/0.8	-	-	-	1,481	0.9	44	9,056	1.0	278	10,537	1.0	322
Two Mile Hill / Shillington	0.4/0.73	-	-	-	4,673	1.3	190	9,901	1.7	541	14,574	1.6	731
McIntyre	0.4	-	-	-	513	1.2	20	77	0.9	2	589	1.2	23
Plum Pudding	0.4	-	-	-	498	1.0	17	52	0.9	1	550	1.0	18
Central Trend (Eureka, Wirraminna, Old Town, Twin Shafts,	0.5	-	-	-	1,480	1.1	53	1,131	1.1	39	2,612	1.1	91
Total - Sandstone		-	-	-	24,652	1.4	1,144	44,684	1.2	1,725	69,337	1.3	2,868
Total - BTR (Attributable)		705	2.3	52	37,959	1.5	1,873	61,265	1.3	2,532	99,919	1.4	4,459

NOTE:

- Note some rounding discrepancies may occur. Tonnes are reported as thousand tonnes (Kt) and rounded to the nearest 1000; Au ounces are reported as thousands rounded to the nearest 1,000.
- Pericles, Lady Shenton & Stirling deposits consolidated into 'Lady Shenton System' at Menzies.
- Warrior, Lady Harriet & Bellenger deposits consolidated into 'Lady Harriet System' at Menzies.
- Julius is located on M57/427, which is owned 75% by Brightstar and 25% by Estuary Resources Pty Ltd. Attributable gold ounces to Brightstar include 75% of total
- Mineral Resources are reported inclusive of Ore Reserves.
- The Mineral Resource estimates include Inferred Mineral Resources that are normally considered too speculative geologically to have economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as Ore Reserves. There is also no certainty that Inferred Mineral Resources will be converted to Measured and Indicated categories through further drilling, or into Ore Reserves once economic considerations are applied.
- Mineral Resources are depleted for historical mining.

Forward-Looking Statements

This document may include forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements concerning Brightstar Resources Limited's planned exploration program and other statements that are not historical facts. When used in this document, the words such as "could," "plan," "expect," "intend," "may," "potential," "should," and similar expressions are forward-looking statements. Although Brightstar believes that its expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, such statements involve risks and uncertainties and no assurance can be given that further exploration will result in the estimation of a Mineral Resource.

Competent Person Statement – Exploration

The information presented here relating to exploration of the Menzies, Laverton and Sandstone Gold Project areas is based on information compiled by Mr Michael Kammermann, MAIG. Mr Kammermann is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Geoscientists (AIG) and has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity he is undertaking to qualify as a "Competent Person" as that term is defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australasian Code of Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code 2012)". Mr Kammermann is a fulltime employee of the Company in the position of Exploration Manager and has provided written consent approving the inclusion of the Exploration Results in the form and context in which they appear.

Competent Person Statement – Mineral Resource Estimates

The information in the report to which this statement is attached that relates to Mineral Resources for the Sandstone deposits, excluding the Central Trend deposits, is based on information compiled or reviewed by Mr Graham de la Mare, a Competent Person who is a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Graham de la Mare is a full-time employee of Brightstar Resources and has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Graham de la Mare consents to the inclusion in this announcement of statements based on this information in the form and context in which it appears.

This Announcement contains references to Brightstar's JORC Mineral Resource estimates, extracted from the ASX announcements titled "Aurumin to acquire 784,000oz Au Sandstone Gold Project" dated 15 December 2021, "Cork Tree Well Resource Upgrade Delivers 1Moz Group MRE" dated 23 June 2023, "Maiden Link Zone Mineral Resource" dated 15 November 2023, "Aspacia deposit records maiden Mineral Resource at the Menzies Gold Project" dated 17 April 2024, "Brightstar Makes Recommended Bid for Linden Gold", dated 25 March 2024, "Brightstar to drive consolidation of Sandstone Gold District" dated 1 August 2024, "Scheme Booklet Registered by ASIC" dated 14 October 2024, "Robust Mineral Resource Upgrades at Laverton and Menzies Underpins Future Mining Operations" dated 19 May 2025, "Menzies and Laverton Gold Projects Feasibility Study" dated 30 June 2025, "Brightstar pursues logical consolidation at Sandstone Hub" dated 21 July 2025, "Significant Growth in Menzies Mineral Resource" dated 11 December 2025, "Lord Byron MRE Update" dated 12 January 2026 and "Sandstone Mineral Resource Grows to 2.9Moz" dated 15 July 2026.

Brightstar confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcements and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the Mineral Resource estimates in the relevant market announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed. The

Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcements.

Compliance Statement

With reference to previously reported Exploration Results and Mineral Resources, other than those identified in this announcement, the Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and, in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original market announcement.

APPENDIX 1: JORC CODE, 2012 EDITION – TABLE 1

SECTION 1 SAMPLING TECHNIQUES AND DATA

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections)

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	<i>Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.</i> <i>Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.</i> <i>Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report.</i> <i>In cases where ‘industry standard’ work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg ‘reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay’). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.</i>	- Brightstar Resources Limited (BTR) samples were collected by reverse circulation (RC) and diamond (DD) drilling. - RC samples were passed directly from the in-line cyclone through a rig mounted cone splitter. Samples were collected in 1m intervals into bulk plastic bags and 1m calico splits, which were retained for later use. - From the bulk 1m sample, a 4m composite sample was collected using a split PVC scoop and then submitted to Intertek Laboratory (Intertek) for analysis by Photon method. - RC 1m splits were submitted if the composite sample assay values are equal to or greater than 0.2g/t Au. - Diamond core sampling on HQ/NQ diamond drill core at mostly 1m intervals. Closer spaced sampling around specific mineralized zones or structures. Samples were submitted to Intertek for analysis by fire assay.
Drilling techniques	<i>Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).</i>	- BTR RC drill holes were drilled utilising a 5.5 inch face sampling hammer and surveyed using true-North-seeking gyroscopic survey tools. Drilling was conducted by Topdrill, PXD and K-Drill using RC drill rig and support equipment suitable for the ground conditions and depth of drilling. - BTR Diamond drilling is drilled by Topdrill and Wallis Drilling using diamond drilling rigs and support equipment suitable for the

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
		ground conditions and depth of drilling. HQ and NQ diameter drill core was obtained. In areas of unconsolidated ground, triple tube configuration was used to maximise core recovery. All drill core was oriented (where possible), using the Axis Champ Ori system.
Drill sample recovery	• <i>Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.</i> • <i>Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.</i> • <i>Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.</i>	• RC sample recovery for BTR samples was qualitatively assessed and recorded by comparing drill chip volumes (sample bags) for individual metres. Sample depths were cross-checked every rod (6m). The cyclone was regularly cleaned to ensure no material build up and sample material was checked for any potential downhole contamination. Wet samples were recorded, although the majority of samples were dry. In the CP's opinion, the drilling sample recoveries/quality are acceptable and are appropriately representative for the style of mineralisation • Sample recoveries are recorded on sample registers with sample recovery and moisture content estimated. Good sample recovery was standard in reported programs. • All samples are weighed at the laboratory and reported as a part of standard preparation protocols. No water compromised samples are reported in this program. • Drilling is carried out orthogonal to the mineralisation to get representative samples of the mineralisation. • RC samples are collected through a cyclone and cone splitter. The sample required for the assay is collected directly into a calico sample bag at a designed 2kg sample mass which is optimal by Photon method. • BTR diamond core recoveries are recorded on sample registers and recorded as part of the logging procedure with core loss quantified. Good to moderate sample recovery was observed in

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
		reported programs with moderate core loss observed in structurally deformed areas (shear zones). • Short core runs were selected to maximise sample recovery, with core loss noted on core blocks within the core trays and subsequently checked by Brightstar personnel at the core farm. • No grade versus sample recovery biases, or biases relating the loss or gain or fines have been identified in the drilling.
Logging	• <i>Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.</i> • <i>Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.</i> • <i>The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.</i>	• BTR RC holes were logged on one metre intervals at the rig by the geologist from drill chips. Logging was recorded directly into Plexer logging software. • Diamond core is logged to specific geological intervals. • Detailed geological logging includes the lithology, alteration, veining and mineralisation of the drill chips or core. Structural measurements are also taken from oriented drill core. • Photographs are taken of all core as part of the sampling process. • Geotechnical consultants logged selected core for geotechnical purposes. • Logging is both quantitative and qualitative in nature, depending on the feature. • 100% of BTR drilling is geologically logged.
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	• <i>If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.</i> • <i>If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry.</i> • <i>For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.</i> • <i>Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise</i>	BTR RC drilling • RC drilling single 1 metre splits were automatically taken at the time of drilling by a cone splitter attached to the cyclone. • For interpreted non-mineralised areas, 4 metre composite samples were collected from the drill rig by spearing each 1m collection bag. The 4 metre composites were submitted for assay.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
	<i>representivity of samples.</i> - Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. - Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.	- Composite samples returning grade >0.1g/t Au were resampled as 1m cone-split samples with samples having been collected for upcoming laboratory analyses. - For interpreted mineralised areas, the 1 metre splits were bagged on the static cyclone splitter on the RC rig. - QAQC samples (blanks and standards) were submitted for all samples at a rate between 1:10 and 1:20 - Duplicate samples were taken over selected interpreted mineralised intervals to determine if sampling is representative. - Samples submitted for analysis via Photon assay technique were dried, crushed to nominal 85% passing 2mm, linear split and a nominal 500g sub sample taken. - The 500g sample is assayed for gold by Photon Assay along with quality control samples including certified reference materials, blanks and sample duplicates. - Samples volumes were typically 1.0-3.0 kg and are considered to be of suitable size for the style of mineralisation. BTR diamond drilling - QAQC samples (blanks and standards) were submitted for all samples at a rate between 1:10 and 1:25. - Duplicate samples were taken at a rate of 1:50. - Single cut (half core) diamond core was selected for sampling with the remaining core left for future reference and or metallurgical testwork purposes. - Sample preparation comprised industry standard oven drying, crushing, and pulverisation to less than 75 microns. Homogenised pulp material was used for assaying.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
		- Internal certified laboratory QAQC is undertaken including check samples, blanks and internal standards. - Samples volumes were typically 0.5kg-4.0 kg depending on the length of core sampled and are considered to be of suitable size for the style of mineralisation.
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	<i>The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.</i> <i>For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</i> <i>Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established.</i>	1m and 4m RC composite, and diamond drilling samples were assayed via the Photon Assay method at Intertek laboratory, Perth. - Laboratory QC involves the use of internal lab standards, certified reference material, blanks, splits and replicates. QC results (blanks, coarse reject duplicates, bulk pulverised, standards) are monitored and were within acceptable limits. ~5-10% standards were inserted to check on precision of laboratory results. - Laboratory QC involves the use of internal lab standards, certified reference material, blanks, splits and replicates. QC results (blanks, coarse reject duplicates, bulk pulverised, standards) are monitored and were within acceptable limits. ~5% standards were inserted to check on precision of laboratory results.
Verification of sampling and assaying	<i>The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.</i> <i>The use of twinned holes.</i> <i>Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.</i> <i>Discuss any adjustment to assay data.</i>	- Significant intersections have been reviewed by several company personnel. - Data storage was captured electronically onsite using Plexer logging software, before syncing to the cloud-based Plexer database - No data was adjusted. No transformations or alterations are made to assay data stored in the database. The lab's primary Au field is the one used for plotting purposes. No averaging of results for individual samples is employed. No top cuts are applied to the

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
		assays when calculating intercepts.
Location of data points	• <i>Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.</i> • <i>Specification of the grid system used.</i> • <i>Quality and adequacy of topographic control.</i>	• All drill collar locations were initially surveyed using a hand-held GPS, accurate to within 3-5m. • Post drilling, a qualified contract surveyor is engaged to pick up the hole collars with a RTK DGPS accurate to cm scale. • The grid system used is MGA94 Zone 50. All reported coordinates are referenced to this grid. • DH Surveys were measured during drilling using a north seeking gyro tool every 30m with a continuous survey at end of hole.
Data spacing and distribution	• <i>Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.</i> • <i>Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.</i> • <i>Whether sample compositing has been applied.</i>	• Holes are variably spaced with the intent of infilling hole spacings to a nominal pattern across the deposits. • No sample compositing of field samples has been applied. • Spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological grade and continuity for a mineral resource estimation.
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	• <i>Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.</i> • <i>If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.</i>	• The relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of mineralised structures is not considered to have introduced a sampling bias. Most holes have been drilled perpendicular to the main orientation of mineralisation. • No drilling orientation related sampling bias has been identified at the project.
Sample security	• <i>The measures taken to ensure sample security.</i>	• BTR samples were collected on site under supervision of the geologist. Visitors needed permission to visit site. Once collected samples were bagged, they were transported to Perth by company personnel or trusted contractors for assaying with Intertek. Despatch and consignment notes were delivered and checked for discrepancies.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Audits or reviews	<i>The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.</i>	Sampling techniques and data have been reviewed internally by company personnel.

SECTION 2 REPORTING OF EXPLORATION RESULTS

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	<i>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</i> <i>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</i>	The deposits are located within granted mining tenements; - Two Mile Hill-Shillington (M57/128) - All are granted tenements are owned by 100% subsidiary companies of Brightstar Resources Limited and are held in good standing with no known impediments.
Exploration done by other parties	<i>Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.</i>	- Modern exploration for gold in the Sandstone Greenstone Belt began with Western Mining Corporation (WMC) in the late 1970s through to the 1990s. WMC carried out 17 significant regional exploration programs and formed several joint ventures in the main Sandstone mines area and at Oroya, Hacks, and Bull Oak. After spending approximately \$6M, WMC put its Sandstone assets out to tender, with Herald ultimately the successful bidder. - Herald carried out extensive exploration throughout the project area and carried out open pit mining at Bull Oak and Oroya. The Sandstone tenements were then sold to Troy Resources NL (Troy). - Troy undertook systematic exploration of the project area between 1998 and 2010, resulting in the discovery and subsequent mining of the Two Mile Hill, Bulchina, Lord Henry and Lord Nelson deposits. Troy ceased mining in August 2010 and the operations were placed on care and maintenance.
Geology	<i>Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.</i>	The Sandstone Project covers much of the Sandstone Greenstone Belt, a triangular belt interpreted to be a north-plunging antiform situated at the northern end of the

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
		Southern Cross Domain. The belt primarily comprises mafic volcanic and intrusive units, with subordinate ultramafic, BIF and siliciclastic sediments. • Much of the residual greenstone belt regolith is overlain by depositional material including colluvium, sheet wash alluvium and aeolian deposits. The alluvium thins in the northern and eastern parts of the project area where underlying meta-sediments and granitoids are exposed at the surface. A lateritic horizon is observed across much of the belt. <u>Two Mile Hill-Shillington</u> • The mineralisation at Two Mile Hill is hosted in three geological domains. The majority of the Two Mile Hill resource occurs within a tonalite intrusion. • Mineralisation also occurs within banded iron formation (BIF) beds, and within the basalts that host the tonalite intrusion. • The tonalite intrusion is approximately oblate in plan, dipping ~78° towards 281°. Tonalite hosted mineralisation occurs predominantly as fine free gold within a sheeted/stockwork quartz vein array.
Drill hole Information	• <i>A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:</i> • <i>easting and northing of the drill hole collar</i> • <i>elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar</i> • <i>dip and azimuth of the hole</i> • <i>down hole length and interception depth</i>	• The relevant data for drillholes reported in this announcement is provided in the body of the announcement. • Data for historical collars referenced in this announcement is provided in tables within the announcement.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
	• <i>hole length.</i> • <i>If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.</i>	
Data aggregation methods	• <i>In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.</i> • <i>Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high-grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.</i> • <i>The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.</i>	• Assay results reported here have been length weighted. • Significant intercepts are reported above 1.0g/t Au with a maximum consecutive interval of internal dilution (<1.0g/t Au) of 2m, unless otherwise stated. • No metal equivalent calculations were applied.
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	• <i>These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.</i> • <i>If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.</i> • <i>If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known').</i>	• True widths are not confirmed at this time although all drilling is planned perpendicular to interpreted strike of the target lodes at the time of drilling.
Diagrams	• <i>Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.</i>	• Refer to figures in this report.
Balanced reporting	• <i>Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or</i>	• Results from all drill holes in the program have been reported at a consistent cut-off grade (>1.0g/t), and their context discussed.

Criteria	JORC Code Explanation	Commentary
	<i>widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.</i>	
Other substantive exploration data	<i>Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.</i>	No other exploration data is reported here.
Further work	<i>The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</i> <i>Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.</i>	Additional drilling is being planned and if successful, further mineral resource estimates will be estimated.