



ASX ANNOUNCEMENT
14 July 2026

REDSTONE TO ADVANCE SATURN Cu-Ni-Co-PGE AND PGE REEF PROJECT WEST MUSGRAVE, WA

*Highly Prospective 330km² Exploration Project Adjacent to BHP's World-Class
Nebo Babel Cu-Ni-Co-PGE Deposit and Terra Metals' Dante PGE Reef Discoveries*

HIGHLIGHTS

- Redstone to advance its recently granted Saturn PGE Reef and Cu-Ni-Co-PGE Layered Mafic Intrusion Project (the Saturn Project), comprising 330km² of highly prospective tenure in the West Musgrave, Western Australia
- The Saturn Project is located in the highly sought after Giles Intrusive Complex, which is also host to the nearby BHP owned Nebo Babel Cu-Ni-Co-PGE and Succoth Cu deposits as well as Terra Metals' (ASX: TM1) large PGE Reef and massive sulphide discoveries at the Dante Project (see Figure 1)
- Historical exploration on the significantly underexplored Saturn Project has already discovered several encouraging PGE reef and Cu-Ni-Co-PGE prospects (see Figure 2):
 - Halley's Cu-Ni-Co-PGE Prospect - an already delineated 250m thick pipe-like intrusive body containing Cu, Ni and PGE mineralisation¹, including initial RAB and RC drilling intersects of up to:
 - 58m at 0.35% Cu, 0.08% Ni and 0.21g/t Pt+Pd+Au from 20m downhole, including
 - 15m at 0.63% Cu, 0.15% Ni and 0.33g/t Pt+Pd+Au from 20m downhole (BSC003)²; and
 - peak metal concentrations as high as:
 - 1.1% Cu - 1m from 27m downhole (BSC003)³
 - 1.2g/t Au - 1m from 12m downhole (BSC003)³ and
 - 1.1g/t Pt+Pd+Au - 1m from 63m downhole (BSB0058)⁴
 - Halley's NW PGE Prospect - distinct zone of PGE reef up to 45m thick⁵; Initial RAB drilling intersected:
 - 25m @ 0.18 g/t Pt+Pd+Au from 5m downhole, including 5m at 0.23 g/t Pt+Pd+Au from 25m downhole (BSB0478)⁶

¹ Gardoll, Groves – 2008 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A79443) – 0.1% Cu cutoff – Lab assay results

² Groves Iain, 2007 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A75346) – Lab assay results

³ Groves Iain, 2007 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A75346) – Cu – Handheld XRF result, Au – Lab assay result

⁴ Groves Iain, 2007 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A75346) – Lab assay result

⁵ Gardoll, Groves – 2008 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A79443) – Lab assay result

⁶ Gardoll, Groves – 2008 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A79443) – Lab assay result



- ***Last Frontier PGE Reef Prospect - thick zones of anomalous PGEs suggesting some 5km of potential extension from Halleys NW⁷; Initial RAB drilling intersected up to:***
 - ***15m at 0.18g/t Pt+Pd+Au from 20m downhole (BSB0645)⁸; and***
- ***Several other highly anomalous Cu and Ni prospects on the Project, warranting further evaluation***
- The Saturn Project hosts a large oval-shaped magnetic intrusion, up to 13km wide (the Saturn Anomaly), exhibiting a magnetic signature comparable to that of the Panton Project in the Kimberley (see Figure 3), which holds 92.9Mt @ 1.5g/t PGM_{3E}, 0.20% Ni, 2.7% Cr₂O₃ (2.0g/t PdEq) for a contained metal content of 4.5Moz PGM_{3E} 185kt Ni, 2.8Mt Cr₂O₃, (6.0Moz PdEq)⁹
- The Saturn Project complements the Company's existing 100% owned flagship West Musgrave Project, including the Tollu Cu Deposit, located only 10km to the east; RDS has already confirmed the presence of Cu-Ni-Co-PGE prospective layered mafic gabbroic intrusion (see ASX announcement of 26 April 2023)
- The cluster of mafic-ultramafic layered intrusions of the West Musgrave Province, known as the "Giles Complex" (1085-1040 Ma), is one of the world's largest (see Figure 1). The Giles Complex is a mafic layered intrusion with proven PGE reefs that are commonly compared to the Bushveld PGE reef systems. The Bushveld Complex in South Africa is estimated to contain 2.2 billion ounces of PGEs and Au making it the world's most important source of PGEs.
- Redstone to progress access negotiations with Traditional Owners to advance Saturn Project exploration
- Redstone to also finalise proposed RC drilling programme on its West Musgrave Project and exploration plans on its recently acquired gold, lithium and copper projects in Western Australia (see ASX Announcement of 18 June 2026)

Redstone Resources Limited (ASX Code: RDS) ('Redstone' or the 'Company') is pleased to announce that it will be commencing work to advance its recently granted Saturn PGE Reef and Cu-Ni-Co-PGE Layered Mafic Intrusion Project (the **Saturn Project**) (E69/4253), comprising 330km² of highly prospective tenure located in the West Musgrave region of Western Australia.

The Saturn Project covers a substantial portion of the **Giles Intrusive Complex**, a premier geological target considered highly prospective for PGE reef-style mineralisation, copper sulphide systems and Cu-Ni-Co-PGE deposits. The Saturn Project is located within close proximity to the following major deposits / discoveries hosted in the Giles complex:

- BHP's world-class Nebo Babel Cu-Ni-Co-PGE deposit (25km to the west);
- BHP's 156Mt Succoth Cu deposit (at 0.6% Cu with 0.3% cutoff) (10km to the west); and
- Terra Metals' (ASX: TM1) recently announced large PGE Reef and massive sulphide discoveries at their Dante Project (40km to the northwest) (see **Figure 1**).

⁷ Redstone Resources – 2009 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A84034) – Lab assay results from composited 1m samples

⁸ Redstone Resources – 2009 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A84034) – Lab assay results from composited 1m samples

⁹ Future Metals NL website, July 2026 - www.future-metals.com.au/panton-pgm-project/mineral-resource-estimate



Despite very limited historical exploration on the Saturn Project, the brief work that was completed identified several encouraging PGE reef and Cu-Ni-Co-PGE prospects, including the **Halleys Prospect**, **Halleys NW** and the **Last Frontier** (see **Figure 2** and further details below).

COMMENTING ON THE SATURN PROJECT, CHAIRMAN RICHARD HOMSANY SAID:

“The Saturn Project represents an exciting exploration opportunity for Redstone, given its strategic location within the Giles Intrusive Complex and close proximity to several major Cu-Ni-Co-PGE and PGE reef deposits and discoveries, including BHP’s Nebo-Babel and Succoth, and Terra Metals’ Dante Project.

Despite only limited historical exploration, the project has already generated several encouraging mineralised targets, including Halleys, Halleys NW and The Last Frontier, which highlight the broader prospectivity of the tenure for PGE Reef and Cu-Ni-Co-PGE style deposits, similar to those of our neighbours BHP and Terra Metals. The thickness and grades of the sulphide mineralisation already discovered in the initial historical exploration, from over 15 years ago, give Redstone confidence that the Saturn project has the potential to contain one or more significant sulphide mineralising systems, including PGM Reef and Cu-Ni-Co-PGE + Au.

We believe Saturn has the right geological setting, scale and discovery potential to emerge as an important exploration asset within Redstone’s portfolio as we advance our technical assessment and prioritise follow-up work.”

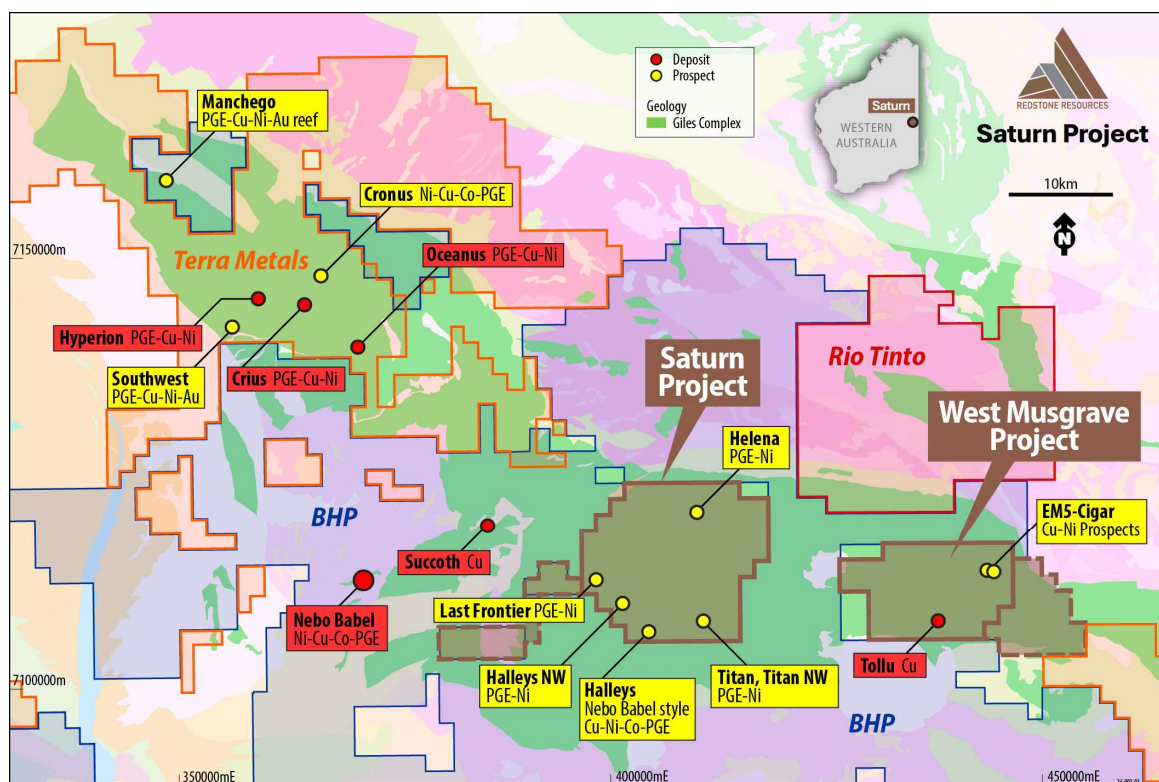


Figure 1 – Location map of Redstone’s Saturn Project and flagship West Musgrave Project, including the Tollu Cu deposit¹⁰, nearby to BHP’s world-class Nebo Babel Cu-Ni-Co PGE Project, the Succoth Cu deposit and Terra Metals’ (ASX: TM1) PGE Reef and sulphide discoveries at their Dante Project.

¹⁰ JORC 2012 resource at Tollu of **3.8 million tonnes at 1% Cu, containing 38,000 tonnes of copper, and 0.01% cobalt, equating to 535 tonnes of contained cobalt** (ASX release 15 June 2016 and 1 May 2017).



The Saturn Project complements Redstone's existing flagship West Musgrave Project, situated only 10km to the east (see **Figure 1**), where Redstone has already defined a high-grade Cu resource at the Tollu Copper Deposit¹¹, and has already confirmed the presence of Cu-Ni-Co-PGE prospective layered mafic gabbroic intrusions (see ASX announcement 26 April 2023).

THE SATURN PROJECT DISCOVERY POTENTIAL

Cu-Ni-Co-PGE and PGE REEF PROSPECTS

Halleys Cu-Ni-Co-PGE Prospect

Limited shallow RAB and RC drilling between 2007-2009 defined a significant mineralised zone at the Halleys Prospect, which was interpreted to represent a pipe-like mineralised body, some 250m thick within gabbro-gabbro-norite¹². The mineralisation was defined to 70m depth and remains open down dip and down plunge and possibly along strike to the west¹².

The drilling showed thick mineralised intersects of up to:

- **44m at 0.23% Cu, 0.07% Ni and 0.29g/t Pt+Pd+Au from surface**, including:
 - **9m at 0.65% Cu, 0.15% Ni and 0.21g/t Pt+Pd+Au from 5m** downhole (BSB0524)¹³
- **58m at 0.35% Cu, 0.08% Ni and 0.21g/t Pt+Pd+Au from 20m** downhole and open at depth, including:
 - **15m at 0.63% Cu, 0.15% Ni and 0.33g/t Pt+Pd+Au from 20m** downhole (BSC003)¹⁴
- **35m at 0.29% Cu, 0.12% Ni and 0.16g/t Pt+Pd+Au from surface**, including:
 - **10m at 0.56% Cu, 0.25% Ni and 0.17g/t Pt+Pd+Au from 5m** downhole (BSB0536)¹⁵; and
- **9m at 0.56% Cu, 0.11% Ni and 0.35ppm Pt+Pd+Au from 6m** downhole (BSC005)¹⁶

Importantly, peak metal concentrations reach as high as **1.1% Cu - 1m from 27m** downhole (BSC003)¹⁷, **1.2g/t Au - 1m from 12m** downhole (BSC003)¹⁸ and **1.1g/t Pt+Pd+Au - 1m from 63m** downhole (BSB0058)¹⁹, indicating the potential for higher grades within the mineralising system.

Redstone considers that the Halleys mineralising system has the potential to produce large volumes of sulphide and potential for the discovery of significant Cu-Ni-Co-PGE + Au mineralisation.

Halleys NW PGE Prospect

An historical regional surface geochemical survey defined an 11km long PGE anomaly on the SW margin of the southern Intrusive Complex to the NW of Halleys (see **Figure 2**). Limited follow-up drilling in 2007 and 2008 over the southern end of the anomaly identified a fertile intrusion highly prospective for PGE reef-style mineralisation, with a distinct zone of PGE reef up to 45m thick (the **Halleys NW PGE Prospect**)²⁰.

¹¹ JORC 2012 resource at Tollu of **3.8 million tonnes at 1% Cu, containing 38,000 tonnes of copper, and 0.01% cobalt, equating to 535 tonnes of contained cobalt** (ASX release 15 June 2016 and 1 May 2017).

¹² Gardoll, Groves – 2008 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A79443) – 0.1% Cu cutoff, Lab assay results

¹³ Gardoll, Groves – 2008 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A79443) - Cu and Ni concentrations determined by handheld portable XRF; PGE's and Au results determined using fire assay

¹⁴ Groves Iain, 2007 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A75346) – Lab assay results

¹⁵ Redstone Resources – 2009 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A84034) – Lab assay results

¹⁶ Groves Iain, 2007 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A75346) – Lab assay results

¹⁷ Groves Iain, 2007 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A75346) – Cu result – handheld portable XRF

¹⁸ Groves Iain, 2007 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A75346) – Au result – lab assay

¹⁹ Groves Iain, 2007 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A75346) – Pt+Pd+Au result – lab assay

²⁰ Gardoll, Groves – 2008 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A79443) – Lab assay result



Peak PGE results from the shallow RAB drilling include:

- **25m at 0.18 g/t Pt+Pd+Au from 5m** downhole, including :
 - **5m at 0.23 g/t Pt+Pd+Au from 25m** downhole (BSB0478)²¹,
- **33m at 0.15 g/t Pt+Pd+Au from 7m** downhole, including :
 - **5m at 0.23 g/t Pt+Pd+Au from 7m** downhole (BSB0486)²²; and
- **32m at 0.16 g/t Pt+Pd+Au from surface**, including :
 - **5m at 0.22 g/t Pt+Pd+Au from 2m** downhole (BSB0492)²³.

Redstone consider that the Halleys NW PGE reef to extend much further to the NW where surface sampling had become ineffective due to the mineralisation submerging beneath significant cover.

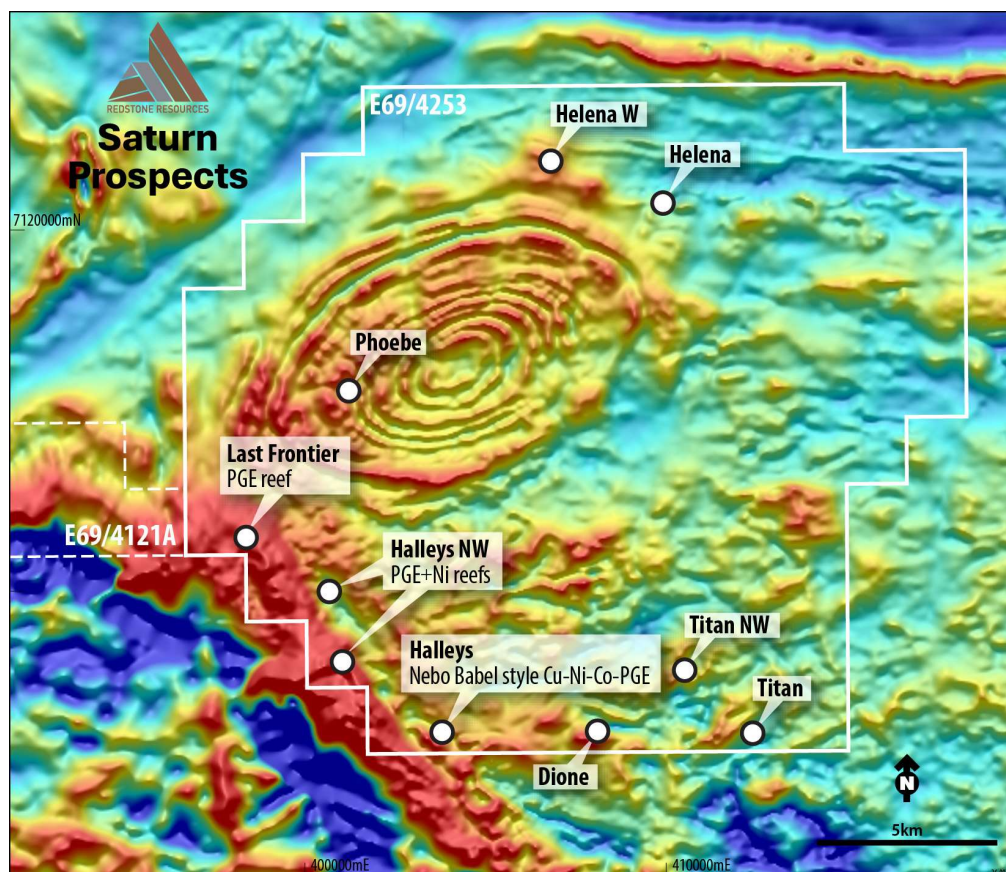


Figure 2 – Map of Redstone’s Saturn Project tenure (E69/4253) and location of the Halleys Nebo-Babel style Cu-Ni-Co-PGE Prospect, Halleys NW PGE-Ni Reef Prospect and Last Frontier PGE Reef Prospect, as well as several other anomalous Cu and Ni Prospects.

Last Frontier Prospect

Sparsely spaced shallow RAB drilling 5km along strike to the NW of the Halleys NW PGE Reefs at the Last Frontier Prospect (see **Figure 2**) identified thick zones of anomalous PGEs suggesting potential extension of Halleys NW for at least 5km of strike length²⁴.

The limited shallow and widely spaced drilling intersected peak results that include:

²¹ Gardoll, Groves – 2008 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A79443) – Lab assay results from composited 1m samples

²² Gardoll, Groves – 2008 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A79443) – Lab assay results from composited 1m samples

²³ Gardoll, Groves – 2008 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A79443) – Lab assay results from composited 1m samples

²⁴ Redstone Resources – 2009 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A84034) – Lab assay results from composited 1m samples



- **15m at 0.18g/t Pt+Pd+Au from 20m** downhole (BSB0645)²⁵; and
- **8m at 0.17g/t Pt+Pd+Au from 5m** downhole (BSB0641)²⁵

Drilling on the Last Frontier has been extremely limited and there has been no drilling at all along strike between the Last Frontier and Halleys NW, leaving large stretches of highly prospective geology relatively untested and requiring further evaluation.

Other Prospective Areas of Interest

Helena Cu-Ni Prospect

RAB drilling was conducted in 2008 over the Helena prospect on the northern margin of the Saturn Complex to follow up an interesting Cu-Ni anomalism in a 4m RAB hole drilled in 2007 – being 1m @ 0.18% Cu, 0.08% Ni, 2.2% Mn and 0.11% Zn from 3m downhole (BSB0457), hosted in gabbro²⁶.

This follow up drilling at Helena defined a 3km zone of anomalous Cu and Ni co-incident with an east-west trending magnetic layered rock unit on the northern margin of the Project. Peak values of this drilling included 1m at 0.17% Cu from 65m downhole and 1m of 879ppm Ni from 89m downhole (BSB0685)²⁷.

These results, combined with the gabbro geology and the layered magnetic trend, suggest that the anomalous Cu and Ni is hosted with a layered mafic intrusion which extends for some 12km.

Phoebe (Saturn) Prospect

Handheld portable XRF spot analysis of 1m sample piles from widely spaced RAB drilling undertaken in 2008 across the western side of the Saturn Intrusion, returned anomalous Cu, and Ni results with peak values as follows²⁸:

- **376ppm Cu, 1612ppm Ni from 7-8m** downhole (BSB0380)
- **705ppm Cu from 3-4m** downhole (BSB0386)
- **279ppm Cu, 681ppm Ni from 8-9m** downhole (BSB0378)
- **579ppm Cu from 4-5m** downhole (BSB0379)
- **937ppm Cu, 272ppm Ni from 10-11m** downhole (BSB0429)

As expected, laboratory assays of composited samples from the same drilling yielded lower average results, but still demonstrated probable associated sulphide mineralisation, for example:

- 2m composite for BSB00429 from 10-12m downhole yielded 562ppm Cu, 342ppm Co²⁹; and
- 3m composite for BSB00380 from 5-8m downhole yielded 669ppm Ni and 266ppm Cu as well as 696ppm Co²⁹

This limited drilling proves that the entire Saturn magnetic anomaly is prospective for Cu-Ni sulphide mineralisation.

Titan and Titan N

The Titan and Titan N prospects are situated to the E and ENE of Halleys respectively. RAB drilling in 2008 intersected Cu grades of up to 0.2% Cu (BSB00241 and BSB00255) and 59ppb PGE (BSB00226) in composited drill samples³⁰, with many drillholes in both prospects having anomalous Cu grades of at least 0.05% Cu³⁰.

²⁵ Redstone Resources – 2009 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A84034) – Lab assay results from composited 1m samples

²⁶ Gardoll, Groves – 2008 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A79443) – Lab assay results

²⁷ Redstone Resources – 2009 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A84034) – Handheld portable XRF results

²⁸ Gardoll, Groves – 2008 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A79443) – Handheld portable XRF results

²⁹ Gardoll, Groves – 2008 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A79443) – Lab assay results from composited 1m samples

³⁰ Gardoll, Groves – 2008 Annual Technical Report (WAMEX A79443) – Lab assay results from composited 1m samples



The historical drilling demonstrated that there is a large low-grade disseminated Cu-PGE zone hosted in Giles Complex gabbro at Titan and Titan N prospects.

SATURN PROJECT GEOLOGY

PGE Reef and Cu-Ni-Co-PGE Layered Mafic Intrusion Project

Redstone's Saturn Project resides over a large magnetic intrusive sequence, interpreted to be part of the 1.085 - 1.040 billion year old Giles Intrusive Complex, that cuts up through the earlier emplaced basal sequence of the Blackstone Range Intrusion (see **Figure 1**), which extends for some 100km within the region, and is prospective for Ni-Cu-PGE and Vanadium (V) mineralisation.

The Saturn Project's namesake, the Saturn Intrusion, is the property's most prominent geological feature, a large oval shaped magnetic intrusion some 13km wide, consisting of at least 10 concentric magnetic rings, covering the NW quarter of the Project (see **Figure 2**). Each magnetic ring is interpreted to represent the magnetic layer of successive pulses of molten rock injecting through a cone shaped intrusive feeder zone. This potential feeder zone could be feeding the Giles mafic intrusive complex that surrounds the Saturn magnetic rings and which is responsible for the neighbouring world class Nebo Babel Cu-Ni-PGE deposit, the 156Mt Succoth Cu deposit (at 0.6% Cu with a 0.3% Cu cutoff) and the large scale PGE Reef discoveries at the Terra Metals Dante Project.

The Saturn feeder intrusion has had limited exploration across it, but the small amount of historical drilling has confirmed its prospective layered mafic/ultramafic intrusion composition. A similar magnetic anomaly and associated surrounding rocks in the Kimberley of Western Australia (see **Figure 3**) has already produced multiple mineralised systems and a number of large PGE deposits, such as those of the Future Minerals NL Panton Project which now holds 92.9Mt @ 1.5g/t PGM_{3E}, 0.20% Ni, 2.7% Cr₂O₃ (2.0g/t PdEq) for a contained metal content of 4.5Moz PGM_{3E} 185kt Ni, 2.8Mt Cr₂O₃, (6.0Moz PdEq)³¹.

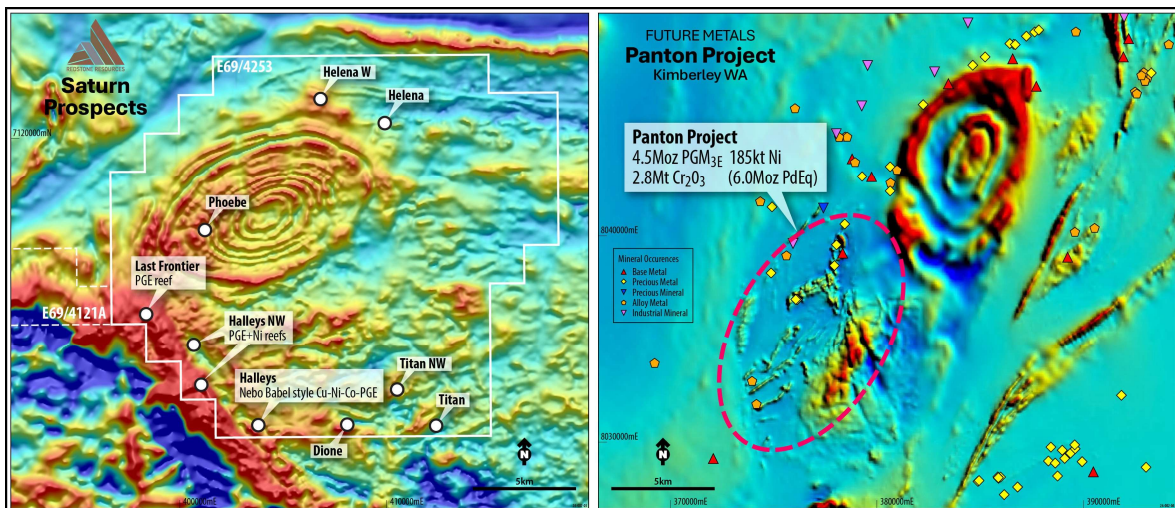


Figure 3 – Comparison of the aeromagnetic signatures of Future Minerals NL Panton Project's McIntosh Intrusion (a) with the Saturn Complex (b). Note the spatial relationship between the McIntosh Intrusion and the distribution of Ni and PGE deposits.

A much larger oval like shaped layered mafic/ultramafic intrusion of similar geology is that of the famous, and much larger, Bushveld Intrusive Complex in South Africa, where the world's largest PGE and chromite resources reside.

³¹ Future Metals NL website, July 2026 - www.future-metals.com.au/panton-pgm-project/mineral-resource-estimate



The limited historical exploration on Redstone's Saturn Project has focused on the edges of a magnetic intrusive complex that strikes ENE along the southern edge of the tenure for some 10km. The magmatic boundaries were found to be highly complex, containing multiple intrusions including fractionated magnetite-bearing layered intrusions rich in reef style PGE mineralisation, such as the Halleys NE PGE and Last Frontier Prospects, and pipe-like bodies, one being the Halleys Prospect, containing potentially Nebo Babel like Cu-Ni-Co-PGE mineralisation.

WORLD-CLASS Cu-Ni-Co-PGE DEPOSITS AND PLATREEF ANALOGIES

The cluster of mafic-ultramafic layered intrusions of the West Musgrave Province in Western Australia, known as the "Giles Complex" (1085-1040 Ma), is one of the world's largest (see **Figure 1**). The Giles Complex layered intrusion is a mafic layered intrusion with proven PGE reefs that are commonly compared to the Bushveld PGE reef systems. The Bushveld Complex in South Africa is estimated to contain 2.2 billion ounces of PGEs and Au making it the world's most important source of PGEs. Already in the West Musgrave, this has been evidenced by the Terra Metals platreef and associated massive sulphide discoveries at their Dante Project, located only 40km to the northwest of Redstone's Saturn Project (see **Figure 1**).

Large Ni-Cu-Co (PGE $\pm$ Au) magmatic sulphide deposits tend to be also hosted by a variety of mafic and ultramafic igneous rocks in layered intrusions (cf. Naldrett; 1997 and 1999). Many, but not all, are associated with areas of reactivation and partial rifting of suture zones in complexly deformed and metamorphosed Proterozoic basement rocks on the margins of Precambrian cratons (cf. Naldrett; 1997 and 1999). In light of this, the West Musgrave Region has the appropriate setting required to host major Ni-Cu-PGE deposits, being centred at the triple junction between the West Australia, Central Australia and South Australia blocks, as well as at the junction of major suture zones and lineaments. This tectonic setting is comparable to the Nain-Churchill province boundary in Canada, which in Labrador, hosts the world-class Voisey's Bay deposit. Once again, this has also been proven by the discovery of the BHP owned world-class Nebo-Babel deposit, located adjacent to Redstone's Saturn Project (25km to the west) (see **Figure 1**).

NEXT STEPS

Redstone will now progress access negotiations with the traditional owners of the Saturn tenure to advance exploration on the Project.

Additionally, preparations are also now underway for an RC drilling programme at the Company's flagship West Musgrave Project. The RC drilling program is aimed at evaluating priority magnetic targets for potential Cu and Cu-Ni-Co mineralising systems, such as the *EM5 target*, *East* and *West Cigar* and *Hiding Maggie*, located in the northeast corridor of the Tollu Cu deposit (see ASX announcement 26 November 2025). The cost of this program will be assisted by an EIS co-fund drilling grant (Round 32) for up to \$230,000.

Planning has also commenced for proposed exploration of the recently acquired suite of highly prospective Greenfields exploration projects in WA considered highly prospective for gold, lithium, copper and Mt Isa style copper-gold and base metals (see ASX announcement 18 June 2026).

-ENDS-

This Announcement has been approved for release by the Board of Redstone Resources Limited.



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ABOUT REDSTONE RESOURCES:

Redstone Resources Limited (ASX: RDS) is a base, precious metals and a lithium company exploring its gold and critical minerals portfolio located in Western Australia and lithium project in James Bay, Quebec in Canada.

Redstone's current priority focus includes the 100% owned prospective West Musgrave Project, which includes the Tollu Copper deposit and Saturn Project, which are located between BHP's Nebo Babel Deposit and Nico Resources' Wingellina Ni-Co project.

In addition, the Company has acquired a suite of highly prospective Greenfields exploration projects in WA considered highly prospective for gold, lithium, copper and Mt Isa style copper-gold and base metals. The current priority focus within this newly acquired portfolio includes the Mt Cauden and Twin Hills Gold Projects respectively.

Redstone continues to evaluate the HanTails Gold Project at Kalgoorlie, Western Australia for potential development in the future. Redstone also has a 50/50 JV with Galan Lithium for lithium projects, located in James Bay, Québec, Canada (the James Bay Lithium Projects).

Non-JORC 2012 Exploration Results

Redstone advises that it has relied on Saturn Project exploration information from historical Annual Technical Reports available from the Department of Mines, Petroleum and Exploration, relating to years prior to 2012.

Accordingly, the information presented in this announcement based on these historical exploration results, have not been reported in accordance with the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code 2012).

Although, the reported historical results have been reviewed and interpreted by a Competent Person as defined in the JORC Code 2012, the Company cautions that:

- The results may not be reliable and should not be considered as indicative of the presence of a mineral resource or ore reserve.
- Further verification work will be required before the Company can report these historical exploration results in compliance with the JORC Code 2012.



Competent Persons Statement

The Saturn Project and West Musgrave Project, Western Australia

The information in this document that relates to exploration results for the Saturn Project and the West Musgrave Project was authorised by Dr Greg Shirtliff, who is employed as a consultant to the company through Zephyr Professional Pty Ltd. Dr Shirtliff is a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and has sufficient experience of relevance to the tasks with which he is employed to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Dr Shirtliff consents to the inclusion in the report of matters based on information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this report that relates to Mineral Resource for the West Musgrave Project was authorised by Mr Darryl Mapleson, a Principal Geologist and full time employee of BM Geological Services, who were engaged as consultant geologists to Redstone Resources Limited. Mr Mapleson is a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Mapleson has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration to act as a competent person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Mapleson consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

ASX Listing Rule Information

The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcements, and in the case of estimates of Mineral Resources, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the original market announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the competent persons findings have not been materially modified from the original announcement referred to in the release.

Forward-Looking Statements

This document may include forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to statements concerning Redstone Resources Limited's (**Redstone**) planned exploration program and other statements that are not historical facts. When used in this document, the words such as "could", "plan", "estimate", "expect", "intend", "may", "potential", "should", and similar expressions are forward-looking statements. Although Redstone believes that its expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, such statements involve risks and uncertainties and no assurance can be given that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements.